SECTION 00 4100 BID FORM

THE PRO	JECT	AND	THE	PARTIE	S
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1.01	TO:	The City of Seguin	(Owner)	
1.02	FOR:	Bid Package No. AF-2024-36 Lawson Street Reconstruction P	roiect	_(Project)

1.03 DATE: 07/30/2024 (Bidder to enter date)

1.04 SUBMITTED BY: (Bidder to enter name and address)

- A. Company Name: E-Z Bel Construction, LLC
 - 1. Address: 203 Recoleta Road
 - 2. City, State, Zip: San Antonio, TX 78216
 - 3. The Undersigned proposes to furnish all labor, services, materials, tools and necessary equipment for the construction of various improvements and to perform the work required at the locations set out by the Plans and Specifications, in strict accordance with the Contract Documents.
 - 4. In submitting this Bid, it is understood that this Bid may not be altered or withdrawn for a minimum of 90 calendar days, and that the Owner has reserved the right to reject any and all Bids.
 - 5. The Undersigned certifies that this Bid is made in good faith, without collusion or connection with any other person, persons, partnership, company, firm, association, or corporation offering Bids on this work, for the following sum or prices to wit:

1.05 DECLARATION

A. The undersigned hereby declares that he has visited the site and has carefully examined the Drawings, Specifications, Contract Documents and Bidding Documents related to the work covered by his Bid.

1.06 OFFER

- A. Having examined the Place of The Work and all matters referred to in the Instructions to Bidders and the Contract Documents for the above mentioned project, we, the undersigned, hereby offer to enter into a Contract to perform the Work for the Unit Prices listed in this bid form of:
- B. Bid Amount:

1. SUBTOTAL	- ROADWAY	AND DRAINAGE	ITEMS in Base Bid.
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	One Million Two Hun	dred Eighty-Nine Thousand Six Hundred Sixty-Four	_ dollars and Eight-Five Cents
(\$_	1,289,664.85), in lawful money of the United Sta	

		One Hund	red Fight	een Thousand Sev	en Hundred Seventy-Fiv		. dollovotz o .
	70.0	(\$118,775.00			money of the Unit		dollars and Zero Cents tes of America.
	3. S	UBTOTAL - SAI	NITARY	SEWER ITEM	S in Base Bid:		
		Four Hundre	d Thirty-S	Six Thousand Eight	Hundred Seventy-Two		dollars and Thirty-Five Ce
	(\$ 436,872.35			money of the Unit	ed Stat	•
	4. TO	OTAL AMOUNT	⊺in Bas	se Bid:			
	O	ne Million Eight Hur	ndred For	ty-Five Thousand 1	wo Hundred Ninety-Two	do	llars and Twenty Cents
	(\$	1,845,292.20), in lawful mo	ney of the United		
	-	Seven	tu One Th				
	-	Seven	to One Th				
	- 1		ty-One II	housand Six Hundr			
	·	\$ 71,681.54	_), in lawful	money of the Uni	ited Sta	dollars and Fifty-Four Cer ates of America.
	6. GI	\$ 71,681.54 RAND TOTAL = One Million Nine H	Base I), in lawful Bid + Additive ixteen Thousand N	money of the Uni Alternate 1: ine Hundred Seventy-Th	nree	ates of America. dollars and Seventy-Four
	6. GI	\$ 71,681.54 RAND TOTAL =	Base I), in lawful Bid + Additive ixteen Thousand N	money of the Uni	nree	ates of America. dollars and Seventy-Four
٠,	6. GI	\$ 71,681.54 RAND TOTAL = One Million Nine H \$ 1,916,973.7 ave included t	Base I undred S), in lawful Bid + Additive ixteen Thousand N), in lawful	money of the Uni Alternate 1: ine Hundred Seventy-Th	nree ited Sta	ates of America. dollars and Seventy-Fourates of America.
	6. GI	\$ 71,681.54 RAND TOTAL = One Million Nine H \$ 1,916,973.7 ave included t	Base I undred S), in lawful Bid + Additive ixteen Thousand N), in lawful	Money of the United Alternate 1: ine Hundred Seventy-The money of the United Seventy-The	nree ited Sta	ates of America. dollars and Seventy-Fourates of America.
C	6. GI (i) We h Bidde	\$ 71,681.54 RAND TOTAL = One Million Nine H \$ 1,916,973.7 ave included thers.	Base I undred S 74 he requ), in lawful Bid + Additive ixteen Thousand N), in lawful uired security E	Money of the United Alternate 1: ine Hundred Seventy-The money of the United Seventy-The	ited Sta	dollars and Seventy-Four ates of America. ne Instruction to
	6. GI (i) We h Bidde CEPT This c closi If this	\$ 71,681.54 RAND TOTAL = One Million Nine H \$ 1,916,973.7 ave included thers. ANCE offer shall be ong date. s bid is accepted	e Base I undred S 74 he requ pen to a	min lawful a sid + Additive ixteen Thousand N min lawful aired security Eacceptance are wner within the	Alternate 1: ine Hundred Seventy-Tr money of the Unit Bid Bond as require and is irrevocable for	ed by the	dollars and Seventy-Four ates of America. The Instruction to days from the bid we, we will:
AC	6. GI We h Bidde CEPT This c closi If this 1.	\$ 71,681.54 RAND TOTAL = One Million Nine H \$ 1,916,973.7 ave included thers. ANCE offer shall be ong date. s bid is accepted	pen to	mixteen Thousand N ixteen Thousand N in lawful uired security E acceptance ar wner within the	Alternate 1: ine Hundred Seventy-The money of the United Bond as required and its irrevocable for	ed by the	dollars and Seventy-Four ates of America. The Instruction to days from the bid we, we will:
AC	6. GI We h Bidde CEPT This c closi If this 1.	\$ 71,681.54 RAND TOTAL = One Million Nine H \$ 1,916,973.7 ave included thers. ANCE offer shall be ong date. s bid is accepted acceptance of Furnish the recommendate.	pen to a greementhis bid quired by	in lawful a side + Additive ixteen Thousand Notes - Decided to the property of	Alternate 1: ine Hundred Seventy-The money of the Unit Bid Bond as required and is irrevocable for the period state in (7) days of receiptions.	ed by the	dollars and Seventy-Four ates of America. The Instruction to days from the bid we, we will:
ic.	CEPT This colosi If this 1.	\$ 71,681.54 RAND TOTAL = One Million Nine H \$ 1,916,973.7 ave included thers. ANCE offer shall be ong date. a bid is accepted acceptance of Furnish the reconstruction of the sacceptance of acceptance of acceptance of the sacceptance of	pen to a this bid this bid this bid	mixteen Thousand N ixteen Thousand N in lawful uired security E acceptance are wher within the nt within sever d. conds within sed	Alternate 1: ine Hundred Seventy-The money of the Unit Bid Bond as required and is irrevocable for time period state and (7) days of receipteven (8)	ed by the	dollars and Seventy-Four ates of America. The Instruction to days from the bid we, we will: tice of Award or

- security deposit or the difference between this bid and the bid upon which a Contract is signed.
- D. In the event our bid is not accepted within the time stated above, the required security deposit shall be returned to the undersigned, in accordance with the provisions of the Instructions to Bidders; unless a mutually satisfactory arrangement is made for its retention and validity for an extended period of time.

1.08 CONTRACT TIME

- A. If this Bid is accepted, we will complete the Work in **180 calendar days** from Notice to Proceed or acceptance of this bid. Completion time includes days for adverse weather conditions and holidays.
- B. Reference Supplemental Conditions to Bidding Requirements for established construction schedule, payment retainage, liquidated damages, etc.

1.09 CHANGES TO THE WORK

- A. When Owner establishes that the method of valuation for Changes in the Work will be net cost plus a percentage fee in accordance with General Conditions, our percentage fee will be:
 - 1. 10% overhead and profit on the net cost of our own Work;
 - 2. 5% on the cost of work done by any Subcontractor.
- B. On work deleted from the Contract, our credit to Owner shall be Engineer-approved net cost plus 10% of the overhead and profit percentage noted above.

1.10 ADDENDA

A.	The	following Adde	nda h	iave been	received. Tl	ne modifications to the Bid Documents
	not	ed below have b	een d	considere	d and all cos	sts are included in the Bid Price. (Bidder
	may	y add lines)				0/1
	1.	Addendum # _	1	_ Dated _	07/24/2024	141
	2.	Addendum # _		_ Dated _		.

1.11 BID FORM SUPPLEMENTS

- A. The following Supplements are attached to this Bid Form and are considered an integral part of this Bid Form:
 - Document 00 4322 Unit Prices Form: Include a listing of unit prices specifically requested by Contract Documents.
 - Document 00 4336 Proposed Subcontractors Form: Include the names of all Subcontractors and the portions of the Work they will perform.
 - 3. Document 00 4373 Proposed Schedule of Values Form identifies the Bid Sum segmented into portions as requested.

B. Bonds:

- Payment and performance bonds running to the Owner pursuant to Article 1.02, INSTRUCTION FOR BIDDERS.
 - a. Premium: 1% of the Total Bid Amount
 - b. Name and Address of Surety:

- 1) HCDT Insurance Agency
- 2) 2161 NW Military Hwy., Suite 210, San Antonio, Texas 78213

C. Insurance

- Insurance pursuant to Article 1.16, INSTRUCTION FOR BIDDERS (show normal coverage).
 - Workmen's Compensation Insurance complying with the laws of the state:
 - 1) Carrier: Zurich American Insurance Company
 - b. Employer's Liability Insurance:
 - 1) Carrier: Zurich American Insurance Company
 - 2) \$1,000,000/\$1,000,000/\$1,000,000
 - c. Comprehensive General Liability and Property Damage Insurance:
 - 1) Carrier: Zurich American Insurance Company
 - 2) \$1,000,000 per occurrence / \$2,000,000 aggregate
 - d. Comprehensive Automobile Liability and Property Damage Insurance:
 - 1) Carrier: Zurich American Insurance Company
 - 2) \$\frac{1,000,000 Combined Single Limit Bodily Injury and Property Damage

1.12 KEY PERSONNEL

A.	Name of the proposed Project Manager:	
В.	Name of the proposed Site Superintendent: Frank Mendoza	

1.13 ASSURANCES

- A. The Undersigned affirms that it is duly authorized to submit this bid, that this bid has not been prepared in collusion with any other bidder, and that the content of this bid as to prices, terms, or conditions of said bid has not been communicated to any other bidder prior to the official opening of this bid.
- B. The Undersigned certifies that pursuant to Section 2270.002 of the Texas Government Code, Bidder does not boycott Israel and will not boycott Israel during the term of the contract resulting from this solicitation.
- C. The Undersigned certifies that pursuant to S.B 19, Bidder does not boycott energy companies and will not boycott energy companies during the term of the contract.
- D. The Undersigned certifies that pursuant to S.B. 13, Bidder does not have a practice, policy, guidance, or directive that discriminates against a firearm entity or firearm trade association; and will not discriminate during the term of the contract against a firearm entity or firearm trade association.

1.14 BID FORM SIGNATURE(S)

- A. The Corporate Seal of
 - 1. E-Z Bel Construction, LLC
 - 2. (Bidder print the full name of your firm)
- B. was hereunto affixed in the presence of:

19 20

Stephen Park, Chief Executive Officer

- 2. (Authorized signing officer, Title)
- 3. (Seal)

4.

Randy Hood, Chief Operating Officer

(Authorized signing officer, Title)
 (Seal)

END OF SECTION

SECTION 00 4322 UNIT PRICES FORM

PARTICULARS

1.01	The following is the	list of Unit Prices referenced	in the bid submitted by:

1.02 (Bidder) E-Z Bel Construction, LLC

1.03 To (Owner): The City of Seguin

1.04 Dated: 07/30/2024 and which is an integral part of the Bid Form.

1.05 THE FOLLOWING ARE UNIT PRICES FOR SPECIFIC PORTIONS OF THE WORK AS LISTED, AND ARE APPLICABLE TO AUTHORIZED VARIATIONS FROM THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.

UNIT PRICE LIST

2.01 Base Bid

Item No.	Spec Item	Item Description	Unit	Quantity	Unit Price	Item Value
ROAD	WAY AND DR	AINAGE ITEMS				ay/ivenum
1	100 6002	PREPARING ROW	STA	12	\$ 4,200.00	\$ 50,400.00
2	104 6009	REMOVING CONC (RIPRAP)	SY	280	\$ 12.50	\$ 3,500.00
3	104 6044	REMOVING CONC (FLUME)	SY	60	\$ 13.50	\$ 810.00
4	105 6008	REMOVING STAB BASE AND ASPH	SY	2551	\$ 4.50	\$ 11,479.50
3.		PAVE (6")				
5	110 6001	EXCAVATION (ROADWAY)	CY	3637	\$ 20.00	\$ 72,740.00
6	110 6002	EXCAVATION (CHANNEL)	CY	867	\$ 23.50	\$ 20,374.50
7	132 6008	EMBANKMENT (FINAL) (DENS CONT) (TY D)	CY	272	\$ 3.50	\$ 952.00
8	160 6003	FURNISHING AND PLACING TOPSOIL (4")	SY	3712	\$ 3.50	\$ 12,992.00
9	162 6002	BLOCK SODDING	SY	3712	\$ 6.50	\$ 24,128.00
10	164 6055	BONDED FBR MTRX SEE (TEMP) (WARM)	SY	3712	\$ 1.80	\$ 6,681.60
11	164 6056	BONDED FBR MTRX SEE (TEMP) (COOL)	SY	3712	\$ 1.80	\$ 6,681.60
12	168 6001	VEGETATIVE WATERING	MG	84	\$ 70.00	\$ 5,880.00
13	260 6004	LIME (QUICKLIME (DRY))	TON	85	\$ 1.00	\$ 85.00
14	260 6073	LIME TRT (SUBGRADE) (8")	SY	5775	\$ 11.50	\$ 66,412.50
15	360 6003	CONC PVMT (CONT REINF-CRCP) (9")	SY	5119	\$ 120.00	\$ 614,280.00
16	432 6002	RIPRAP (CONC) (5 IN)	CY	76	\$ 1,050.00	\$ 79,800.00
17	462 6001	CONC BOX CULV (3FT X 2FT)	LF	225	\$ 425.00	\$ 95,625.00
18	465 6006	JCTBOX (COMPL)(PJB) (4FTX4FT)	EA	1	\$ 11,800.00	\$ 11,800.00
19	465 6233	INLET (COMP) (TY SIDEWALK BRIDGE)	EA	2	\$ 3,100.00	\$ 6,200.00
20	467 6105	SET (TY 1) (S=3FT) (HW=3FT) (3:1) (P)	EA	1	\$ 2,400.00	\$ 2,400.00
21	467 6110	SET (TY 1) (S=3FT) (HW=3FT) (6:1) (P)	EA	5	\$ 2,400.00	\$ 12,000.00
22	496 6004	REMOVE STR (SET)	EA	4	\$ 1.00	\$ 4.00

No.				Quantity	Unit	Ì	ltem
					Price		Value
23	496 6007	REMOVE STR (PIPE)	LF	38	\$ 1.00	\$	38.00
24	500 6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1	\$ 60,000.00	\$	60,000.00
25	502 6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC	LS	1	\$ 5,000.00	\$	5,000.00
		HANDLING					
26	506 6002	ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 2)	LF	22	\$ 51.00	\$	1,122.00
27	506 6011	ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)	LF	22	\$ 11.00	\$	242.00
28	506 6020	CONSTRUCTION EXITS (INSTALL) (TY 1)	SY	112	\$ 20.55	\$	2,301.60
29	506 6024	CONSTRUCTION EXITS (REMOVE)	SY	112	\$ 5.90	\$	660.80
30	506 6038	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	LF	1,319	\$ 3.75	\$	4,946.25
31	506 6039	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)	LF	1,319	\$ 0.50	\$	659.50
32	529 6005	CONC CURB (TY II) (MONO)	LF	2,098	\$ 10.00	\$	20,980.00
33	531 6001	CONC SIDEWALKS (4")	SY	418	\$ 84.00	\$	35,112.00
34	531 6004	CURB RAMPS (TY 1)	EA	1	\$ 2,400.00	\$	2,400.00
35	531 6005	CURB RAMPS (TY 2)	EA	3	\$ 2,000.00	\$	6,000.00
36	636 6001	ALUMINUM SIGNS (TY A)	SF	19	\$ 45.00	\$	855.00
37	644 6027	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYS80(1) SA(P)	EA	2	\$ 950.00	\$	1,900.00
38	662 6067	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W) 6" (SLD)	LF	1015	\$ 1.00	\$	1,015.00
39	666 6048	REFL PAV MARK TY I (W) 24" (SLD) (100	LF	54	\$ 10.00	\$	540.00
		MIL)					
40	666 6309	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W) 6" (SLD) (100	LF	1,406	\$ 2.25	\$	3,163.50
41	666 6319	MIL)		700	ф o o =	_	
41	000 0319	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y) 6" (SLD) (100 MIL)	LF	786	\$ 2.25	\$	1,768.50
42	677 6001	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (4")	LF	1,015	\$ 1.00	\$	1,015.00
43 (COSA503.1	PORTLAND CEMENT CONC DRIVEWAY (RESIDENTIAL)	SY	86	\$ 95.00	\$	8,170.00
44 (COSA503.2	PORTLAND CEMENT CONC DRIVEWAY	SY	250	\$ 95.00	\$	23,750.00
		(COMMERCIAL)			, ,		
45 (COSA522.1	SIDEWALK PIPE RAILING	LF	56	\$ 50.00	\$	2,800.00
		SUBTOTAL – ROAD	A YAW	ND DRAINA	GE ITEMS	\$1	,289,664.85
WATER	ITEMS						A TRIPLE
46	SAWS 818	12" WATER PIPE, C900 DR18	LF	85	\$ 165.00	\$	14,025.00
47	SAWS 818	6" WATER PIPE, C900 DR18	ŁF	157	\$ 90.00		14,130.00
48	SAWS 828	12" GATE VALVE	EA	1	\$ 10,800.00		10,800.00
49	SAWS 831	12"X16" TEE	EA	1	\$ 9,500.00		9,500.00
50	SAWS 832	16" X 12" TAPPING SLEEVE	EΑ	1	\$ 11,000.00	\$	11,000.00
51	SAWS 832	16" X 6" TAPPING SLEEVE	EΑ	1	\$ 8,300.00	\$	8,300.00
52	SAWS 834	FIRE HYDRANT ASSEMBLY	EA	3	\$ 15,000.00	\$	45,000.00
53	SAWS 841	HYDROSTATIC TESTING	EΑ	3	\$ 2,000.00	\$	6,000.00
			SUBT	OTAL - WAT	ERITEMS	\$ 1	118,775.00

Item No.	Spec Item	Item Description	Unit	Quantity	Unit Price	Item Value
SANIT	ARY SEWER	TEMS			ili i di kansa	
54	SAWS 550	TRENCH EXCAVATION PROTECTION	LF	1,165	\$ 1.00	\$ 1,165.00
55	SAWS 848	18" SEWER PIPE, PVC D3034 SDR26	LF	1,165	\$ 145.00	\$ 168,925.00
56	SAWS 852	5' PRECAST MANHOLES (DEPTH GREATER THAN 6')	VF	96.2	\$ 2,000.00	\$ 192,400.00
57	SAWS 854	LONG SEWER CONNECTIONS (6" PVC, SDR 26)	EA	1	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00
58	SAWS 854	DEAD-END CLEANOUT	EA	1	\$ 1,200.00	\$ 1,200.00
59	SAWS 858	SANITARY SEWER ENCASEMENT (FLOWABLE FILL)	LF	122	\$ 40.00	\$ 4,880.00
60	SAWS 862	ABANDONMENT OF EXISTING 12" SANITARY SEWER MAIN	LF	928	\$ 10.00	\$ 9,280.00
61	SAWS 862	ABANDONMENT OF EXISTING MANHOLE	EA	2	\$ 2,000.00	\$ 4,000.00
62	SAWS 862	EXISTING MANHOLE REMOVAL	EA	3	\$ 2,000.00	\$ 6,000.00
63	SAWS 862	EXISTING 12" SEWER MAIN REMOVAL	LF	192	\$ 10.00	\$ 1,920.00
64	SAWS 864-	SMALL DIAMETER - BYPASS PUMPING	EA	1	\$ 30,000.00	\$ 30,000.00
	S2	SYSTEM				
65	SAWS 866	SEWER MAIN PRE-TELEVISING	LF	928	\$ 3.95	\$ 3,665.60
66	SAWS 866	SEWER MAIN POST-TELEVISING	LF	1,165	\$ 2.95	\$ 3,436.75
		SUBTOTA	AL – SAN	IITARY SEW	ER ITEMS	\$ 436,872.35

2.02 Additive Alternate 1

item No.	Spec Item	Item Description	Unit	Quantity	Unit Price	Item Value
ROAD	WAY ITEMS		Luki.			THE RESERVE OF
1	162 6002	BLOCK SODDING	SY	-702	\$ 6.38	\$ -4,478.76
2	164 6055	BONDED FBR MTRX SEE (TEMP) (WARM)	SY	-702	\$ 1.80	\$ -1,263.60
3	164 6056	BONDED FBR MTRX SEE (TEMP) (COOL)	SY	-702	\$ 1.80	\$ -1,263.60
4	168 6001	VEGETATIVE WATERING	MG	-16	\$ 70.00	\$ -1,120.00
5	260 6004	LIME (QUICKLIME (DRY))	TON	85	\$ 1.00	\$ 85.00
6	260 6073	LIME TRT (SUBGRADE) (8")	SY	741	\$ 11.50	\$ 8521.50
. 7	360 6003	CONC PVMT (CONT REINF-CRCP) (9")	SY	667	\$ 115.00	\$ 76,705.00
8	432 6002	RIPRAP (CONC) (5 IN)	CY	-4	\$ 1,050.00	\$ -4,200.00
9	500 6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00
10	502 6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	LS	1	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00

Item No.	Spec Item	Item Description	Unit	Quantity	Unit Price	Item Value
11	529 6005	CONC CURB (TY II) (MONO)	L.F	-15	\$ 10.00	\$ -150.00
12	531 6001	CONC SIDEWALKS (4")	SY	-9	\$ 84.00	\$ -756.00
13	531 6004	CURB RAMPS (TY 1)	EA	-1	\$ 2,400.00	\$ -2,400.00
14	531 6005	CURB RAMPS (TY 2)	EA	1	\$ 2,000.00	\$ 2,000.00
			TOTAL - AD	DITIVE ALT	ERNATE 1	\$ 71,681.54

END OF SECTION

2.12

SECTION 00 4336 PROPOSED SUBCONTRACTORS FORM

PARTICULARS 1.01 Herewith is the list of proposed Subcontractors referenced in the bid submitted by: 1.02 (Bidder) E-Z Bel Construction, LLC 1.03 To (Owner): _ The City of Seguin 1.04 Dated: 07/30/2024 _____ and which is an integral part of the Bid Form. 1.05 The following work is proposed to be performed (or provided) by Subcontractors and coordinated by us: LIST OF SUBCONTRACTORS 2.01 WORK SUBJECT SUBCONTRACTOR NAME, LOCATION, & CONTACT INFORMATION 2.02 Barricades, Striping, and Signs, Highway Infrastructure, Bill Meloni 2.03 Hauling, Bobcat Trucking, Holly Hayes 2.04 SWPPP and Landscape, AK Fuquay, Jon Ellis 2.05 Testing, Arias, Gary Quintanilla 2.06 2.07 2.08 2.09 2.10 2.11

END OF SECTION

BID BOND

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS:		
That E-Z Bel Construction		Contractor, as Principal,
	Surety Company of America	as Surety,
are held and firmly bound unto City of Seguin,		the
sum of \$ (F	igure)	
Five Percent of the Largest		(Written Form)
(not less than 5 percent of the larges		
for the payment of which sum, well and truly to		
administrators, successors, and assigns, jointly		
WHEREAS, said Principal has submitted a Bid		ork required under the
Bidding Schedule(s) of the Owner's Contract D	ocuments entitled:	
LAWSON STREE	T RECONSTRUCTION PROJECT	
	Q No. AF-2024-36	
TxRE	F Grant No. 2022-01	
NOW THEREFORE, if said Principal is award	led a contract by said Owner, ar	nd, within the time, and in the
manner required in the Notice Inviting Bids an		
on the form of agreement bound with said		
Insurance, and furnishes the required Performan		
and void, otherwise it shall remain in full force		
Owner and Owner prevails, said Surety shall p		
reasonable attorney's fee to be fixed by the cou		when the such surf, including a
reasonable attorney's fee to be fixed by the cou	14.	
SIGNED AND SEALED, this30th	day of July	20 24
SIGNED AND SEALED, this	say or	
		27.4012
	E-Z Bel Construç	ction IIC
Mandon Zientek	(Principal)	(Seat)
		3x V3
(Witness)	41.	
		On an August Albana
	(Title) Randy Hood, Chief	Operating Officer
	Travelers Casualty and Surety	Company of America (Seal)
1/10001	(Surety)	Company of America (Sear)
Vhl Mits	(Surety)	
(Witness)	Land Ist his	
	Jane w year	my m
	(Title) Paul W. Poettgen, Attor	nev in Fact
	•	V Marine Constitution



Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America Travelers Casualty and Surety Company St. Paul Fire and Marine Insurance Company

POWER OF ATTORNEY

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS: That Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America, Travelers Casualty and Surety Company, and St. Paul Fire and Marine Insurance Company are corporations duly organized under the laws of the State of Connecticut (herein collectively called the "Companies"), and that the Companies do hereby make, constitute and appoint Paul W. Poettgen of SAN ANTONIO Texas their true and lawful Attorney(s)-in-Fact to sign, execute, seal and acknowledge any and all bonds, recognizances, conditional undertakings and other writings obligatory in the nature thereof on behalf of the Companies in their business of guaranteeing the fidelity of persons, guaranteeing the performance of contracts and executing or guaranteeing bonds and undertakings required or permitted in any actions or proceedings allowed by law.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Companies have caused this instrument to be signed, and their corporate seals to be hereto affixed, this 21st day of April, 2021.







State of Connecticut

City of Hartford ss.

On this the 21st day of April, 2021, before me personally appeared Robert L. Raney, who acknowledged himself to be the Senior Vice President of each of the Companies, and that he, as such, being authorized so to do, executed the foregoing instrument for the purposes therein contained by signing on behalf of said Companies by himself as a duly authorized officer.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I hereunto set my hand and official seal.

My Commission expires the 30th day of June, 2026



Anna P. Nowik, Notary Public

Senior Vice President

This Power of Attorney is granted under and by the authority of the following resolutions adopted by the Boards of Directors of each of the Companies, which resolutions are now in full force and effect, reading as follows:

RESOLVED, that the Chairman, the President, any Vice Chairman, any Executive Vice President, any Senior Vice President, any Vice President, any Second Vice President, the Treasurer, any Assistant Treasurer, the Corporate Secretary or any Assistant Secretary may appoint Attorneys-in-Fact and Agents to act for and on behalf of the Company and may give such appointee such authority as his or her certificate of authority may prescribe to sign with the Company's name and seal with the Company's seal bonds, recognizances, contracts of indemnity, and other writings obligatory in the nature of a bond, recognizance, or conditional undertaking, and any of said officers or the Board of Directors at any time may remove any such appointee and revoke the power given him or her; and it is

FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Chairman, the President, any Vice Chairman, any Executive Vice President, any Senior Vice President or any Vice President may delegate all or any part of the foregoing authority to one or more officers or employees of this Company, provided that each such delegation is in writing and a copy thereof is filed in the office of the Secretary; and it is

FURTHER RESOLVED, that any bond, recognizance, contract of Indemnity, or writing obligatory in the nature of a bond, recognizance, or conditional undertaking shall be valid and binding upon the Company when (a) signed by the President, any Vice Chairman, any Executive Vice President, any Senior Vice President or any Vice President, any Second Vice President, the Treasurer, any Assistant Treasurer, the Corporate Secretary or any Assistant Secretary and duly attested and sealed with the Company's seal by a Secretary or Assistant Secretary; or (b) duly executed (under seal, if required) by one or more Attorneys-in-Fact and Agents pursuant to the power prescribed in his or her certificate or their certificates of authority or by one or more Company officers pursuant to a written delegation of authority; and it is

FURTHER RESOLVED, that the signature of each of the following officers: President, any Executive Vice President, any Senior Vice President, any Assistant Vice President, Resident Assistant Secretaries or Attorneys-In-Fact for purposes only of executing and attesting bonds and undertakings and other writings obligatory in the nature thereof, and any such Power of Attorney or certificate bearing such facsimile signature or facsimile seal shall be valid and binding upon the Company and any such power so executed and certified by such facsimile signature and facsimile seal shall be valid and binding on the Company in the future with respect to any bond or understanding to which it is attached.

I, Kevin E. Hughes, the undersigned, Assistant Secretary of each of the Companies, do hereby certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the Power of Attorney executed by said Companies, which remains in full force and effect.

Dated this 30th day of

July

2024 .







Kevin E. Hughes, Assistant Secretary

To verify the authenticity of this Power of Attorney, please call us at 1-800-421-3880.

Please refer to the above-named Attorney(s)-in-Fact and the details of the bond to which this Power of Attorney is attached.

Appendix II to Part 200 – Contract Provisions for Non-Federal Entity Contracts Under Federal Awards

In addition to other provisions required by the Federal agency or non-Federal entity, all contracts made by the non-Federal entity under the Federal award must contain provisions covering the following, as applicable.

- (A) Contracts for more than the simplified acquisition threshold, which is the inflation adjusted amount determined by the Civilian Agency Acquisition Council and the Defense Acquisition Regulations Council (Councils) as authorized by 41 U.S.C. 1908, must address administrative, contractual, or legal remedies in instances where contractors violate or breach contract terms, and provide for such sanctions and penalties as appropriate.
- (B) All contracts in excess of \$10,000 must address termination for cause and for convenience by the non-Federal entity including the manner by which it will be effected and the basis for settlement.
- (C) Equal Employment Opportunity. Except as otherwise provided under 41 CFR Part 60, all contracts that meet the definition of "federally assisted construction contract" in 41 CFR Part 60-1.3 must include the equal opportunity clause provided under 41 CFR 60-1.4(b), in accordance with Executive Order 11246, "Equal Employment Opportunity" (30 FR 12319, 12935, 3 CFR Part, 1964-1965 Comp., p. 339), as amended by Executive Order 11375, "Amending Executive Order 11246 Relating to Equal Employment Opportunity," and implementing regulations at 41 CFR part 60, "Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, Equal Employment Opportunity, Department of Labor."
- (D) Davis-Bacon Act, as amended (40 U.S.C. 3141-3148). When required by Federal program legislation, all prime construction contracts in excess of \$2,000 awarded by non-Federal entities must include a provision for compliance with the Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. 3141-3144, and 3146-3148) as supplemented by Department of Labor regulations (29 CFR Part 5, "Labor Standards Provisions Applicable to Contracts Covering Federally Financed and Assisted Construction"). In accordance with the statute, contractors must be required to pay wages to laborers and mechanics at a rate not less than the prevailing wages specified in a wage determination made by the Secretary of Labor. In addition, contractors must be required to pay wages not less than once a week. The non-Federal entity must place a copy of the current prevailing wage determination issued by the Department of Labor in each solicitation. The decision to award a contract or subcontract must be conditioned upon the acceptance of the wage determination. The non-Federal entity must report all suspected or reported violations to the Federal awarding agency. The contracts must also include a provision for compliance with the Copeland "Anti-Kickback" Act (40 U.S.C. 3145), as supplemented by Department of Labor regulations (29 CFR Part 3, "Contractors and Subcontractors on Public Building or Public Work Financed in Whole or in Part by Loans or Grants from the United States"). The Act provides that each contractor or subrecipient must be prohibited from inducing, by any means, any person employed in the construction, completion, or repair of public work, to give up any part of the compensation to which he or she is otherwise entitled. The non-Federal entity must report all suspected or reported violations to the Federal awarding agency.
- (E) Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3701-3708). Where applicable, all contracts awarded by the non-Federal entity in excess of \$100,000 that involve the employment of mechanics or laborers must include a provision for compliance with 40 U.S.C. 3702 and 3704, as supplemented by Department of Labor regulations (29 CFR Part 5). Under 40 U.S.C. 3702 of the Act, each contractor must be required to compute the wages of every mechanic and laborer on the basis of a standard work week of 40 hours. Work in excess of the standard work week is permissible provided that the worker is compensated at a rate of not less than one and a half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of 40 hours in the work week. The requirements of 40 U.S.C. 3704 are applicable to construction work and provide that no laborer or mechanic must be required to work in surroundings or under working conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous. These requirements do not apply to the purchases of supplies or materials or articles ordinarily available on the open market, or contracts for transportation or transmission of intelligence.
- (F) Rights to Inventions Made Under a Contract or Agreement. If the Federal award meets the definition of "funding agreement" under 37 CFR § 401.2 (a) and the recipient or subrecipient wishes to enter into a contract with a small business firm or nonprofit organization regarding the substitution of parties, assignment or performance of experimental, developmental, or research work under that "funding agreement," the recipient or subrecipient must comply with the

requirements of <u>37 CFR Part 401</u>, "Rights to Inventions Made by Nonprofit Organizations and Small Business Firms Under Government Grants, Contracts and Cooperative Agreements," and any implementing regulations issued by the awarding agency.

- (G) Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401-7671q.) and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1251-1387), as amended Contracts and subgrants of amounts in excess of \$150,000 must contain a provision that requires the non-Federal award to agree to comply with all applicable standards, orders or regulations issued pursuant to the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401-7671q) and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act as amended (33 U.S.C. 1251-1387). Violations must be reported to the Federal awarding agency and the Regional Office of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).
- (H) Debarment and Suspension (Executive Orders 12549 and 12689) A contract award (see <u>2 CFR 180.220</u>) must not be made to parties listed on the governmentwide exclusions in the System for Award Management (SAM), in accordance with the OMB guidelines at <u>2 CFR 180</u> that implement Executive Orders 12549 (3 CFR part 1986 Comp., p. 189) and 12689 (3 CFR part 1989 Comp., p. 235), "Debarment and Suspension." SAM Exclusions contains the names of parties debarred, suspended, or otherwise excluded by agencies, as well as parties declared ineligible under statutory or regulatory authority other than Executive Order 12549.
- (I) Byrd Anti-Lobbying Amendment (31 U.S.C. 1352) Contractors that apply or bid for an award exceeding \$100,000 must file the required certification. Each tier certifies to the tier above that it will not and has not used Federal appropriated funds to pay any person or organization for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a member of Congress, officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a member of Congress in connection with obtaining any Federal contract, grant or any other award covered by 31 U.S.C. 1352. Each tier must also disclose any lobbying with non-Federal funds that takes place in connection with obtaining any Federal award. Such disclosures are forwarded from tier to tier up to the non-Federal award.
- (J) Procurement of recovered materials (§ 200.323) A non-Federal entity that is a state agency or agency of a political subdivision of a state and its contractors must comply with section 6002 of the Solid Waste Disposal Act, as amended by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act. The requirements of Section 6002 include procuring only items designated in guidelines of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) at 40 CFR part 247 that contain the highest percentage of recovered materials practicable, consistent with maintaining a satisfactory level of competition, where the purchase price of the item exceeds \$10,000 or the value of the quantity acquired during the preceding fiscal year exceeded \$10,000; procuring solid waste management services in a manner that maximizes energy and resource recovery; and establishing an affirmative procurement program for procurement of recovered materials identified in the EPA guidelines.
- (K) Prohibition on certain telecommunications and video surveillance services or equipment (§200.216)
 - (a) Recipients and subrecipients are prohibited from obligating or expending loan or grant funds to:
 - (1) Procure or obtain;
 - (2) Extend or renew a contract to procure or obtain; or
 - (3) Enter into a contract (or extend or renew a contract) to procure or obtain equipment, services, or systems that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system. As described in Public Law 115-232, section 889, covered telecommunications equipment is telecommunications equipment produced by Huawei Technologies Company or ZTE Corporation (or any subsidiary or affiliate of such entities).
 - (i) For the purpose of public safety, security of government facilities, physical security surveillance of critical infrastructure, and other national security purposes, video surveillance and telecommunications equipment produced by Hytera Communications Corporation, Hangzhou Hikvision Digital Technology Company, or Dahua Technology Company (or any subsidiary or affiliate of such entities).
 - (ii) Telecommunications or video surveillance services provided by such entities or using such equipment.
 - (iii) Telecommunications or video surveillance equipment or services produced or provided by an entity that the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Director of the National Intelligence or the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, reasonably believes to be an entity owned or controlled by, or otherwise connected to, the government of a covered foreign country.

- (b) In implementing the prohibition under <u>Public Law 115-232</u>, section 889, subsection (f), paragraph (1), heads of executive agencies administering loan, grant, or subsidy programs shall prioritize available funding and technical support to assist affected businesses, institutions and organizations as is reasonably necessary for those affected entities to transition from covered communications equipment and services, to procure replacement equipment and services, and to ensure that communications service to users and customers is sustained.
- (c) See Public Law 115-232, section 889 for additional information.
- (d) See also § 200.471.
- (L) (§ 200.322) Domestic preferences for procurements
 - (a) As appropriate and to the extent consistent with law, the non-Federal entity should, to the greatest extent practicable under a Federal award, provide a preference for the purchase, acquisition, or use of goods, products, or materials produced in the United States (including but not limited to iron, aluminum, steel, cement, and other manufactured products). The requirements of this section must be included in all subawards including all contracts and purchase orders for work or products under this award.
 - (b) For purposes of this section:
 - (1) "Produced in the United States" means, for iron and steel products, that all manufacturing processes, from the initial melting stage through the application of coatings, occurred in the United States.
 - (2) "Manufactured products" means items and construction materials composed in whole or in part of non-ferrous metals such as aluminum; plastics and polymer-based products such as polyvinyl chloride pipe; aggregates such as concrete; glass, including optical fiber; and lumber.

I have read, understand, and agree to comply with the Federal Affirmations specified above. Checking "YES" indicates acceptance, while checking "NO" denotes non-acceptance.

YES X NO				
Authorized Signature:	Chol			
Printed Name and Title:	Randy Hood, Chief Operating Officer			
Respondent's Tax ID:	74-1894400	Telephone:	210-736-6595	

If Respondent is a Corporation or other legal entity, please attach a corporate resolution or other appropriate official documentation that states that the person signing this Solicitation Response is an authorized person to sign for and legally bind the corporation or entity.

FEDERAL AFFIRMATIONS AND SOLICITATION ACCEPTANCE

In the event federal funds are used for payment of part or all of the consideration due under any contract resulting from this Solicitation Response, Respondent must execute this <u>Federal Affirmation and Solicitation Acceptance</u>, which shall constitute an agreement, without exception, to the following affirmations:

1. Debarment and Suspension (2 CFR 180.220)

Respondent certifies, by signing this Attachment, that neither it nor any of its principals or subcontractors are presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction by any federal department or agency. This certification is made pursuant to the OMB guidelines at 2 CFR 180 that implement Executive Order 12549 (3 C.F.R. Part 1986 Comp., p. 189) and 12689 (3 C.F.R. Part 1989 Comp., p. 235), Debarment and Suspension, 28 C.F.R. pt. 67, § 67.510, as published as pt. VII of the May 26, 1988, Federal Register (pp. 19160-19211), and any relevant program-specific regulations. This provision shall be required of every subcontractor receiving any payment in whole or in part from federal funds.

2. Americans with Disabilities Act

Respondent and any potential subcontractors shall comply with all terms, conditions, and requirements of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (P.L. 101-136), 42 U.S.C. 12101, as amended, and regulations adopted thereunder contained in 28 C.F.R. 26.101-36.999, inclusive, and any relevant program-specific regulations.

3. Discrimination

Respondent and any potential subcontractors shall comply with all Federal statutes relating to nondiscrimination. These include, but are not limited to:

- Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (P.L. 88-352), which prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, or national origin;
- b. Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, as amended (20 U.S.C. §§1681-1683, and 1685-1686), which prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex;
- c Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. §794), which prohibits discrimination on the basis of handicaps;
- d The Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended (42 U.S.C. §§6101- 6107), which prohibits discrimination on the basis of age;
- e. The Drug Abuse Office and Treatment Act of 1972 (P.L. 92-255), as amended, relating to nondiscrimination on the basis of drug abuse;
- f. The Comprehensive Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism Prevention, Treatment and Rehabilitation Act of 1970 (P.L. 91-616), as amended, relating to nondiscrimination on the basis of alcohol abuse or alcoholism;
- g Sections 523 and 527 of the Public Health Service Act of 1912 (42 U.S.C. §§290 dd-3 and 290 ee-3), as amended, relating to confidentiality of alcohol and drug abuse patient records;
- h. Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. §§3601 et seq.), as amended, relating to nondiscrimination in the sale, rental, or financing of housing;
- Any other nondiscrimination provisions in the specific statute(s) under which application for Federal assistance is being made; and
- j. The requirements of any other nondiscrimination statute(s) that may apply to the application.

4. Equal Employment Opportunity

Except as otherwise provided under 41 CFR Part 60, all contracts that meet the definition of "federally assisted construction contract" in 41 CFR Part 60-1.3 must include the equal opportunity clause provided under 41 CFR 60-1.4(b), in accordance with Executive Order 11246, "Equal Employment Opportunity" (30 FR 12319, 12935, 3 CFR Part, 1964-1965 Comp., p. 339), as amended by Executive Order 11375, "Amending Executive Order 11246 Relating to Equal Employment Opportunity," and implementing regulations at 41 CFR part 60, "Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, Equal Employment Opportunity, Department of Labor."

5. Wages

Under the Davis Bacon Act, 40 U.S.C. 276a – 276a-5 (40 U.S.C. 3141-3148), as amended, and the regulations adopted thereunder contained in 29 C.F.R. pt. 1 and 5. When required by Federal program legislation, all prime construction contracts in excess of \$2,000 awarded by non-Federal entities must include a provision for compliance with the

Davis-Bacon as supplemented by Department of Labor regulations (29 CFR Part 5, "Labor Standards Provisions Applicable to Contracts Covering Federally Financed and Assisted Construction"). Respondent and any potential subcontractors have a duty to and shall pay the prevailing wage rate specified in a wage determination made by the Secretary of Labor. In addition, contractors must be required to pay wages not less than once a week. The non-Federal entity must place a copy of the current prevailing wage determination issued by the Department of Labor in each solicitation. The decision to award a contract or subcontract must be conditioned upon the acceptance of the wage determination. The non-Federal entity must report all suspected or reported violations to the Federal awarding agency.

6. Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3701-3708)

Where applicable, all contracts awarded by the non-Federal entity in excess of \$100,000 that involve the employment of mechanics or laborers must include a provision for compliance with 40 U.S.C. 3702 and 3704, as supplemented by Department of Labor regulations (29 CFR Part 5). Under 40 U.S.C. 3702 of the Act, each contractor must be required to compute the wages of every mechanic and laborer on the basis of a standard work week of 40 hours. Work in excess of the standard work week is permissible provided that the worker is compensated at a rate of not less than one and a half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of 40 hours in the work week. The requirements of 40 U.S.C. 3704 are applicable to construction work and provide that no laborer or mechanic must be required to work in surroundings or under working conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous. These requirements do not apply to the purchases of supplies or materials or articles ordinarily available on the open market, or contracts for transportation or transmission of intelligence.

- 7. Contracts for more than the simplified acquisition threshold currently set at \$150,000, which is the inflation adjusted amount determined by the Civilian Agency Acquisition Council and the Defense Acquisition Regulations Council (Councils) as authorized by 41 U.S.C. 1908, must address administrative, contractual, or legal remedies in instances where contractors violate or breach contract terms, and provide for such sanctions and penalties as appropriate.
- 8. All contracts in excess of \$10,000 must address termination for cause and for convenience by the non-Federal entity including the manner by which it will be affected and the basis for settlement.

9. Lobbying

If Respondent, in connection with any resulting contract from this Solicitation, is a recipient of a Federal contract, grant, or cooperative agreement exceeding \$100,000 or a Federal loan or loan guarantee exceeding \$150,000, the Contractor shall comply with the requirements of the new restrictions on lobbying contained in Section 1352, Title 31 of the U.S. Code, which are implemented in 15 CFR Part 28. Respondent shall require that the certification language of Section 1352, Title 31 of the U.S. Code be included in the award documents for all subcontracts and require that all subcontractors submit certification and disclosure forms accordingly. Each tier certifies to the tier above that it will not and has not used Federal appropriated funds to pay any person or organization for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a member of Congress, officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a member of Congress in connection with obtaining any Federal contract, grant or any other award. Each tier must also disclose any lobbying with non-Federal funds that takes place in connection with obtaining any Federal award. Such disclosures are forwarded from tier to tier up to the non-Federal award.

10. Rights to Inventions Made Under a Contract or Agreement

If the Federal award meets the definition of "funding agreement" under 37 CFR § 401.2 (a) and the recipient or subrecipient wishes to enter into a contract with a small business firm or nonprofit organization regarding the substitution of parties, assignment or performance of experimental, developmental, or research work under that "funding agreement," the recipient or subrecipient must comply with the requirements of 37 CFR Part 401, "Rights to Inventions Made by Nonprofit Organizations and Small Business Firms Under Government Grants, Contracts and Cooperative Agreements," and any implementing regulations issued by the awarding agency.

11. Minority and Women's Businesses

Respondent and any potential subcontractors shall take affirmative steps to assure that minority and women's businesses are utilized when possible as sources of supplies, equipment, construction, and services, as detailed in the federal requirements relating to minority and women's business enterprises: Executive Order 11625 of October 13, 1971, 36 Fed. Reg. 19967, as amended by Executive Order No. 12007 of August 22, 1977, 42 Fed. Reg. 42839; Executive Order No. 12432 of July 14, 1983, 48 Fed. Reg., 32551; and Executive Order No. 12138 of May 18, 1979, 44 Fed. Reg. 29637.

12. Environmental Standards

Respondent and any potential subcontractors shall comply with environmental standards that may be prescribed pursuant to the following:

- a. Institution of environmental quality control measures under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (P.L. 91-190) and Executive Order (EO) 11514;
- b. Notification of violating facilities pursuant to EO 11738;
- Protection of wetlands pursuant to EO 11990;
- d Evaluation of flood hazards in floodplains in accordance with EO 11988;
- e. Assurance of project consistency with the approved State management program developed under the Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. §§1451 et seq.);
- f. Conformity of Federal actions to State (Clean Air) Implementation Plans under Section 176(c) of the Clean Air Act of 1955, as amended (42 U.S.C.§§7401 et seq.);
- g. Contracts and subgrants of amounts in excess of \$150,000 must contain a provision that requires the non-Federal award to agree to comply with all applicable standards, orders or regulations issued pursuant to the Federal Water Pollution Control Act as amended (33 U.S.C. 1251-1387). Violations must be reported to the Federal awarding agency and the Regional Office of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).
- h. Protection of underground sources of drinking water under the Safe Drinking Water Act of 1974, as amended (P.L. 93-523); and
- i Protection of endangered species under the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (P.L. 93-205).
- j. Mandatory standards and policies relating to energy efficiency which are contained in the state energy conservation plan issued in compliance with the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6201).
- k A non-Federal entity that is a state agency or agency of a political subdivision of a state and its contractors must comply with section 6002 of the Solid Waste Disposal Act, as amended by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act. The requirements of Section 6002 include procuring only items designated in guidelines of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) at 40 CFR part 247 that contain the highest percentage of recovered materials practicable, consistent with maintaining a satisfactory level of competition, where the purchase price of the item exceeds \$10,000 or the value of the quantity acquired during the preceding fiscal year exceeded
 - \$10,000; procuring solid waste management services in a manner that maximizes energy and resource recovery; and establishing an affirmative procurement program for procurement of recovered materials identified in the EPA guidelines.

13. Historic Properties

Respondent and any potential subcontractors shall assist the awarding agency in assuring compliance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended (16 U.S.C. §470), EO 11593 (identification and protection of historic properties), and the Archaeological and Historic Preservation Act of 1974 (16 U.S.C. §§469a-1 et seq.).

14. All Other Federal Laws

Respondent and any potential subcontractors shall comply with all applicable requirements of all other Federal laws, executive orders, regulations, and policies governing the Solicitation.

I have read, understand, and agree to comply with the Federal Affirmations specified above. Checking "YES" indicates acceptance, while checking "NO" denotes non-acceptance.

Authorized Signature: YES X	NO	
Printed Name & Title: Randy Hood, Chief Operating Officer		
Respondent's Tax ID: _74-1894400	Telephone: 210-736-6595	

If Respondent is a Corporation or other legal entity, please attach a corporate resolution or other appropriate official documentation that states that the person signing this Solicitation Response is an authorized person to sign for and legally bind the corporation or entity.

CERTIFICATE OF INTERESTED PARTIES

FORM 1295

					1 of 1
	Complete Nos. 1 - 4 and 6 if there are interested parties.			OFFICE USE	
	Complete Nos. 1, 2, 3, 5, and 6 if there are no interested parties.			RTIFICATION	OF FILING
1	Name of business entity filing form, and the city, state and count of business.	try of the business entity's place		icate Number: -1193855	
	E-Z Bel Construction, LLC		2024	-1130030	
_	San Antonio, TX United States			Filed: 0/2024	
2	Name of governmental entity or state agency that is a party to the being filed.	e contract for which the form is	07/30	7/2024	
	City of Seguin		Date	Acknowledged:	
3	Provide the identification number used by the governmental enti		the co	ontract, and pro	/ide a
	description of the services, goods, or other property to be provided RFQ No. AF-2024-36	led under the contract.			
	LAWSON STREET RECONSTRUCTION PROJECT				
			- 1	Nature of	interest
4	Name of Interested Party	City, State, Country (place of busine	ess)	(check ap	
				Controlling	Intermediary
Pa	ırk, Stephen	San Antonio, TX United States		X	
Н	ood , Randy	San Antonio, TX United States		X	
W	right, Tom	San Antonio, TX United States		×	
R	odriguez De Alba, Monica	San Antonio, TX United States		×	
!					
5	Check only if there is NO Interested Party.			<u> </u>	
6	UNSWORN DECLARATION				
	My name is Randy Hood	, and my date of	birth is	04/05/19	79
	My address is 203 Recoleta Road	San Antonio T.	X	78216	United States
	(street)		ate) -	(zip code)	(country)
	I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct	it.			
	Executed in Bexar County	y, State of <u>Texas</u> , on the	30th d	•	, 2024
	ALEXIS BOYD			(month)	(year)
	My Notary ID # 132768478 Expires November 6, 2024	100/1/20	0		
	200 mg	Signature of authorized agent of cont	tracting	business entity	
		(Declarant)			

CONFLICT OF INTEREST QUESTIONNAIRE

FORM CIQ

For vendor doing business with local governmental entity

This questionnaire reflects changes made to the law by H.B. 23, 84th Leg., Regular S	
This questionnaire is being filed in accordance with Chapter 176, Local Government Code, by a has a business relationship as defined by Section 176.001(1-a) with a local governmental envendor meets requirements under Section 176.006(a).	vendor who tity and the
By law this questionnaire must be filed with the records administrator of the local governmental er than the 7th business day after the date the vendor becomes aware of facts that require the stat filed. See Section 176.006(a-1), Local Government Code.	
A vendor commits an offense if the vendor knowingly violates Section 176.006, Local Governme offense under this section is a misdemeanor.	nt Code. An
Name of vendor who has a business relationship with local governmental entity	۸.
E-Z Bel Construction, LLC	
Check this box if you are filing an update to a previously filed questionnaire completed questionnaire with the appropriate filing authority not later than the you became aware that the originally filed questionnaire was incomplete or	7th business day after the date on which
Name of local government officer about whom the information is being disclose	ed.
Not Applicable	
Name of Officer	
Describe each employment or other business relationship with the local governificer, as described by Section 176.003(a)(2)(A). Also describe any family relationship described subparts A and B for each employment or business relationship described as necessary. A. Is the local government officer or a family member of the officer resolved than investment income, from the vendor? Yes X No B. Is the vendor receiving or likely to receive taxable income, other that of the local government officer or a family member of the officer AND local governmental entity?	tionship with the local government officer. ribed. Attach additional pages to this Form ecciving or likely to receive taxable income, n investment income, from or at the direction
Yes X No	
Describe each employment or business relationship that the vendor named in other business entity with respect to which the local government officer serownership interest of one percent or more. Not Applicable - E-Z Bel Construction, LLC has no Con	rves as an officer or director, or holds an
6 Cheek this hav if the wander has given the legal government officer or a far	nily member of the officer and or more gifts
Check this box if the vendor has given the local government officer or a far as described in Section 176.003(a)(2)(B), excluding gifts described in Section 176.003(a)(a)(a)(b), excluding gifts described in Section 176.003(a)(a)(a)(a)(b), excluding gifts described in Section 176.003(a)(a)(a)(b), excluding gifts described in Section 176.003(a)(a)(a)(a)(b), excluding gifts described in Section 176.003(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)(b), excluding gifts described in Section 176.003(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)(b), excluding gifts described in Section 176.003(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)(
Randy Hood, Chief Operating Officer Signature of Vendor doing business with the governmental entity	July 30th, 2024 Date

CONFLICT OF INTEREST QUESTIONNAIRE For vendor doing business with local governmental entity

A complete copy of Chapter 176 of the Local Government Code may be found at http://www.statutes.legis.state.tx.us/Docs/LG/htm/LG.176.htm. For easy reference, below are some of the sections cited on this form.

<u>Local Government Code § 176.001(1-a)</u>: "Business relationship" means a connection between two or more parties based on commercial activity of one of the parties. The term does not include a connection based on:

- (A) a transaction that is subject to rate or fee regulation by a federal, state, or local governmental entity or an agency of a federal, state, or local governmental entity;
- (B) a transaction conducted at a price and subject to terms available to the public; or
- (C) a purchase or lease of goods or services from a person that is chartered by a state or federal agency and that is subject to regular examination by, and reporting to, that agency.

Local Government Code § 176.003(a)(2)(A) and (B):

- (a) A local government officer shall file a conflicts disclosure statement with respect to a vendor if:
 - (2) the vendor:
 - (A) has an employment or other business relationship with the local government officer or a family member of the officer that results in the officer or family member receiving taxable income, other than investment income, that exceeds \$2,500 during the 12-month period preceding the date that the officer becomes aware that
 - a contract between the local governmental entity and vendor has been executed;
 or
 - (ii) the local governmental entity is considering entering into a contract with the vendor;
 - (B) has given to the local government officer or a family member of the officer one or more gifts that have an aggregate value of more than \$100 in the 12-month period preceding the date the officer becomes aware that:
 - (i) a contract between the local governmental entity and vendor has been executed; or
 - (ii) the local governmental entity is considering entering into a contract with the vendor.

Local Government Code § 176.006(a) and (a-1)

- (a) A vendor shall file a completed conflict of interest questionnaire if the vendor has a business relationship with a local governmental entity and:
 - (1) has an employment or other business relationship with a local government officer of that local governmental entity, or a family member of the officer, described by Section 176.003(a)(2)(A);
 - (2) has given a local government officer of that local governmental entity, or a family member of the officer, one or more gifts with the aggregate value specified by Section 176.003(a)(2)(B), excluding any gift described by Section 176.003(a-1); or
 - (3) has a family relationship with a local government officer of that local governmental entity.
- (a-1) The completed conflict of interest questionnaire must be filed with the appropriate records administrator not later than the seventh business day after the later of:
 - (1) the date that the vendor:
 - (A) begins discussions or negotiations to enter into a contract with the local governmental entity; or
 - (B) submits to the local governmental entity an application, response to a request for proposals or bids, correspondence, or another writing related to a potential contract with the local governmental entity; or
 - (2) the date the vendor becomes aware:
 - (A) of an employment or other business relationship with a local government officer, or a family member of the officer, described by Subsection (a);
 - (B) that the vendor has given one or more gifts described by Subsection (a); or
 - (C) of a family relationship with a local government officer.

Taylor Dunn Rodriguez





Objective

Dedicated full time Division Manager procuring and completing work contracts for E-Z Bel Construction, LLC including increasing construction and retention capabilities of company's divisions as a whole through interdepartmental management. Areas of expertise include moderate scale roadway reconstruction, traffic/fiber and illumination/signalization, SAWS/COSA/CPS/Private underground utilities, and concrete flatwork/structure construction.

Experience

E-Z Bel Construction, LLC

May 2016 - March 2021 / Sept. 2021 - Current

Local San Antonio area general contractor/subcontractor for private and public civil projects. Owners include COSA, Texas Department of Transportation, Bexar County, SAWS, CPS, Verizon, other General Contractors, and local municipalities/agencies. Primary responsibilities and functions are as follows:

Streets & Utilities - Division Manager September 2021-Current

- Manage through project teams 8-16 projects at one time within operations and estimating ranging from 96K to 19+M, including field management responsibilities, quality control, quantity management, subcontractor management, supplier management, and overall TCP in project zones with all in house and subcontracted services
- Manage estimates from all sources of work, including budget finalization and actualization to WIP including contract
 execution and retainage release finalization
- Ensure long term growth and stabilization of Streets and Utilities Division (65% of company's revenue) through equipment procurement/utilization/management, team hiring/promotion/training, and contracted work completion
- Manage accounting software "Viewpoint Spectrum" integration into company wide utilization, starting 9/20/22, including full recoding of all current WOH, payroll coding management, training of 12+ operations/estimating/accounting staff members, and refinement of equipment job cost structure through monthly reconciliations and interdepartmental discussions with appropriate personnel
- Integrate all modifications from all departments to ensure proper job cost structuring

Traffic Signals Division Manager/Project Manager/Estimator

August 2018-March 2021

- Manage 30-40 projects at one time and entire Traffic Signals Division. Workforce consisted of three Superintendents, two project coordinators, one assistant project manager, ten utility crews, one drill crew, and one inventory manager
- Increased revenue 70% from 2018 to 2021. Increased margin to over 31% from 2018 to 2021
- Working hours 6 AM to 6 PM Monday through Friday, Weekends and Nights as Needed based on project requirements/locations as far as Uvalde, TX/Kerville + Ingram, TX
- Contract management including new contract acquisition, current contract/project completions, and all preconstruction/closeout activities from subcontract issuance to retainage release submission



May 2016-August 2018

- Formulate estimate from project discovery to final submission, complete with all takeoffs, quote requests and analysis, gross margin review, hours reports, and pay item pricing through HCSS Heavy Bid and if needed Excel or Timberline
- Create project schedules utilizing Primavera P6 and Microsoft Project to determine contract length and feasibility of available resources
- Track every project that comes through estimating utilizing excel log to determine available market share, past performance, projects bidding, bid, currently open, and awarded, by estimator, owner, and division (core and signals)
- Utilize above log to create current jobs list utilized companywide by accounting, Human Resources, and production for pertinent job information such as retainage %, location, and project team, along with job numbering
- Turnover projects from estimating to production, along with project budget to accounting, special provisions to Human Resources, and crew utilization to Vice President, complete with supplier buy out and subcontract negotiation
- Daily collaboration and work in conjunction with President, Chief Estimator, Vice President, Project Managers, and Superintendents to formulate realistic cost estimates of projects bidding
- Establish new client relations, maintain current client and subcontractor relations, identify areas of market to penetrate for increased market share/margin

Supervisors: Michael R. Rodriguez, Ishmael Garcia, Randy Hood, & Stephen Park

WPM Construction

March 2021 - September 2021

- Project Manager
- Managed field operations for Project STAR, consistently managed 4 utility crews, 1 concrete crew, multiple subcontractors, and several other projects around East San Antonio with General Contractors (SUNDT, YATES, ZACHRY, DPR, WHITING TURNER, SKANSKA, PRIVATE OWNERS).
- · Management of large scale utility products ordering with suppliers from submittal request to invoice approval
- Crew management including onboarding and termination of all field employees associated with Project STAR
- Large scale roadway reconstruction project pay estimate management

Supervisors: Michael Koch, Pedro Aragon

Building Tech Team, LLC

April 2016-May 2016

- General Associate
- HVAC inspection, testing, and reporting

Supervisor: Phillip A. Guajardo, PE

Byrom Cattle Co.

June 2012 - January 2017

- General associate
- Maintenance of tractor and implements
- Fence building, hay hauling, cattle work, etc. as required to maintain cattle ranch

Supervisor: Dr. Keith Byrom

Education

Southwest High School

Texas A&M University- College Station

- 1 year, 24 credit hours completed
- GPA- 3.125 out of 4.00
- Courses included
 - o Foundations of Engineering
 - o Physical Geology
 - o Physics for scientists and engineers

The University of Texas at San Antonio

August 2015-May 2017

- Bachelors of Science in Construction Science and Management with a minor in Business Administration
- Multiple 4.0 Semesters
- Last two semesters were two 21-hour consecutive semesters while working two occupations, one part time and one full time
- Graduated with honors, Magna Cum Laude, number one in Construction Science Major with 3.75 GPA
- Completed undergraduate degree in 3 years, with no debt accumulation

Skills

- Ability to operate standard vehicles and tractors, mini excavators, pressure diggers (truck mounted drill rig), PCMS, Front End Loader, Track Dozer
- Able to convey information effectively verbally and in writing
- Highly detail oriented
- Ability to multitask and accomplish multiple concurrent projects

Training

- CPS jobsite "contractor passport" certified (safety around CPS energy equipment and infrastructure), 2017
- OSHA 30-hour certification, April 2016
- TRF-450, 100% exam score, August 2018
- Arbinger Institute Training
- Vistage Emerging Leaders Program 2019-completed
- FMI Training, 5 Sessions
- Vistage Advancing Leader Program 2021-current

August 2011 - June 2014 August 2014 - May 2015

FRANCISCO MENDOZA

FMENDOZA@EZBEL.COM

EXPERIENCE

OCTOBER 2022 – PRESENT GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT, E-Z BEL CONSTRUCTION, LLC

Manages all superintendents and crews for the Street & Utilities Division, including coordinating phases of construction with superintendents and crews; this involves the effective planning and scheduling of material, equipment, and staffing needs to complete the project on time and within budget. Works with Division Manager, Project Managers, and Superintendents in the creation of a two week schedule and manages the overall productivity of the project, crews and subcontractors onsite.

JUNE 2016 – OCTOBER 2022

SUPERINTENDENT, E-Z BEL CONSTRUCTION, LLC

Manages all aspects of an assigned project, including coordinating all phases of construction; this involves the effective planning and scheduling of material, equipment and staffing needs in order to complete the project on time and within budget. Works with Project Manager in the creation of a two week schedule and manages the overall productivity of the project, crews and subcontractors onsite.

SEPTEMBER 2010 – JUNE 2016 SUPERINTENDENT, DEAN WORD LTD.

Manages all aspects of an assigned project, including coordinating all phases of construction; this involves the effective planning and scheduling of material, equipment and staffing needs in order to complete the project on time and within budget. Works with Project Manager in the creation of a two week schedule and manages the overall productivity of the project, crews and subcontractors onsite. Reported to Project Engineer and/or Vice President of Production on performance with the contract schedules.

SEPTEMBER 2004 – SEPTEMBER 2010 PARTY CHIEF SURVEYOR, DEAN WORD LTD.

Performs layouts for roads and bridges with horizontal and vertical alignments. Assisted concrete crews with alignment and grades and in understanding the procedure of construction. Helped project superintendent to plan and organize activities concerning the project.

EDUCATION

CERTIFICATE ON ACCOUNTING

SOUTH TEXAS COMMUNITY COLLEGE, 2003.

HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA

ROMA HIGH SCHOOL, 1997.

SKILLS

- Heart Saver First Aid, CPR, AED | American
 Heart Association | 10/9/2015 | Card.
- Storm Water Construction Inspector Workshop | SAWS | 11/12/2015 | Certificate.
- Confined Spaces in Construction | EGC, INC.
 | 1/16/2016 | Certificate & Card.
- CISEC | CISEC | 4/4/2016 | Certificate.
- Work Zone Safety Temporary Traffic Control
 | EGC/UT Arlington | 6/2/2016 | Certificate
- Management Leadership | ABC/NCCER | 6/7/2016 | Certificate.

- Asbestos Awareness | OSHA/CATTO & CATTO | 10/3/2016 | Certificate & Card.
- 8-H Competent Person Excavation & Trenching | EGC, INC. | 11/12/2016 | Certificate.
- OSHA 30 Hour | OSHA | 12/10/2016 | Card.
- Work Zone Traffic Control for Contractor's Responsible Person | TEEX | 4/19/2017 | Certificate.
- TRF450



E-Z BEL CONSTRUCTION, LLC 203 Recoleta

San Antonio, Texas 78216 Office: (210) 736 - 6595 Fax: (210) 735 - 1842

CPS	Prime	\$ 6,298,660.00	44	CPS Shaula Solar Switchyard	23-0326022
CPS	Prime		40	CPS-Crossroads Substation	23-0316051
TXDOT	Prime	\$ 1,960,789.00	48	TxDOT Hays US290 0113-07-072	23-0315033
Private & Other	Prime	\$ 944,739.00	44	Pape-Dawson-Borgfeld Turn Lanes TS	23-0314036
TXDOT	Prime	\$ 2,331,672.00 Prime	\$	TxDOT-Hays-SH123-0366-01-081	23-0235031
Private & Other	Prime	\$ 7,716,021.00	¢A.	UHS Vida CH-Site Clearing	23-0234042
COSA	Prime	\$ 1,392,657.00	4.6	CoSA Contessa Dr Drainage	23-0231048
COSA	Prime	\$ 792,505.00	49	CoSA MCP3 Downtown Bridge	23-01TMC17
COSA	Prime	\$ 259,962.00	46	CoSA MCP3 Castroville Ped Bridge Demo	23-01TMC16
COSA	Prime	\$ 602,728.00 Prime	40	CoSA MCP3 Historical Bridge	23-01TMC08
COSA	Prime	\$ 143,319.00	4.6	CoSA NW Service Center SW	23-01TMC06
COSA	Prime	\$ 699,045.00	4.0	COSA-M&S Cementitious Overlay	23-01TMC04
COSA	Prime	\$ 1,520,935.00	40	COSA-Commerce SA River	23-01TMC02
COSA	Prime	647,867.00	46	COSA-MCP3-Commerce Bridge	23-01TMC01
COSA	Prime	\$ 524,496.00 Prime	to.	COSA-GTCTO-Midcrown	23-01GTC01
TXDOT	Sub	\$ 2,151,078.00	to.	Pulte McCrary Tract Bridge	23-0127045
TXDOT	Prime	\$ 2,141,122.00	to.	TxDOT-Dewitt-0840-02-024	23-0125058
TXDOT	Prime	\$ 6,351,465.00	45	TxDOT-Gonzales-0715-01-025	23-0125037
TXDOT	Prime	\$ 2,595,422.00	45	TxDOT-Victoria-1132-01-035	23-0125034
TXDOT	Prime	\$ 1,278,589.00 Prime	\$	TxDOT-Gonzales-0913-22-016	23-0125032
TXDOT	Prime	\$ 1,049,362.00	\$	TxDOT-Dewitt-0839-04-013	23-0125021
Cities Other than SA	Prime	\$ 1,319,548.00	\$	Selma-Lookout Road Mt Crest	23-0113012
COSA	Prime		40	COSA-Floyd Curl Drive	23-0111050
COSA	Prime	\$ 5,043,985.00	4,s	COSA-Hamilton Wolfe Cycle Track	23-0111049
TXDOT	Prime	\$ 1,884,493.00		TxDOT-Bexar-0016-08-043	22-0415026
TXDOT	Prime	\$ 2,079,347.00	49	TxDOT-Comal-0016-10-025	22-0415023
CPS	Prime	\$ 15,738,061.00	\$	CPS-345 Howard Road Substation	22-0326035
COSA	Prime	\$ 16,255,154.00		COSA-South Presa Street	22-0311016
COSA	Prime			COSA-South Gevers Street Drainage	22-0231010
Private & Other	Prime	\$ 1,647,056	- 45	WGI-Victoria Commons	22-0214039
Private & Other	Prime	\$ 1,751,790 Prime	45	Pape-Dawson-Borgfeld Drive and Kinder Parkway	22-0124032
Private & Other	Sub	\$ 148,740	45	Whiting Turner-Intercontinental Hotel	24-045
Cities Other than SA	Prime	287,437	\$	City of Pflugerville-Heatherwilde Blvd and Settlers	24-036
TXDOT	Prime	\$ 787,787	**	TxDOT McLennan 0014-10-068	24-029
COSA	Prime	\$ 447,829	4,4	COSA MCP3 Brook Hollow	24-026
Private & Other	Prime	\$ 68,800.00	***	Bitterblue-Emergency Barrier	24-014
CPS	Prime	\$ 628,286	49	CPS-Rafter Expansion	24-011
Private & Other	Prime	\$ 1,815,700.00	49	PEC-Florence Subs Pad Site	24-007
TXDOT	Prime	\$ 778,577.00	\$	Tx Bx Blanco 270801033	24-006
b Froject Owner	Prime/Sub	CONTRACT AMOUNT		Job Name	Job#
	D .	THIOMET AMOUNT			

23-04TMC11	23-04TMC09	23-04TMC03	23-0417046	23-0417024	23-0417014	23-0417008	23-0415062	23-0415061	23-0415060	23-0415059	23-0415058	23-0415057	23-0415038	23-0415030	23-0415029	23-0415027	23-0415026	23-0415023	23-0415020	23 044 5040	23-0415010	23-0415007	23-0414059	23-0414054	23-0414052	23-0414041	23-0414028	23-0413039	23-0326040
CoSA MCP3 Hemisfair Park	CoSA MCP3 ACME HAWK	CoSA MCP3 MLK Fliv Crosswalk	Vero Sade-1604 at O'connor	Pobling & Modern Wiscome Blod	Legacy SH46 & Weltner Rd	Joeris-Nutty Brown HEB 2	TxDOT-SP-FM2986 302601034	TxDOT FM1518 Widen 046502027	TxDOT Guad US90 002503105	TxDOT Travis SI 091404331	TxDOT Webb TCD 054201102	Typot Austin Bridg 001608047	TxDOT Bayar Safety 00151 12 806	TxDOT Travis TS 091400479	TxDOT Burnet U281 025202063	TxDOT McLennan 020901071	TxDOT-Bexar-Districtwide 091500254	TxDOT-Bexar-SP Sahara 091512698	Typot Mata SH35 017904102	1 TOT O 1 1 1000 00000000000000000000000	TxDOT-BX-FY23 0915-00-253	TxDOT BX-PM6427-41-001	Bartlett Cocke - Valor SA	Comal ISD TS 1863 & Johnson	Santikos UTSA and UTEX TS	Kencon-Compass Rose Dream Campus	Fasken-Talavera Camp Bullis	City of New Braunfels 23-031 Intersection Improvements	CPS S0885 Scenic Loop Substation CPS Ingram Rd Substation
60	€5	60	60 6	2 4	7 60	45	49	\$	45	69	69 6	A 4	n ta	45	49	45	69 (5A 6	A 4	+	9 49	\$	\$	€5	69	€4	60	69	w w
160,322.00 Prime	180,519.00 Prime	186,246.00 Prime	654.351.00 Sub							550,670.00 Prime		1,319,900.00 1111116				796,945.00 Prime	1,347,420.00 Prime	1 086 718 00 Prime	2,059,548.00 Prime			259,900 Prime	159,354 Sub	297,685.00 Prime			572,553.00 Sub	854,000.00 Prime	5,781,241.00 Prime 3.389,476.00 Prime
		COSA	b Private & Other								0	TYPOT							TYPOT I			me TXDOT							me CPS
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E-Z BEL CONSTRUCTION, LLC 203 Recoleta San Antonio, Texas 78216 Office: (210) 736 - 6595 Fax: (210) 735-1842

Completed Jobs List

5/1/2018 [TXDOT	5/1/2017	\$ 1,383,518 prime	TXDOT-Bexar-Traffic Control Device-0915-00-180	3-01-08417
6/1/2020 COSA	6/1/2018	\$ 1,423,791.18 prime	COSA-FY18 and FY19 Traffic Calming Construction	18-04-11010
11/10/2017 Private and Other	7/10/2017	\$ 1,455,813 prime	BDA-Aeromedical Drive	17-02-54008
11/27/2020 TXDOT	5/4/2020	\$ 1,477,237.00 prime	TxDOT-Bexar-CS-Hazard Elimination & Safety Improvements (Beacons)-0017-10-288	19-04-15016
9/17/2020 COSA	2/10/2020	\$ 1,490,624.22 prime	COSA-District 7 Drainage Improvements	19-02-31030
11/20/2022 COSA	10/1/2022	\$ 1,500,000 prime	COSA-FY21-22 Traffic Calming Construction Contract	20-04-21044
COSA		1,508,557.58	Harper Bros-Callaghan Road-Signals Only	1-04-06516
8/7/2021 COSA	9/26/2020	\$ 1,553,971.56 prime	COSA-Evans Road (Highway 281 to Caliza Drive)	20-04-11030
11/1/2019 COSA-SUB BID	5/1/2018	1,555,390	COSA-Curran-DeZavala-UPRR to Lockhill Selma-Signals Only	18-04-18002
11/1/2019 COSA-SUB BID	5/1/2018	\$ 1,555,390.20 sub	COSA-Curran-DeZavala-UPRR to Lockhill Selma-Signals Only	18-04-18002
7/1/2019 Private and Other	11/5/2018	1,574,613.00	Bartlett Cocke-SH 46 and Voss Middle School-TxDOT ROW Work	18-03-17033
9/6/2022 COSA	9/6/2021	\$ 1,579,900 prime	COSA-Paso Del Norte St (Shady Oaks)	21-02-31036
5/1/2018 Bexar County	1/15/2018	\$ 1,615,435.25 prime	Bexar Co-Pedestrian Crossing Improvements	17-01-12024
1/23/2019 Cities other than SA	7/27/2018	\$ 1,631,430.54 prime	Cibolo-FM 1103 & Cibolo Valley Dr Intersection Roadway Improvements	18-03-13020
1/1/2019 COSA	5/29/2018	\$ 1,664,827.05 prime	COSA-Beffast Dr & Janda Rd Area Phase 2	18-02-31009
8/1/2018 COSA	3/1/2018	\$ 1,664,827.05 prime	COSA-Belfast Dr & Janda Rd Area Phase 2	18-02-31009
5/1/2020 TXDOT	10/21/2019	\$ 1,694,498.00 prime	TxDOT-Bexar-CS-Hazard Elimination & Safety Improvements (Signals)-0915-12-622	19-04-15017
1/26/2019 COSA	5/29/2018	1,736,436.50	COSA-17-18 Reconstruction-Reclamation TOC Pkg 12	18-03-41012
12/9/2019 SAWS	3/4/2019	1,750,168.00	SAWS-Louis Pasteur 12" Water Main Replacement	19-02-16002
8/25/2020 TXDOT	10/21/2019	1,774,682.00	TxDOT-Bexar-CS-FY19 DW Traffic Signal & Illumination Upgrades-0915-12-566	19-04-15009
10/16/2017 CPS	6/19/2017	1,791,560	CPS-New Martinez Substation	17-03-36009
11/20/2022 COSA	11/1/2020	_	COSA-FY20-21 Traffic Calming Construction Contract	19-04-21019
3/6/2022 Private and Other	7/6/2021	1.799.356.00	Sundt Camaron St (Fox tech to W Houston St)	21-04-18012
2/19/2022 COSA	5/17/2021	1.940.478.83	COSAS 73 arramors St & Anniewhite Rd Intersection	21-03-11006
8/2/2021 TXDOT	1/11/2021	2 070 932 03	TYDOT-Ivalde-VA-Safety Improvement Projects-0074-07-075	20-04-15031
9/7/2021 COSA	11/2/2020	,,,	COSA-Thomas (afferson High School (Area Streets)	20-03-11039
4/16/2021 COSA	8/10/2020	1 0	COSAN Flores & Endelskehm GH (K Delske)	20-03-11008
3/31/2021 COSA	A/1/2019	2 350 044 00	COSA EVISE S SERVE TO DECE	18-04-23007
7/5/2018 Citiae Other than SA	7/5/2017		LUIANA-2017-2019 IOC TO TRAITC SIGNAL SYSTEMS A	17-04-11020
40/43049 COSA	371/2010	2,004,430.00	DOCA DATA TOOK TOOK TO CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF TH	11001-40-71
EN 2019 TYPOT	3700775	2,6/3,191.18	CUSA-2016-2018 Task Order Contract for Traffic Signal Systems Pkg. B	1-07-00916
COSA Other than SA			Castle Hills-2015 Street Maintenance (Phase 2)	4-04-07116
Sitting of the Co.	3712421	3,703,727,000	IXUO - Uvalde-CS-Intersection Upgrades & improvements-Jus-Jus-Jus-Jus-Jus-Jus-Jus-Jus-Jus-Ju	19-04-15018
2/1/2027 Cines onlei man SA	0202/37/6	اد	Castle Halls-Watershed III Drainage Improvement Phase I (Banyan Dr & Gientower Dr)	20-02-33002
41/44/2020 COCCO CATALON COCCO	21/2020	3,207,689,00		18-04-15032
Private and Other		3,478,590.62	La Cantera Heights-Package 1 & 2	4-04-06314
4/1/2020 EXDOI	4/1/2019	3,513,969.00	TxDOT-Bexar-Various Improvements-Trf Sig & Saf Lighting-0016-08-037	18-04-15031
4/6/2023 Bexar County	3/1/2022	3,771,010.50	Bexar Co-ARMA-BC09 Candlemeadow (Binz-Engleman to Foster)	20-02-12042
8/10/2021 Private and Other	12/14/2020	ယ	PD-Trinity-Hildebrand Improvements	20-04-14041
6/2/2021 COSA	4/20/2020	3,845,353.70	COSA-Thousand Oaks Drive (Wetmore to Perrin Beitel)	19-03-11032
4/15/2020 Bexar County	1/7/2019	\$ 4,077,203.10 prime	Bexar Co-Candlewood Streets Phase II	18-03-12035
6/1/2017 Private and Other	9/11/2017	4,125,587.87	BDA-Aviation Landing	17-03-24019
2/16/2019 COSA	2/1/2018	4,610,951.39	COSA-Medical Center Phase 10	17-02-31029
COSA			Sapphire Dr. & Flora Mae Dr. (Billy Dr. to Alfred Dr.)	1-02-01915
12/1/2017 COSA	3/1/2017	5,149,255.61	COSA-Frio Street/Houston to Cesar Chavez)	1-03-04716
11/12/2020 COSA	11/1/2019	5.271.945.25	COSA-South Pine Street (Greer Street Phase 1)	19-02-31021
7/11/2022 COSA	4/14/2020	5.915.859	COSA-Brooks City Base Stinson Corridor (Research Plaza to S Press St)	20-01-11052
10/1/2022 COSA	11/1/2020	\$ 6.186.300.00 prime	COSA-Barbara Drive Drainage Phase 2	20-02-31029
4/3/2021 COSA	44/44/2042	\$ 6,954,977.00 prime	COUA-Upper Leon Creek	21-03-21017
12/1/2022 COSA	1/1/2020	7,191,094,70	COSA-F 718 LOC for Misc Construction Projects PKg 1	74 02 74047
5/8/2019 Private and Other	8107/8/5	7,195,739.26	BDA-Kennedy Hill	4-02-03815
//8/2020 COSA	6/5/2019	7,407,862.00	Menger Creek Drainage	1-02-02015
8/17/2020 COSA	8/19/2019	7,736,269	COSA-West Military Drive & Ingram Road Connectors	19-03-21010
6/1/2019 COSA	5/1/2018	\$ 9,561,830.00 prime	COSA-Main and Soledad	1-05-01616
3/4/2022 COSA	8/3/2020	\$ 10,358,000.00 prime	COSA-West Military and Westmar Drive Area	20-02-31011
4/1/2018 COSA	2/1/2017	\$ 14,755,774.64 prime	Blanco Road Reconstruction Ph II	1-04-06015
Finish Project Owner	Start	CONTRACT AMOUNT Prime/Sub	Job Name	# doL

970 407
382,159.72
\$ 399,404.37
\$ 421,182.68
\$ 447,000.00 sub
\$ 465,827
\$ 469,677,00
\$ 521,514.31
\$ 523,959.00
\$ 623 907 00
\$ 580,000 prime
\$ 620,798.00
\$ 657,13
\$ 711,414.60 prime
\$ 716,940.48 prime
\$ 767,942.00 prime
\$ 791,680.00 sub
\$ 801,514.65 prime
\$ 872,525.10
900,729.00
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\$ 1,127,745.00 prime
\$ 1,195,914.00 sub

3-03-01416	18-02-24029	18-04-17004	17-02-14034	17_03_13001	3-10-00315	20-01-14015	20-04-17040	20-04-18018	20-02-34046	20-04-18045	22-0417002	18-01-14006	4-01-10716	17-04-17031	17-04-13013	21-02-33020	19-04-17004	4-01-09915	3-05-00516	3-03-01114	19-04-14031	20-04-13003	17-04-12023	21_02_33028	17-04-19014	4-03-02916	3-09-00716	21-04-17019	3-01-07916	22-0417005	22-0114008	21-04-17010	3-03-01215	21-02-0-180-180-180-180-180-180-180-180-180-1	3-03-01617	21-04-17023	4-07-01116	17-04-18028	17-04-14018	20-03-17043	20-04-17004	18-04-14021	4-05-02416	20-04-17020	18-04-14019	20-04-14036	21-04-17021	20-04-17032	4-01-10816	17-04-15036	18-04-14007	1-03-04515	17,04,15010	19-04-1/028	19-04-14033	18-03-12024	17-03-44033	1-04-06115	21-03-17042	49.00-06047
TxDot-Comal-MAC-Landa-BS46		easanton-Preferred Sands Fi	Hampton inn & Suites-Soledad-Sewer and Water	I CRA-Camp Creak Escilities	TyDOT-Wilson Co-Hunter Ind-SH 97-Signals Only	DMSLWest Military Drive Tree Ungrades	RCP Construction-Potranco Road Fourth Leg Trainic Signals	TxDOT-Bexar-Acme-Flashing Beacon Improvements (Signals Only)-0915-00-230	PD-Methodist Hospital Drainage	Modus-Downtown SA Traffic Signal Replacement Pkg 2	Bartlett Cocke-Basis San Antonio Northwest Campus	Lone Star-Westridge Entry La Cantera Paver Band	Olmos Park Storm Drain Outfall	VIA-Spawglass-Zarzamora Primo Construction-Signals Only	City of Leon Valley-Ruebner Rd at Evers Rd-Signals Only	Balcones Heights-Crossroads Drainage Failure	Whiting Times Coses Charge & Main Time I are	Glen Mont Drive	TxDOT-Uvalde-Relmco-US83-Signals Only	FM 1101 Signals	CISD-School Zone Upgrades (Specht Elementary School & Pieper Ranch Middle School)	Leon Valley-Pedestrian Crossing Improvements		Balcones Heights-Crossroads Orainage Failure Phase II	Colors Capital Lockout Bood Signals Only	COSA Forder Books Books Books Stock	TxDOT-Guadalupe-Curran-FM466-Signals Only	Turner-Caldwell County SH 142 Highway Improvements	TxDOT-Bexar CoRELMCO-IH10 Fair Oaks-Signals only	Legacy Sitework-Toutant Beauregard at Scenic Loop Signal	Botanical Gardens-Trail Repairs	American Constructors-OSISD US 290 & Tiger Ln Traffic Signal	TxDOT-Comal Co-Hunter Ind-FM 306	Typot Baye Apol Brokhov 440 Ovorby 0524 05 445 Signals Only	TXDOT-Comal-Hunter-SH 46-0216-01-051-Signals Only	Hausman Holdings-FM 1518 & Abbott Rd Intersection Improvements	VIA-Sundt-US 281 N Park and Ride-Signals Only	TxDOT-Atascosa-Dean Word-SH 97-0328-03-035-Signals Only	HEB-Stantec-Potranco Road #41-Signals Only	RCP Construction-Potranco Road Retail Decei Lanes	Kencon-FM 1516 at Binz Engleman Traffic Signal Improvements	PD-KB Homes-SH 211 & Lambda Drive Traffic Signal	M&M Alamodome	SpawGlass-HEB-Stevens Parkway & Potranco Road Traffic Signal	Kencon-Ingram and Majestic Intersection-Signals Only	CH 130-FM 1185 at CH 130 Signal & Flashing Beacon	DNT-Alamo Pkwy @ Wiseman Rd Traffic Signal	Scrappy Development-SH 46 & Waters Edge Subdivision	Universal City-Parkview Estates Ph.XI Drainage Improvements	TxDOT-Bexar-IH 10 Prev Maint-6319-85-001	Kimley Horn-Wilderness and Gathering Oak Traffic Signal	36th St-Ph IIIB-Signals Only	TyfiOT-Boyar-Traf Sig Maint & Ronair-8315-50-001	All in-CUSA-Ellison at Wiseman intersection improvements	Endura-FM 1957 (Potranco Rd) at Empresario Dr Traffic Signal	Bexar Co-Von Ormy Quarterhorse Phase II and III	LCRA-Camp Creek Park Host Site	Tezel Road-Signals Only	KFW-Trench Repair Cornerstone	Teame Tuda Pradi Samar I ina Balanstan
\$ 77	79,		85			97	* 100,330.00			115						\$ 131,952,00			148		\$ 157,000.00			\$ 159,629,00			167				\$ 178,100.00		100	4 190,303.23		\$ 200,009.92		208		\$ 235,000,00					245	249,50				\$ 277,125.00		286	\$ 289,000						\$ 356,000	1 6 358.291
77,757 sub		0.00 sub				0.00 prime		1.50 sub	110,000 prime	1.00 sub	3.00 prime).36 sub	0.00 prime	128,560 sub	128,897 prime	2.00 prime	132 646 6115	39,754 sub			0.00 prime			00 prima	163 875 suh		1.00 sub		175,813 sub	2.08 prime).00 prime).00 sub		25 enh	192,485 sub			3.00 sub		000 sub		1.55 prime	1.13 sub		0.00 sub	249,300.00 prime	1.25 sub	_				00 sub	289,000 prime				.00 prime	352,545.80 sub	356,000.00 prime	se Inrima
3/1/2017	11/5/2019	4/1/2018	12/3/2017	5/18/2017		4/22/2020	10/1/2022	6/76/2020	11/2/2020	10/30/2020	5/16/2022	3/19/2018			7/20/2017	5/17/2021	9/17/2018	7/4/2047			5/12/2020	6/1/2020	2/1/2018	8/31/2021	8/1/2017			7/5/2021		8/31/2022	5/23/2022	5/24/2021	9 2 2 2 2	6/1/2018	5/1/201/	8/16/2021		2/1/2018	10/1/2017	10/30/2020	6/24/2020	10/1/2018			6/14/2018		11/15/2021	10/5/2020		1/15/2018	4/1/2018		8/1/2017	1/2//2020	2/27/2020	11/1/2018	1/19/2018		12/6/2021	8/11/2018
12/1/2017 TXDOT	12/15/2018 Private and Other	10/31/2018 Private and Other	1/1/2018 Private and Other	5/31/2017 Private and Other		8/20/2020 Private and Other	11/1/2022 Private and Other	S/37/ZUZZ LADOT-SUB BID	1/22/2021 Private and Other	11/25/2020 Private and Other	6/13/2022 Private and Other	4/15/2018 Private and Other	Cities other than SA	Private and Other	10/20/2017 Cities other than SA	9/1/2021 Cities other than SA	11/15/2019 Private and Other	3/1/2019 Drivate and Other	TXDOT	TxDOT-SUB BID	6/29/2020 Private and Other	8/4/2020 Cities other than SA	4/1/2018 Bexar County	10/16/2021 Cities other than SA	12/1/2017 Cities other than SA	COSA Chief	Private and Other	9/6/2021 Private and Other	TXDOT	8/31/2023	6/22/2022 Private and Other	8/30/2021 Private and Other	TxDOT	10/31/2019 TXDOT-SUB BID	S/1/2018 AUC -308 BID	10/1/2021 Private and Other	Private and Other	12/1/2018 TXDOT-SUB BID	11/20/2017 Private and Other	11/20/2020 Private and Other	7/28/2020 Private and Other		Private and Other	Private and Other	7/14/2019 Private and Other	TxDOT	2/28/2022 Private and Other	5/13/2021 Private and Other	Cities other than SA	1/15/2019 TXDOT	9/30/2018 Private and Other	CO	8/1/2018 TXDOT	8/2/2020 Private and Other	9/23/2020 Private and Other	6/1/2019 Bexar County	3/19/2018 Private and Other	co	12/23/2021 Private and Other	40/4/2018 SWAS

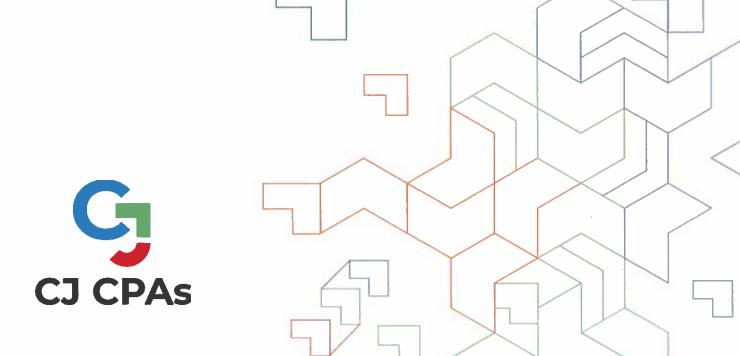
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			+			
6/2/2023 CPS			98 prime	355,997.98	CPS-South San Replace TR-SWGR #4	
2/14/2023 CPS	8/29/2022 2/14		00 prime	1.488.542.0	roansion	
Private and Other			Sub	2.000	lets	
			2,995 prime	2,99		
8/1/2017 Private and Other	7/31/2017 8/1			4,000.0	ing Lot Conduit Installation	
Private and Other			00 prime	6,000		
5/21/2017 Private and Other	·	5		6,250.00	PSW-Olmos Drive Grading	
4/1/2017 Private and Other			dus	8,000.0	SAK-St Mary's & Alamo-Ped Sig	
5/10/2021 Cities other than SA			00 prime	8,500.00	Serme-Herff Rd Signal Pole Realignment	
1/18/2019 Private and Other	1/16/2019 1/18		00 prime	14,600.00		19-02-24001
2/17/2017 Cities other than SA	2/16/2017 2/17		50 prime	15,150		
TXDOT			00 sub	15,500		
1/2022 Private and Other		1/	6,000.00 sub	16,000.0	n Relocation	22-0417001 V
11/1/2018 Private and Other	10/1/2018 11/1/	11	dus 00	16,750.00	Whiting-Turner-Cesar Chavez Signal Upgrade \$	18-01-14026 N
Private and Other			57 sub	16,957		
Private and Other	2/1/2017		17,900.00 prime	17,900.0	Transwestern-Probandt Striping, Signage, Curb Ramp	
3/18/2022 Private and Other			00 prime	18,000.00		
5/1/2021 Cities other than SA			00 prime	19,050.00	g	
1/2021 Cities other than SA			0 prime	19,100.0	nent Repair	
U/18/2021 Private and Other	10/11/01		dus	20,000.0		
STREET OF THE STREET		1	ans	20,000.0	ce Phase 2 Hasning Beacons	1/004
11/1/2021 Cities outer tilan ax			prime	23,500.00	or Repair	
o/4/2024 Cities and Crief			dus	23,750.00 sub		
OF TANA CHARACTER OF THE COLOR		"	ons	24,600.00	Rd Conduit Repair	
		1	dus	25,000.00	-MATERIAL ONLY	
Private and Other			ous or	26,797.0		
//30/2016 Private and Other	5/1/2018		ans o	27,520	CISD-Curran-Si Hedwig Roadway-Flashing Beacons	
CONTRACTOR PRIVATE AND OTHER		, see	ans	29,000	Kencon-Ingram and Majestic Intersection-School Zone Flashers	
17/1/2010 Private and Other				29,725.0		
Filedie and Other			30,300.00 prime	30,300.0	Verlay	
Orio/2021 Frivate and Other	0/0/2021		ans	31,000		
1/2/2021 Filivate and Other		g	dus	33,000.00	Signal Replacement	
Private and Other	CIT CONTOUR PROPERTY	2	o sup	35,000.0		
Private and Other	OUCIUCIE	E. C	200	35,000.00	rencon-ingram and majestic intersection-riatwork and striping	
STATES AND COLOR		Ž,	dus	40,883.00		
Eliana and Other				41,03	Ce base Repair	
0/1/2021 Cities other than SA			dus	42,000.0		
20022 Private and Other			o prime	43,000.0	e Connections	
Private and Other				43,700.0		
7/30/2020 Private and Other			nrima Darima	45 780 00	Off 199*Discribing	
8/25/2020 Private and Other			o sub	47.496.0	County of the state of the stat	
8/18/2020 Private and Other			dus 00	48.000.00	Flashing Beacons	
2/13/2019 Private and Other			8 prime	49,827,48 prime	stallation	
6/23/2018 Private and Other	5/23/2018 6/23/		0 sub	50,500.0		
N/A Private and Other			7 sub	53,72		
9/4/2020 Private and Other			0 prime	54,023.00	triveways and Sidewalks	
7/4/2018 Private and Other	6/4/2018 7/4/		dus 00	55,100.0	Vulcan-1604 Connect to City Water Supply	
12/1/2017 Private and Other	3/1/2017 12/1/		dus 00	58,000	2ambria Hotel-ABRB-Water Services \$	4-05-02916
4/15/2018 Private and Other			0 prime	58,273.00	BDA-Linear Park and Military-Culvert Installation \$	18-02-34060 E
11/5/2020 Private and Other	9/24/2020 11/5/	97.	dus 0(58,300.00	Noble Texas Builders-School Zone Flashers \$	20-04-17035 N
4/1/2021 Private and Other	2/26/2021 4/1/		dus 0(60,000.00	ignal Upgrade	
3/27/2018 Private and Other			0 prime	60,355.00	Weston Centre Drop Off Lanes \$	
5/3/2019 Private and Other	4/19/2019 5/3/		dus 0(62,000.00	Middleman Construction-Evans Road at Bulverde Road Turn Lane	
2/15/2021 Private and Other	8/18/2021 12/15/		0 prime	65,000.0	SAMF-Wurzbach Rd Recycled Water Tap	
TXDOT			dus	67,437.00		
0/31/2018 Private and Other	5/1/2018 10/31/		prime	68,000,00		
Private and Other				70,000.0		
3/24/2019 Private and Other	2/19/2019 3/24/			71,018.00	at	
Private and Other		,		72.000.00	Kencen-IDEA Bio Country Flashing Beacons	
4/15/2018 Private and Other		ين		73.134.0		
9/18/2020 Private and Other		8	sub	73.250	Modus-Downtown SA Traffic Signal Replacement	
1/31/2019 Private and Other			prime	00.000,07	\imiey Hom-Gonzaba-rieasanton kg Mig Block reg Xing	
A A A SA S				75 000 00		18-04-17015 H



E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries

December 31, 2023 and 2022

Consolidated Financial Statements and Supplementary Information (Audited)



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Stockholders E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. (a Texas corporation), which comprise the balance sheet as of December 31, 2023, and the related consolidated statement of income, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements (collectively, the financial statements).

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. as of December 31, 2023, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 company's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

CJ CPAs, PLLC San Antonio, TX February 20, 2024

E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Balance Sheets December 31, 2023 and 2022

	2023			2022
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash	\$	8,471,127	\$	6,275,628
Investments		8,057,411		7,238,473
Receivables:				
Contracts receivable		9,550,035		8,256,280
Unconditional retainage		508,227		260,094
Contract assets:				
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on				
uncompleted contracts		5,864,202		894,043
Conditional retainage		5,814,342		3,242,721
Prepaid expenses and other		818,400		647,965
Total current assets		39,083,744		26,815,204
Property and equipment, net		10,392,600		7,218,656
Other assets				
Due from stockholders		-		172,318
Deposits		105,200		91,200
Related party note receivable		1,180,397		-
Cash value of life insurance		779,690		909,429
Goodwill (net of accumulated amortization of \$90,016)		545,400		608,940
Construction in progress		189,770		315,500
Investment in captive insurance company		45,000		45,000
Total other assets		2,845,457		2,142,387
Total assets	\$	52,321,801	\$	36,176,247

E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Balance Sheets December 31, 2023 and 2022

		2023	2022		
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity					
Current liabilities					
Current maturities of long-term debt	\$	1,191,523	\$	1,016,067	
<u>-</u>	Ф	787,230	Ψ	798,185	
Current portion of right-of-use finance lease liabilities		561,025		544,684	
Current portion of related party note payable		361,023		544,004	
Accounts payable		8,589,621		5,347,433	
Trade					
Unconditional retainage		45,123		133,706	
Accrued expenses		1,737,355		394,020	
Accrued job loss		265,813		134,422	
Franchise taxes payable		141,000		35,812	
Contract liabilities:					
Billings in excess of costs and earnings on uncompleted		0.040.054		E 007 000	
contracts		8,312,051		5,687,339	
Conditional retainage		1,317,854		646,610	
Distributions payable		2,130,000			
Total current liabilities		25,078,595		14,738,278	
Long-term liabilities					
Long-term debt, less current maturities		3,362,891		3,091,226	
Long-term portion of right-of-use finance lease liabilities		1,565,874		1,748,799	
Related party note payable		4,427,798		4,988,823	
Deferred compensation plan payable		446,704		358,590	
Total long-term liabilities		9,803,267		10,187,438	
Charlehaldami amuitu					
Stockholders' equity Common stock - \$.0.10 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized;					
		10,000		10,000	
1,000,000 shares issued and outstanding		22,279,146		16,494,054	
Retained earnings		(4,849,207)		(5,253,523)	
Less unearned employee stock ownership plan (ESOP) shares		17,439,939		11,250,531	
Total stockholders' equity		17,439,939		11,200,031	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	52,321,801	\$	36,176,247	

E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Income Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

	2023	2022
Construction income	\$ 106,951,749	\$ 65,116,914
Cost of construction	89,469,630	57,648,949
Gross profit	17,482,119	7,467,965
General and administrative expenses	(7,669,638)	(6,030,869)
Gain on disposal of equipment	109,184	67,613
Operating income	9,921,665	1,504,709
Other income (expense):		
Interest expense	(451,230)	(314,503)
Interest and dividend income	228,597	196,092
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments	747,213	(709,359)
Amortization expense	(63,540)	(26,476)
Other income	524,124	100,942
Total other income, net	985,164	(753,304)
Income before income tax expense	10,906,829	751,405
Franchise tax expense	156,826	28,294
Net Income	\$ 10,750,003	\$ 723,111

E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

Balance at December 31, 2023	Net income	Change in fair value of shares released	Distributions	Release of shares in suspense	Balance at December 31, 2022	Net income	Change in fair value of shares released	Distributions	Release of shares in suspense	Balance at December 31, 2021		
1,000,000	1	1	1	•	1,000,000	ı	1	1	•	1,000,000	Shares	Common Stock
\$ 10,000	1	ı	,	•	10,000		1	,	•	\$ 10,000	Amount	Stock
\$ 22,279,146	10,750,003	(113,390)	(4,851,521)		16,494,054	723,111	(24,020)	(2,103,236)	32,412	\$ 17,865,787	Earnings	Retained
159,732	•	•	•	(13,585)	173,317		•	1	(11,701)	185,018	Shares	Unearned ESOP
\$ (4,849,207)	i	,	•	404,316	(5, 253, 523)		•	•	297,006	\$ (5,550,529)	Amount	d ESOP
\$ 17,439,939	10,750,003	(113,390)	(4,851,521)	404,316	11,250,531	723,111	(24,020)	(2,103,236)	329,418	\$ 12,325,258	Total	

E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

	 2023	2022		
Cash flows from operating activities Net income	\$ 10,750,003	\$	723,111	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided				
by operations:				
ESOP compensation expense	290,926		367,725	
Depreciation and amortization	2,573,840		2,017,965	
Gain on disposal of equipment	(109,184)		(67,613)	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Investments	(879,131)		328,083	
Accounts receivable	(1,369,570)		(1,765,441)	
Contract assets	(7,541,780)		(608,270)	
Prepaid expenses	(170,435)		(122,805)	
Deposits	(14,000)		(1,000)	
Cash surrender value of life insurance	129,739		120,657	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	4,716,445		681,967	
State franchise taxes payable	105,188		(70,220)	
Contract liabilities	3,295,956		3,593,340	
Net cash provided by operating activities	11,777,997		5,197,499	
Cash flows from investing activities				
Issuance of related party note, net	(1,180,397)		(8,995)	
Proceeds from disposal of equipment	153,254		67,613	
Investment in captive insurance company	-		(20,000)	
Net purchases of investments	60,193		(126,914)	
Purchase of property and equipment	(2,142,015)		(655,684)	
Net cash used by investing activities	(3,108,965)		(743,980)	
Cash flows from financing activities				
Principal payments on long-term debt	(1,717,608)		(1,000,149)	
Principal payments on finance lease obligations	(2,034,404)		(642,112)	
Distributions	(2,721,521)		(3,189,329)	
Net cash used by financing activities	(6,473,533)		(4,831,590)	
Net increase (decrease) in cash	 2,195,499		(378,071)	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	6,275,628		6,653,699	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 8,471,127	\$	6,275,628	

(continued)

E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

	2023		2022	
Supplemental cash flow information				
Cash paid for interest expense	\$	451,230	\$	314,503
Cash paid for state franchise taxes		68,119		95,100
Cash paid for amounts included in measurement of lease liabilities:				
Financing cash flows from finance leases		96,502		38,965
Supplemental disclosures of noncash flow information				
Equipment acquired with long-term debt		1,620,045		343,832
Transfer of Right-of-Use Asset to Property, Plant, and Equipment		1,238,079		-
Lease assets obtained in exchange for lease obligations:				
Finance leases		1,840,524		1,128,246
Declared and accrued cash distributions		2,130,000		-
Fair market value adjustment for ESOP shares released		113,390		24,020
Debt issued for acquisition of Hill Country Bridge, Inc.		-		3,150,225

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting entity and nature of operations: E-Z Bel Construction, LLC (Construction) is engaged in the heavy highway, utility construction, and bridge and concrete industry and its jobs are generally awarded through a competitive bid process in which the low bidder is awarded the contract. Substantially all Construction's contracts are with federal, state and municipal institutions in San Antonio, Texas, and the surrounding areas. 811 El Monte, LLC (El Monte) is engaged in rental real estate for third parties. E-Z Bel Construction is wholly owned by E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. (collectively, the Company). 811 El Monte is wholly owned by E-Z Bel Construction, LLC.

Principles of consolidation: The consolidated financial statements (the financial statements) include the accounts of E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. and its subsidiaries Construction and El Monte. All significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

Use of estimates: The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates inherent in the accompanying consolidated financial statements include estimated costs on incomplete contracts.

Investments: Investments consist primarily of mutual funds, common stocks, municipal bonds and a money market account. The fair value of substantially all investments is determined by quoted market prices. The estimated fair value of securities for which there are no quoted market prices is based on similar types of securities that are traded in the market (see Note 2). The consolidated statements of income include interest and dividend income of \$228,597 (\$196,092 in 2022) and realized and unrealized gains (losses) totaling \$747,213 (709,359 loss in 2022) for the year ended December 31, 2023, from these investments.

The investment in the captive insurance company is accounted for at the lower of cost or market due to the Company not owning a controlling interest in the investment.

Trade accounts receivable: The allowance for doubtful accounts is established as losses are estimated to have occurred through a provision for bad debts charged to earnings. Losses are charged against the allowance when management believes the uncollectibility of a receivable is confirmed. Subsequent recoveries, if any, are credited to the allowance. The allowance for doubtful accounts is evaluated on a regular basis by management and is based on historical experience and specifically identified questionable receivables. The evaluation is inherently subjective, as it requires estimates that are susceptible to significant revision as more information becomes available.

At December 31, 2023 and 2022, no allowance for future bad debts has been established, as it is management's opinion that losses, if incurred, would not materially affect the financial statements.

Depreciation: Property and equipment is stated at cost. Depreciation of property and equipment is calculated on the straight-line method based on the following estimated lives: buildings—18 to 40 years, autos and trucks-five to seven years, machinery, and equipment—five to ten years and office furniture and equipment—three to ten years. Construction in progress will begin depreciating upon completion.

Impairment of long-lived assets: The Company reviews the carrying value of property and equipment for impairment whenever events and circumstances indicate the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable from the estimated future cash flows expected to result from its use and eventual disposition. In cases where undiscounted expected future cash flows are less than the carrying value, an impairment loss is recognized equal to an amount by which the carrying value exceeds the fair value of assets. The factors considered by management in performing this assessment include current operating results; trends and prospects; and the effects of obsolescence, demand, competition and other economic factors. The Company did not recognize an impairment loss during the year ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Cash surrender value of life insurance: The Company is beneficiary of whole life insurance policies being carried on certain officers totaling approximately \$10,068,374 and \$18,068,374 as of December 31, 2023, and 2022, respectively. The related cash surrender value of approximately \$779,000 is recorded as other assets in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2023 (\$909,000 in 2022).

Revenue recognition: Revenue is primarily derived from multi-year construction contracts. The Company recognizes revenue in accordance with the FASB Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, which provides a five-step model for recognizing revenue from contracts with customers as follows: identify the contract, identify performance obligations, determine the transaction price, allocate the transaction price and recognize revenue.

The Company's customers consist of federal, state and municipal institutions in San Antonio, Texas, and the surrounding areas and general contractors working for government agencies and private customers, primarily located within the continental United States. For government contracts, future cash flows depend on the Company's ability to continue to obtain federal, state and local government contracts, and indirectly on the amount of funding available to these agencies for new and current government projects. Therefore, a portion of the Company's operations is dependent upon the level and timing of government funding. For private customers, statutory mechanics liens provide the Company relatively high priority in the event of lien foreclosures; thus, minimizing credit risk.

The Company has elected, as a practical expedient, the accounting policy under which it excludes from the transaction price taxes it collects from its customers that were assessed by a government authority on (or contemporaneous with) the entity's revenue-generating transactions with its customers. The Company therefore reports sales revenue net of sales tax.

El Monte generates revenue through monthly lease rentals. The entity recognizes income from leases in accordance with ASC Topic 840, Leases. Total rental income recognized under ASC Topic 840 was approximately \$7,000 and \$6,100 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively and is included in other income on the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Contract combination: When multiple contracts are entered into under a single master agreement (whether for construction projects or construction-related materials), management reviews the contracts to determine whether (a) the contracts are negotiated as a package with a single commercial objective, (b) the amount of consideration paid in one contract depends on the price or performance in the other contract and (c) the goods or services promised in the contracts are a single performance obligation. If one of these three conditions is met, the contracts are combined and accounted for as a single contract.

Construction contracts: The Company's construction contracts include multiple promises, which management reviews at contract inception to determine whether they represent multiple performance obligations. This review consists of determining whether promises or groups of promises are capable of being distinct within the context of the contract. Most of the Company's construction contracts are considered to have a single performance obligation because the Company provides a significant service of integrating a complex set of tasks and components into a single asset. Some contracts include multiple projects that are separately identifiable (e.g., multiple buildings or sites) or include elements not related to the design and/or building aspects of the contract. These contracts typically are considered to have multiple performance obligations even when they are part of a single contract.

When a contract has multiple performance obligations, the transaction price is allocated to each performance obligation based on estimated relative stand-alone selling prices of the goods or services at the inception of the contract. In most cases, the Company does not sell the distinct good or service on a stand-alone basis and, instead, uses its best estimate of the stand-alone selling price of each distinct good or service in the contract. The primary method used to estimate stand-alone selling price is the expected-cost-plus-a-margin approach, under which the Company forecasts its expected costs of satisfying a performance obligation and then adds an appropriate margin.

Billing practices are governed by the contract terms and generally are based on the achievement of milestones or predetermined schedules. From time to time, these terms may require the customer to make advance payments as work progresses, or could result in the Company receiving payment prior to transferring the related good or service. The period between the receipt of payment and the completion of the work to which it relates is generally one year or less. The Company has elected not to adjust consideration for the effects of financing under the practical expedient that allows an entity to ignore the effects of a significant financing component when the period between the receipt of payment and the transfer of the good or service to the customer is one year or less.

Certain construction contracts include retention provisions to provide assurance to the Company's customers that it will perform in accordance with the contract terms. These provisions could result in a period of more than a year passing between the transfer of the good or service and the receipt of payment, but are not considered to be for purposes of financing. The balances billed, but not paid by customers pursuant to these provisions, generally become due upon completion and acceptance of the project work or products by the customer. The Company has determined there were no significant financing components in its contracts during the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, as the intent of the retention provisions is to protect the customer rather than provide financing.

Management has concluded performance obligations related to construction contracts are satisfied over time because the Company's performance typically creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced. The Company recognizes revenue as performance obligations are satisfied and control of the promised good and/or service is transferred to the customer. The Company measures the progress toward complete satisfaction of the performance obligation(s) using an input (i.e., cost-to-cost) method. Under the cost-to-cost method, costs incurred to date are generally the best depiction of transfer of control.

Variable consideration: The transaction price is the amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods and services to the customer. The consideration promised in a contract with a customer may include both fixed amounts and variable amounts (e.g., bonuses/incentives, penalties/liquidated damages, returns) to the extent that it is probable that a significant reversal of cumulative revenue recognized will not occur when the uncertainty associated with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved. The Company estimates the amount of variable consideration at the most likely amount to which the Company expects to be entitled. The Company's estimates of variable consideration are based on its assessment of legal enforceability, anticipated performance and any other information (historical, current or forecasted) that is reasonably available.

Contract estimates and modifications: The accuracy of the Company's revenue and profit recognition in a given period depends on the accuracy of management's estimates of the cost to complete each project. There are a number of factors that can contribute to changes in estimates of contract cost and profitability. Significant factors include:

- · The completeness and accuracy of the original bid
- Costs associated with scope changes and changes from the original design
- Changes in costs of labor and/or materials, owner changes, weather, site conditions and other delays
- Subcontractor performance issues
- Changes in productivity expectations
- The Company's ability to fully and promptly recover on contract changes
- The customer's ability to properly administer the contract

The foregoing factors, as well as the stage of completion of contracts in process and the mix of contracts at different margins, may cause fluctuations in gross profit and gross profit margin from period to period, which may have a significant impact on the financial statements. At the time an anticipated loss on a contract becomes evident, the entire amount of the estimated loss is accrued.

The Company recognizes changes in contract estimates on a cumulative catch-up basis in the period in which the changes are identified. Such changes in contract estimates can result in the recognition of revenue in a current period for performance obligations that were satisfied or partially satisfied in prior periods. For the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company over recognized approximately \$334,000 of revenue from performance obligations satisfied (or partially satisfied) in previous periods, primarily due to changes in estimates or changes in transaction price (approximately \$1,161,000 over recognized in 2022).

Changes in contract estimates also may result in the reversal of previously recognized revenue if the current estimate differs from the previous estimate. If at any time the estimate of contract profitability indicates an anticipated loss on the contract, the Company recognizes the total loss in the period it is identified.

Subsequent to the inception of a contract, the transaction price may change for various reasons, including the executed or estimated amount of change orders, contract modifications, claims to or from customers and back-charge recoveries. On certain projects, the Company may have submitted and have pending unresolved contract modifications and claims to recover additional costs and the associated profit, if applicable, to which the Company believes it is entitled under the terms of contracts with customers. The customers or their authorized representatives may be in partial or full agreement with the modifications or affirmative claims, or may have rejected or disagree entirely or partially as to such entitlement.

Recognizing changes in the transaction price requires significant judgment of various factors including, but not limited to, dispute resolution developments and outcomes, anticipated negotiation results and the cost of resolving such matters. If the transaction price is changed and no additional distinct goods or services are added, the effect of a change in the transaction price and the measure of progress for the performance obligation to which it relates is recognized as an adjustment to revenue on a cumulative catch-up basis. When a contract is modified to deliver additional goods or services that are distinct and the increase in price of the contract is for the same amount as the stand-alone selling price of the additional goods or services included in the modification, the modification is accounted for as a separate contract.

Contract assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable are governed by the contract terms and are recorded based on contracted prices when the Company obtains an unconditional right to payment under the terms of its contracts.

Contract assets are classified on the balance sheet as costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on incomplete contracts and represent revenues recognized in excess of amounts billed or available to be billed where the right to payment is not unconditional. Retainage, included in contract assets, represents the amount withheld from billings by the Company's customers pursuant to provisions in the contracts and may not be paid to the Company until the completion of specific tasks or the completion of the project and, in some instances, for even longer periods.

Contract liabilities are classified on the balance sheet as billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on incomplete contracts and represent billings in excess of revenues recognized.

Warranties: The Company generally provides limited assurance-type warranties for work performed under its construction contracts. The warranty periods typically extend for a limited duration following substantial completion of the Company's work on a project. Historically, warranty claims have not resulted in material costs incurred. The Company does not consider these warranties to be separate performance obligations.

Contract costs: All contract costs, including those associated with change orders, unresolved contract modifications, claims to or from customers and back-charge recoveries, are recorded as incurred, and revisions to estimated total costs are reflected as soon as the obligation to perform is determined. Contract costs include all direct labor, material, subcontractors, equipment and indirect costs related to contract performance. General and administrative expenses are charged to operations as incurred. The Company recognizes revenue, but not profit, on certain significant uninstalled materials that are not specifically produced, fabricated or constructed for a project. Revenue related to these uninstalled materials is recognized when the cost is incurred (when control is transferred).

Costs to obtain contracts (pre-bid costs) that are not expected to be recovered from the customer are expensed as incurred and included in general and administrative expenses in the consolidated statement of income. Pre-bid costs that are explicitly chargeable to the customer, even if the contract is not obtained, are included in trade accounts receivable in the consolidated balance sheet.

Tax status: The Company has elected to be taxed as an S Corporation for federal income tax purposes. As an S Corporation, the Company's taxable income or loss is allocated to shareholders in accordance with their respective ownership percentage. Since the entity is not a tax paying entity, no provision or liability for income taxes is included in the financial statements.

In accordance with the ASC Topic 740, management has evaluated the Company's tax position and concluded the Company has taken no uncertain tax positions that require adjustment to the financial statements.

The Company is subject to the Texas gross margin tax.

Contingencies: Certain conditions may exist as of the date the financial statements are issued, which may result in a loss to the Company, but which will only be resolved when one or more future events occur or fail to occur. The Company's management and its legal counsel assess such contingent liabilities, and such assessment inherently involves an exercise of judgment. In assessing loss contingencies related to legal proceedings that are pending against the Company or unasserted claims that may result in such proceedings, the Company's legal counsel evaluates the perceived merits of any legal proceedings or unasserted claims, as well as the perceived merits of the amount of relief sought or expected to be sought therein.

If the assessment of a contingency indicates it is probable that a material loss has been incurred and the amount of the liability can be estimated, then the estimated liability would be accrued in the Company's financial statements. If the assessment indicates a potentially material loss contingency is not probable, but is reasonably possible, or is probable, but cannot be estimated, then the nature of the contingent liability, together with an estimate of the range of possible loss, if determinable and material, would be disclosed.

Loss contingencies considered remote are generally not disclosed unless they involve guarantees, in which case the guarantees would be disclosed.

Compensated absences: Employees of the Company are entitled to paid time off depending on job classification, length of service and other factors. At December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company has employees that are both hourly and salaried. Accruals for compensated absences are evaluated periodically by management and adjusted as necessary.

Advertising and business promotion costs: Advertising and business promotion costs totaled approximately \$84,000 and \$43,000 the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and are expensed as incurred.

Reclassification: Certain reclassifications have been made within these consolidated financial statements to conform prior periods to current-year presentation.

Subsequent events: The Company has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure in the financial statements through February 20, 2024, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Based on this evaluation, the Company has determined that there were no material subsequent events that require adjustment to or disclosure in the financial statements.

Note 2. Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures

The requirements of Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures of the ASC apply to all financial instruments and all nonfinancial assets and nonfinancial liabilities that are being measured and reported on a fair value basis. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used in valuation methodologies into the following three levels.

Level 1: Inputs are unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Inputs are observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, or other inputs that can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Level 3: Inputs are unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities. Level 3 assets and liabilities include financial instruments whose value is determined using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies or other valuation techniques, as well as instruments for which the determination of fair value requires significant management judgment or estimation.

The Company determines the fair value of mutual funds, common stocks and municipal bonds based upon quoted market prices in active markets. The Company determines the value of money market funds as cash equivalents, which approximate fair value.

The following table represents assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis, as reported on the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, and by level within the fair value measurement hierarchy:

	Fair Value as of December 31, 2023							
		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total
Mutual funds	\$	2,391,958	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,391,958
Common stocks Municipal bonds		441,114 -		5,021,836		-		441,114 5,021,836
Money market Other		114,148		-		- 88,355		114,148 88, <u>355</u>
	\$	2,947,220	\$	5,021,836	\$	88,355	\$	8,057,411
			Fair	Value as of D	ece	mber 31, 2022		
		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total
Mutual funds	\$	1,605,796 740,197	\$	•	\$	-	\$	1,605,796 740,197
Common stocks Municipal bonds		•		4,326,266		-		4,326,266
Money market Other		527,179 		-		39,035		527,179 39,035
	\$	2,873,172	\$	4,326,266	\$	39,035	\$	7,238,473

Note 3. Contracts and Retainage Receivable

Contracts receivable consists of the following:

	 2023	2022
Contracts receivable:		
Completed contracts	\$ 65,985	\$ 442,841
Contracts in progress	9,484,050	7,813,439
1000	 9,550,035	8,256,280
Conditional retainage	508,227	260,094
Total contracts receivable	\$ 10,058,262	\$ 8,516,374

Note 4. Revenue Recognized and Costs Incurred on Uncompleted Contracts

The following is a summary of contracts in progress at December 31:

	 2023	 2022
Costs incurred on uncompleted contracts	\$ 128,682,881	\$ 63,058,022
Estimated gross profit	18,943,231	6,528,385
Contract revenue earned on uncompleted contracts	147,626,112	69,586,407
Less: billings to date	(150,073,961)	(74,379,703)
Plus: conditional retainage (net)	4,496,488	2,596,111
Total net contract asset (liability)	\$ 2,048,639	\$ (2,197,185)

The total net contract asset (liability) is included in the accompanying balance sheet under the following captions as of December 31:

,	2023	2022
Contract assets:		
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts	\$ 5,864,202	\$ 894,043
Conditional retainage	5,814,342	3,242,721
Contract liabilities:		
Billings in excess of costs and earnings on uncompleted		
contracts	(8,312,051)	(5,687,339)
Conditional retainage	(1,317,854)	(646,610)
Total net contract asset (liability)	\$ 2,048,639	\$ (2,197,185)
Accrued loss on contracts	\$ 265,813	\$ 134,422

Backlog represents a measure of the Company's remaining unsatisfied performance obligations and reflects the amount of revenue the Company expects to realize from work to be performed on incomplete contracts in progress at December 31, 2023, and from contractual agreements on which work has not yet commenced.

Estimated gross revenues on contracts in progress at	
December 31, 2023	\$ 220,978,905
Less: contract revenues recognized to date on contracts	
in progress at December 31, 2023	(147,626,112)
	73,352,793
Additional contracts entered into at December 31, 2023 for	
which work had yet to begin (unaudited)	7,607,863
Backlog at December 31, 2023	\$ 80,960,656

Note 5. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consists of the following:

	December 31					
	2023			2022		
Land	\$	44,229	\$	44,229		
Buildings		1,495,821		1,126,740		
Autos and trucks		4,693,811		3,179,237		
Machinery and equipment		11,883,239		7,769,945		
Office furniture and equipment		641,364		1,884,723		
ROU assets		4,671,530		4,472,798		
		23,429,994		18,477,672		
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		13,037,394		11,259,016		
Net property and equipment	\$	10,392,600	\$	7,218,656		

Depreciation expense by major asset classification is summarized below:

	December 31						
		2023		2022			
Buildings	\$	182,659	\$	201,016			
Autos and trucks		328,055		747,605			
Machinery and equipment		1,091,240		1,015,278			
Office furniture and equipment		23,644		27,590			
ROU assets		884,702		-			
	\$	2,510,300	\$	1,991,489			

Depreciation expense is reflected in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

	December 31				
	 2023		2022		
Cost of construction General and administrative	\$ 2,439,004 71,296	\$	1,788,464 203,025		
	\$ 2,510,300	\$	1,991,489		

Note 6. Lines of Credit

At December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company has available a \$3,000,000 line of credit at a bank. The line is secured by all accounts and equipment, bears interest at prime rate and matures May 19, 2025. At December 31, 2023 and 2022, the effective interest rate was 8.5% and 7.5%, respectively. There were no amounts outstanding on this line of credit at December 31, 2023 and 2022. The line of credit contains certain financial covenants.

At December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company has available a \$1,000,000 line of credit at a bank. The line is secured by equipment, bears interest at the 5-year treasury plus 3% subject to a floor of 7.00% and matures October 4, 2024. At December 31, 2023 and 2022, the effective interest rate was 7% and 7%. There were no amounts outstanding on this line of credit at December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Note 7. Long-term Debt

Long-term debt consists of the following:

	Monthly	Interest	Payable	Decem	ber 31
Description—Collateral	Installment	Rate	Through	2023	2022
Commercial finance companies— machinery, equipment and vehicles	\$ 46,478	0.00% to 8.99%	2024-2028	\$ 1,615,571	\$ 669,184
Bank installment loans—machinery and equipment	27,377	2.73% to 6.49%	2024-2028	433,886	346,260
Acquisition debt—Bank installment loans —machinery and equipment	19,120	5.46%	2027	759,737	941,624
Loan to seller—Hill Country Bridge, Inc. —company stock Total long-term debt Less current maturities of long-term debt	478,599 t	3.00%	2027	1,745,220 4,554,414 1,191,523 \$ 3,362,891	2,150,225 4,107,293 1,016,067 \$ 3,091,226

Assets purchased with the notes above are pledged as collateral.

Aggregate maturities on long-term debt at December 31, 2023, are as follows:

Y	ears	ending	December	31:	
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2024	\$1,191,523
2025	1,190,820
2026	1,163,416
2027	960,849
2028	47,806
	\$4,554,414

Related party debt consists of the following:

	Annual	Interest	Payable	December 31				
Collateral	Payment	Rate	Through		2023		2022	
Debt to former stockholder Less current maturities of	\$710,690	3.00%	2031	\$	4,988,823	\$	5,533,507	
long-term debt					561,025		544,684	
				\$	4,427,798	\$	4,988,823	

Future principal payments at December 31, 2023, are due as follows:

Years ending December 31:	
2024	\$ 561,025
2025	577,856
2026	595,191
2027	613,047
2028	631,439
Thereafter	2,010,265_
	\$4,988,823

Note 8. Employee Stock Ownership Plan

Effective January 1, 2020, the Company adopted an Employee Stock Ownership Plan (ESOP) that covers substantially all employees. A participant's stock account and investment account shall vest at the rate of 0% upon completion of one year of service, 20% upon completion of the second year of service, 40% upon completion of the third year of service, 60% upon completion of the fourth year of service, 80% upon completion of the fifth year of service, and 100% upon completion of the sixth year of service.

The Company makes annual contributions to the ESOP based on determinations by the Company's Board of Directors. The ESOP shares are pledged as collateral for its debt. Shares are released and allocated to active participants based on payments of the debt of the ESOP for the purchase of shares, including interest. Debt of the ESOP is recorded as unearned ESOP shares on the consolidated balance sheets. As shares are released from collateral, the Company reports compensation expense equal to the current market price of the shares. Distributions on allocated ESOP shares are recorded as a reduction of retained earnings; distributions on unallocated ESOP shares used to pay debt service are treated as contributions to the plan. Distributions on unallocated ESOP shares paid to participants or added to participant accounts are treated as compensation cost. There were approximately 13,598 shares released in 2023 with a fair value of \$340,000. Approximately 13,352 shares released in 2022 with a fair value of \$380,098.

The ESOP initially acquired 200,000 shares from a stockholder for \$6,000,000 in exchange for a nonrecourse promissory note with an interest rate at 1.73% per annum. During 2022, this initial note was amended based on a working capital adjustment. The amended note totaled \$6,062,327. Had the note been recorded at the amended amount at inception, shares released would have been lower by 1,631. The company has recorded the adjustment to the ESOP in 2022. The note is payable in annual installments of \$456,446 beginning December 31, 2021 and ending December 31, 2035. The noteholder swapped this note for a subordinated note issued by the company.

There was no ESOP repurchase liability for 2023 and 2022.

The shares acquired are pledged as security for the promissory notes and will be released from such pledge as the principal of the promissory notes are reduced with cash contributions made by the Company. Participants receive an allocation of shares held in the plan as the promissory notes are reduced and additional shares are released. Allocated shares are divided among participants based on relative compensation.

The ESOP shares as of December 31, were as follows:

		December 31					
			2023		2022		
Allocated shares			26,670		13,335		
nares released for allocation 13,598			13,335				
Unreleased shares			159,732		173,330		
Total ESOP shares			200,000		200,000		
Fair value of unreleased shares at December 31		\$	3,993,300	\$	4,002,190		

Note 9. Warrants

In 2021, the Company issued warrants associated with a note to a former stockholder to purchase up to 50,000 shares of the company in conjunction with the loan agreements described in Note 8. The exercise price of the warrants is \$25 per share and they are exercisable through August 31, 2031.

Note 10. Leases

The Company has financing leases of vehicles and for certain equipment. Leases have remaining lease terms of 1 year to 5 years.

The following summarizes the line items in the balance sheets which include amounts for operating and finance leases as of December 31:

	2023		2022
Finance Leases			
Autos and trucks	\$	1,868,928	\$ 1,935,713
Machinery and equipment		2,802,602	2,537,085
Accumulated amortization		(2,041,252)	(1,657,156)
Finance lease right-of-use assets, net	\$	2,630,278	\$ 2,815,642
Current portion of right-of-use finance lease liabilities Long-term portion of right-of-use finance lease liabilities	\$	787,230 1,565,874	\$ 798,185 1,748,799
Total finance lease liabilities	\$	2,353,104	\$ 2,546,984

The following summarizes the weighted average remaining lease term and discount rate as of December 31, 2023:

Weighted Average Remaining Lease Term	
Finance leases	5 years
Weighted Average Discount Rate	
Finance leases	5.68%

The maturities of lease liabilities as of December 31, 2023 were as follows:

	Finance		
		Leases	
Years ending December 31:			
2024	\$	902,413	
2025		693,045	
2026		460,152	
2027		356,701	
2028		215,116	
Total lease payments		2,627,427	
Less amount of lease payments attributable to interest		274,323	
Present value of lease payments		2,353,104	
Less current portion of lease obligations		787,230	
Long-term portion of lease obligations	\$	1,565,874	

The following summarizes the line items in the income statements which include the components of lease expense for the year ended December 31:

	2023	2022
Finance lease costs:		
Amortization of lease assets included in depreciation		
and amortization expense	\$ 884,702	\$ 624,505
Interest on lease liabilities included in interest expense	116,678	136,668
Total finance lease costs	\$ 1,001,380	\$ 761,173

Note 11. Related-Party Transactions

The Company has an agreement with a former stockholder regarding life insurance policies. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company pays the life insurance premiums, which will be repaid upon receipt of the death benefit or cash surrender value of the policy. The policy terminated subsequent to year end resulting in the company writing off the receivable in the current year. The amount due from stockholders totaled approximately \$172,000 at December 31, 2022.

The company leases office space from related parties. All related party leases are less than one year. Given the lease terms of all these agreements are less than 12 months, the Company has elected the practical expedient under ASC 842 not to recognize lease assets and lease liabilities for these leases. During year ended December 31, 2023, lease expense totaled approximately \$583,000 (\$442,000 in 2022).

A deposit of approximately \$105,000 is maintained on certain leased related party properties.

In August 2023, the Company issued a promissory note to a related party in the principal amount of \$1,200,000. The note bears an annual interest rate of 4%, with repayment structured in monthly installments of \$8,876 over a period of 15 years. As of December 31, 2023, the outstanding balance of the promissory note was \$1,180,397, inclusive of accrued interest and principal repayments made since the issuance of the note.

The Company ensures that all related party transactions are conducted on terms that are at least as favorable as those that could be negotiated with an unrelated party.

Note 12. Goodwill

In 2022, the Company adopted the accounting alternatives for amortizing goodwill and for goodwill impairment triggering event evaluation available to private companies under FASB ASC 350-20. Accordingly, the Company began amortizing goodwill as of August 1, 2022, on a straight-line basis over 10 years. The Company performs a goodwill impairment triggering event evaluation at the entity level as of the end of each reporting period. When a triggering event occurs, the Company first assesses qualitative factors to determine whether the quantitative impairment test is necessary. If that qualitative assessment indicates that it is more likely than not that goodwill is impaired, the Company performs the qualitative assessment indicates that it is not more likely than not that goodwill is impaired, further testing is unnecessary. The goodwill impairment loss, if any, represents the excess of the carrying amount of the entity over its fair value.

No triggering events occurred as of December 31, 2023, that required goodwill impairment testing and, accordingly, no impairment loss was recorded in 2023.

	2023	2022
Goodwill	\$ 635,416	\$ 635,416
Accumulated amortization	90,016	26,476
	\$ 545,400	\$ 608,940

Amortization expense for the year ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 totaled \$63,540 and \$26,476, respectively.

Note 13. Amortization of bond issuance costs

The Company capitalized approximately \$ 399,327 and \$276,618 as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, of bond premiums which are included in prepaid expenses on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. These costs are amortized proportionately as the progress toward satisfaction of the performance obligation occurs.

Note 14. Insurance Matter

At December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company holds investments in two multi-shareholder captive insurance companies. The investments are recorded at cost and is classified as investment in captive insurance company on the balance sheet. The Company purchases insurance policies from the captive insurance company to manage health, general liability, workers' compensation and auto liability risks. The policies provide for potential retrospective premium assessments in the event claim experience for insured events exceed specified levels. Management considers estimates for retrospective premiums at each balance sheet date. Such estimates, if any, are included in accrued expenses in the accompanying balance sheets.

Note 15. Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

The Company may be involved in claims and litigation in the normal course of business. Management believes the applicable insurance coverage is adequate to cover costs of settlement and defense of such claims and litigation, if any.

Note 16. Surety Bonds

The Company, as a condition for entering into some of its construction contracts, had outstanding surety bonds as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Note 17. Major Customers

The Company performs contract work, which is acquired on a competitive bid basis, for the City of San Antonio (the City). In 2023, approximately 32 percent of the Company's gross revenues and 25 percent of the Company's receivables are tied directly to contracts awarded by the City. In 2023, approximately 24 percent of the Company's gross revenues and 11 percent of the Company's receivables are tied directly to contracts awarded by the Texas Department of Transportation. Additionally, approximately 26 percent of the Company's gross revenues and 33 percent of the Company's receivables are tied directly to contracts awarded by CPS Energy.

In 2022, approximately 65 percent of the Company's gross revenues and 46 percent of the Company's receivables are tied directly to contracts awarded by the City. In 2022, approximately 15 percent of the Company's gross revenues and 16 percent of the Company's receivables are tied directly to contracts awarded by the Texas Department of Transportation.

Note 18. Economic Dependency and Concentration of Credit Risk

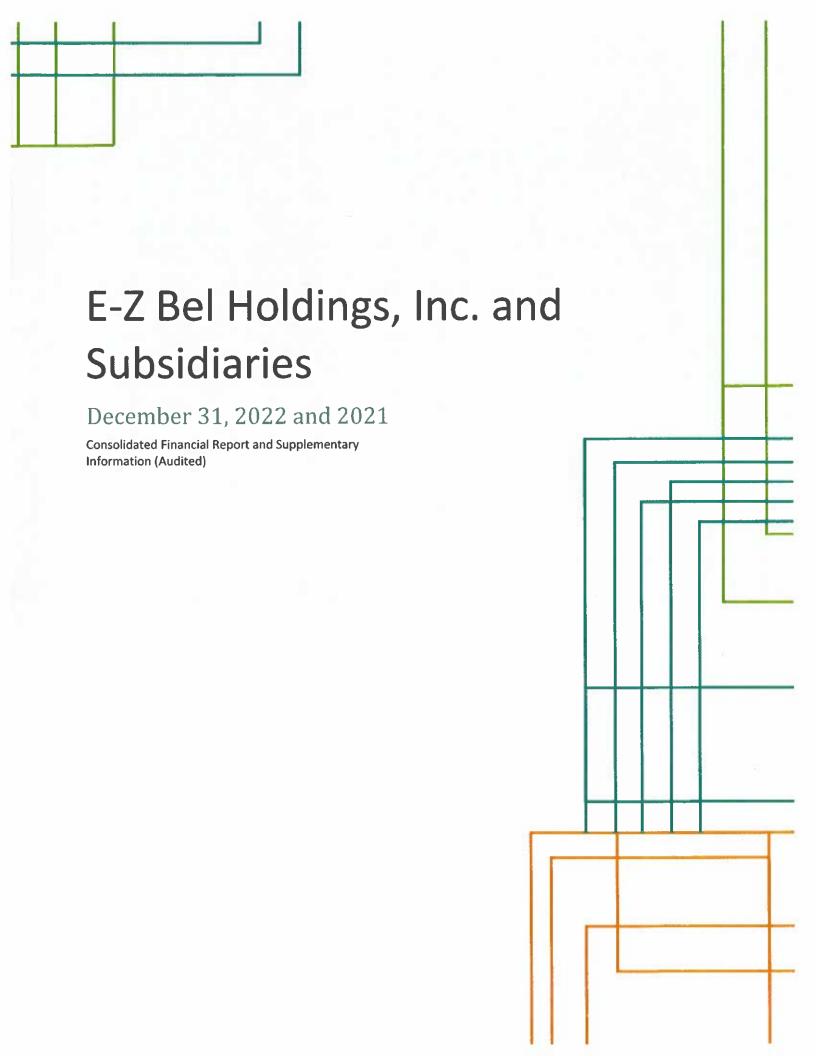
In 2023 and 2022, the Company's revenue was substantially all made on credit to various federal, state and municipal institutions in San Antonio, Texas, and the surrounding areas. The Company evaluates credit risks on an individual basis before extending credit to its customers. The Company estimates an allowance for doubtful accounts based upon the creditworthiness of its customers, as well as general economic conditions. Consequently, an adverse change in those factors could affect the Company's estimate of its bad debts. Management believes the Company has recognized all losses on uncollectible accounts.

The Company maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts that, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. Accounts are guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to a maximum of \$250,000. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts. At December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the Company's uninsured cash balances total \$3,300,000 and \$3,750,000, respectively.

Note 19. Employee Benefit Plans

The Company has a 401(k) employees' profit sharing plan covering substantially all its employees. Company contributions to the plan are at the discretion of the Board of Directors, but may not exceed the maximum allowable deduction permitted under the Internal Revenue Code at the time of contribution. Company matching contributions totaled approximately \$5,000 and \$5,000 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and are included in accrued expenses.

On January 1, 2020, the company established a deferred compensation agreement with certain key members of management. The Deferred Compensation Committee, as appointed by the Board, will determine on an annual basis if an allocation will be made to the plan and if so how much. To vest in the allocated amounts, the participants must remain in continuous full-time employment through vesting dates. Vested amounts are payable in five annual installments beginning in the year following full vesting and are paid from the general assets of the Company. Total expense recognized for the year ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, was approximately \$136,000 and \$161,000, respectively, and covered 10 employees. The present value of the unpaid gross value at a discount rate of 8.0% has been recorded as a long-term liability in the consolidated financial statements.



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Stockholders E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. (a Texas corporation), which comprise the balance sheet as of December 31, 2022, and the related consolidated statement of income, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements (collectively, the financial statements).

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. as of December 31, 2022, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the company's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Slattery Perkins Ramirez P.C. San Antonio, TX

February 17, 2023

E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Balance Sheets December 31, 2022 and 2021

	2022			2021		
Assets						
Current assets						
Cash	\$	6,275,628	\$	6,653,699		
Investments		7,238,473		7,439,642		
Receivables:						
Contracts receivable		8,256,280		4,685,084		
Retainage receivable - Unconditional		260,094		927,448		
Contract assets:						
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on						
uncompleted contracts		894,043		1,574,244		
Retainage receivable - Conditional		3,242,721		1,893,449		
Related-party note receivable		-		202		
Prepaid expenses and other		647,965		481,838		
Total current assets		26,815,204		23,655,606		
Property and equipment, net		4,718,514		3,339,497		
Finance lease right-of-use assets, net		2,815,642		2,272,936		
		7,534,156		5,612,433		
Other assets						
Due from stockholders		172,318		163,121		
Deposits		91,200		90,200		
Cash value of life insurance		909,429		1,030,086		
Goodwill (net of accumulated amortization of \$26,476)		608,940		-		
Investment in captive insurance company		45,000		25,000		
Total other assets		1,826,887		1,308,407		
Total assets	\$	36,176,247	\$	30,576,446		

E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Balance Sheets December 31, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021		
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity				
Current liabilities				
Current maturities of long-term debt	\$ 1,016,067	\$	385,846	
Current portion of right-of-use finance lease liabilities	798,185		613,360	
Current portion of related party note payable	544,684		523,383	
Accounts payable				
Trade	5,347,433		4,639,142	
Retainage	133,706		214,672	
Accrued expenses	394,020		218,774	
Accrued job loss	134,422		-	
Franchise taxes payable	35,812		106,032	
Contract liabilities:				
Billings in excess of costs and earnings on uncompleted				
contracts	5,687,339		2,438,159	
Retainage payable - Conditional	646,610		205,786	
Distributions payable	-		1,086,093	
Total current liabilities	 14,738,278		10,431,247	
Long-term liabilities				
Long-term debt, less current maturities	3,091,226		698,719	
Long-term portion of right-of-use finance lease liabilities	1,748,799		1,447,490	
Related party note payable	4,988,823		5,476,617	
Deferred compensation plan payable	358,590		197,115	
Total long-term liabilities	10,187,438		7,819,941	
Stockholders' equity				
Common stock - \$.0.10 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized;				
1,000,000 shares issued and outstanding	10,000		10,000	
Retained earnings	16,494,054		17,865,787	
Less uneamed employee stock ownership plan (ESOP) shares	(5,253,523)		(5,550,529)	
Total stockholders' equity	11,250,531		12,325,258	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 36,176,247	\$	30,576,446	

E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Income Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

	2022			2021		
Construction income	\$	65,116,914	\$	58,769,310		
Cost of construction		57,648,949		46,466,348		
Gross profit		7,467,965		12,302,962		
General and administrative expenses		(6,030,869)		(3,065,113)		
Operating income		1,437,096		9,237,849		
Other income (expense):						
Interest expense		(314,503)		(118,653)		
Interest and dividend income		196,092		125,043		
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments		(709,359)		232,239		
Amortization expense		(26,476)		-		
Forgiveness of paycheck protection loan		-		2,109,000		
Gain on disposal of equipment		67,613		97,912		
Other income		100,942		170,055		
Total other income, net		(685,691)		2,615,596		
Income before income tax expense		751,405		11,853,445		
Franchise tax expense		28,294		114,989		
Net Income	\$	723,111	\$	11,738,456		

E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity
Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

Balance at December 31, 2022	Net income	Change in fair value of shares released	Distributions	Release of shares in suspense	Balance at December 31, 2021	Net income	Change in fair value of shares released	Distributions	Release of shares in suspense	Shares sold to ESOP	Conversion from LLC to Corporation	Balance at December 31, 2020		
1,000,000		1	1	•	1,000,000	ŧ		ŀ	r		1,000,000	1	Shares	Common Stock
\$ 10,000	,	,	•	3	10,000			•		ŧ	10,000	\$	Amount	Stock
\$ 16,494,054	723,111	(24,020)	(2,103,236)	32,412	17,865,787	11,738,456	(83,901)	(6,924,868)	•		(10,000)	\$ 13,146,100	Earnings	Retained
173,317				(11,701)	185,018	ı			(14,982)	200,000	ı	ı	Shares	Unearne
\$ (5,253,523)		•	•	297,006	(5,550,529)	ı			449,471	(6,000,000)	•	⇔	Amount	Unearned ESOP
\$ 11,250,531	723,111	(24,020)	(2,103,236)	329,418	12,325,258	11,738,456	(83,901)	(6,924,868)	449,471	(6,000,000)	ı	\$ 13,146,100	Total	

E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021		
Cash flows from operating activities Net income	\$ 723,111	\$	11,738,456	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided				
by operations:				
ESOP compensation expense	367,725		365,570	
Depreciation & amortization	2,017,965		1,773,428	
Gain on disposal of equipment	(67,613)		(97,912)	
Forgiveness of paycheck protection program loan	-		(2,109,000)	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Investments	328,083		(335,212)	
Accounts receivable	(1,765,441)		651,923	
Contract assets	(608,270)		(544,191)	
Prepaid expenses	(122,805)		(362,890)	
Deposits	(1,000)		4,572	
Cash surrender value of life insurance	136,027		(67,086)	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	681,967		(2,304,720)	
State franchise taxes payable	(70,220)		19,889	
Contract liabilities	3,593,340		(594,393)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	 5,212,869		8,138,434	
Cash flows from investing activities				
Due from stockholders, net	(8,995)		10,042	
Premiums paid officers' life insurance	(15,370)		(15,370)	
Proceeds from disposal of equipment	67,613		210,500	
Investment in captive insurance company	(20,000)		-	
Net purchases of investments	(126,914)		(2,495,512)	
Purchase of property and equipment	(655,684)		(1,020,753)	
Net cash used by investing activities	 (759,350)		(3,311,093)	
Cash flows from financing activities				
Principal payments on long-term debt	(1,000,149)		(751,382)	
Proceeds from long-term debt	-		219,003	
Principal payments on finance lease obligations	(642,112)		(555,930)	
Distributions	(3,189,329)		(6,849,840)	
Net cash used by financing activities	 (4,831,590)		(7,938,149)	
Net decrease in cash	(378,071)		(3,110,808)	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	 6,653,699	_	9,764,507	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 6,275,628	\$	6,653,699	

(continued)

E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021	
Supplemental cash flow information			
Cash paid for interest expense	\$ 314,503	\$	118,653
Cash paid for state franchise taxes	95,100		95,100
Cash paid for amounts included in measurement of lease liabilities:			
Financing cash flows from finance leases	38,965		-
Supplemental disclosures of noncash flow information			
Equipment purchased with long-term debt	343,832		46,396
Lease assets obtained in exchange for lease obligations:			-
Finance leases	1,128,246		482,443
Declared and accrued cash distributions	-		1,086,093
Forgiveness of paycheck protection program loan	-		2,109,000
Fair market value adjustment for ESOP shares released	24,020		83,901
Debt issued for acquisition of Hill Country Bridge, Inc. (see			
note 12)	3,150,225		

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting entity and nature of operations: E-Z Bel Construction, LLC (Construction) is engaged in the heavy highway and utility construction industry and its jobs are generally awarded through a competitive bid process in which the low bidder is awarded the contract. Substantially all Construction's contracts are with federal, state and municipal institutions in San Antonio, Texas, and the surrounding areas. 811 El Monte, LLC (El Monte) is engaged in rental real estate for third parties. Hill Country Bridge, Inc was acquired August 1, 2022 and is engaged in bridge and concrete construction mostly for TXDOT. Both E-Z Bel Construction and Hill Country Bridge are wholly owned by E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. (collectively, the Company). 811 El Monte is 100% owned by E-Z Bel Construction, LLC. In 2021, E-Z Bel Holdings, LLC converted to E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc.

Principles of consolidation: The consolidated financial statements (the financial statements) include the accounts of E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiaries Construction and El Monte. All significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

Use of estimates: The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates inherent in the accompanying consolidated financial statements include estimated costs on incomplete contracts.

Investments: Investments consist primarily of mutual funds, common stocks, municipal bonds and a money market account The fair value of substantially all investments is determined by quoted market prices. The estimated fair value of securities for which there are no quoted market prices is based on similar types of securities that are traded in the market (see Note 2). The consolidated statements of income include interest and dividend income of \$196,092 (\$130,418 in 2021) and realized and unrealized gains (losses) totaling \$(709,259) (\$232,239 in 2021) for the year ended December 31, 2022, from these investments.

The investment in the captive insurance company is accounted for at the lower of cost or market due to the Company not owning a controlling interest in the investment.

Trade accounts receivable: The allowance for doubtful accounts is established as losses are estimated to have occurred through a provision for bad debts charged to earnings. Losses are charged against the allowance when management believes the uncollectibility of a receivable is confirmed. Subsequent recoveries, if any, are credited to the allowance. The allowance for doubtful accounts is evaluated on a regular basis by management and is based on historical experience and specifically identified questionable receivables. The evaluation is inherently subjective, as it requires estimates that are susceptible to significant revision as more information becomes available.

At December 31, 2022 and 2021, no allowance for future bad debts has been established, as it is management's opinion that losses, if incurred, would not materially affect the financial statements.

Depreciation: Property and equipment is stated at cost. Depreciation of property and equipment is calculated on the straight-line method based on the following estimated lives: buildings–18 to 40 years, autos and trucks-five to seven years, machinery, and equipment–five to ten years and office furniture and equipment–three to ten years. Construction in progress will begin depreciating upon completion.

Impairment of long-lived assets: The Company reviews the carrying value of property and equipment for impairment whenever events and circumstances indicate the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable from the estimated future cash flows expected to result from its use and eventual disposition. In cases where undiscounted expected future cash flows are less than the carrying value, an impairment loss is recognized equal to an amount by which the carrying value exceeds the fair value of assets. The factors considered by management in performing this assessment include current operating results; trends and prospects; and the effects of obsolescence, demand, competition and other economic factors. The Company did not recognize an impairment loss during the year ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

Cash surrender value of life insurance: The Company is beneficiary of whole life insurance policies being carried on certain officers totaling approximately \$18,068,374 and \$18,068,374 as of December 31, 2022, and 2021, respectively. The related cash surrender value of approximately \$909,000 is recorded as other assets in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2022 (\$1,030,000 in 2021).

Revenue recognition: Revenue is primarily derived from multi-year construction contracts. The Company recognizes revenue in accordance with the FASB Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, which provides a five-step model for recognizing revenue from contracts with customers as follows: identify the contract, identify performance obligations, determine the transaction price, allocate the transaction price and recognize revenue.

The Company's customers consist of general contractors working for government agencies and private customers, primarily located within the continental United States. For government contracts, future cash flows depend on the Company's ability to continue to obtain federal, state and local government contracts, and indirectly on the amount of funding available to these agencies for new and current government projects. Therefore, a portion of the Company's operations is dependent upon the level and timing of government funding. For private customers, statutory mechanics liens provide the Company relatively high priority in the event of lien foreclosures; thus, minimizing credit risk.

The Company has elected, as a practical expedient, the accounting policy under which it excludes from the transaction price taxes it collects from its customers that were assessed by a government authority on (or contemporaneous with) the entity's revenue-generating transactions with its customers. The Company therefore reports sales revenue net of sales tax.

E! monte generates revenue through monthly lease rentals. The entity recognizes income from leases in accordance with ASC Topic 840, Leases. Total rental income recognized under ASC Topic 840 was approximately \$6,100 and \$37,000 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively and is included in other income on the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Contract combination: When multiple contracts are entered into under a single master agreement (whether for construction projects or construction-related materials), management reviews the contracts to determine whether (a) the contracts are negotiated as a package with a single commercial objective, (b) the amount of consideration paid in one contract depends on the price or performance in the other contract and (c) the goods or services promised in the contracts are a single performance obligation. If one of these three conditions is met, the contracts are combined and accounted for as a single contract.

Construction contracts: The Company's construction contracts include multiple promises, which management reviews at contract inception to determine whether they represent multiple performance obligations. This review consists of determining whether promises or groups of promises are capable of being distinct within the context of the contract. Most of the Company's construction contracts are considered to have a single performance obligation because the Company provides a significant service of integrating a complex set of tasks and components into a single asset. Some contracts include multiple projects that are separately identifiable (e.g., multiple buildings or sites) or include elements not related to the design and/or building aspects of the contract. These contracts typically are considered to have multiple performance obligations even when they are part of a single contract.

When a contract has multiple performance obligations, the transaction price is allocated to each performance obligation based on estimated relative stand-alone selling prices of the goods or services at the inception of the contract. In most cases, the Company does not sell the distinct good or service on a stand-alone basis and, instead, uses its best estimate of the stand-alone selling price of each distinct good or service in the contract. The primary method used to estimate stand-alone selling price is the expected-cost-plus-a-margin approach, under which the Company forecasts its expected costs of satisfying a performance obligation and then adds an appropriate margin.

Billing practices are governed by the contract terms and generally are based on the achievement of milestones or predetermined schedules. From time to time, these terms may require the customer to make advance payments as work progresses, or could result in the Company receiving payment prior to transferring the related good or service. The period between the receipt of payment and the completion of the work to which it relates is generally one year or less. The Company has elected not to adjust consideration for the effects of financing under the practical expedient that allows an entity to ignore the effects of a significant financing component when the period between the receipt of payment and the transfer of the good or service to the customer is one year or less.

Certain construction contracts include retention provisions to provide assurance to the Company's customers that it will perform in accordance with the contract terms. These provisions could result in a period of more than a year passing between the transfer of the good or service and the receipt of payment, but are not considered to be for purposes of financing. The balances billed, but not paid by customers pursuant to these provisions, generally become due upon completion and acceptance of the project work or products by the customer. The Company has determined there were no significant financing components in its contracts during the year ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, as the intent of the retention provisions is to protect the customer rather than provide financing.

Management has concluded performance obligations related to construction contracts are satisfied over time because the Company's performance typically creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced. The Company recognizes revenue as performance obligations are satisfied and control of the promised good and/or service is transferred to the customer. The Company measures the progress toward complete satisfaction of the performance obligation(s) using an input (i.e., cost-to-cost) method. Under the cost-to-cost method, costs incurred to date are generally the best depiction of transfer of control.

Variable consideration: The transaction price is the amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods and services to the customer. The consideration promised in a contract with a customer may include both fixed amounts and variable amounts (e.g., bonuses/incentives, penalties/liquidated damages, returns) to the extent that it is probable that a significant reversal of cumulative revenue recognized will not occur when the uncertainty associated with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved. The Company estimates the amount of variable consideration at the most likely amount to which the Company expects to be entitled. The Company's estimates of variable consideration are based on its assessment of legal enforceability, anticipated performance and any other information (historical, current or forecasted) that is reasonably available.

Contract estimates and modifications: The accuracy of the Company's revenue and profit recognition in a given period depends on the accuracy of management's estimates of the cost to complete each project. There are a number of factors that can contribute to changes in estimates of contract cost and profitability. Significant factors include:

- The completeness and accuracy of the original bid
- Costs associated with scope changes and changes from the original design
- · Changes in costs of labor and/or materials, owner changes, weather, site conditions and other delays
- Subcontractor performance issues
- Changes in productivity expectations
- · The Company's ability to fully and promptly recover on contract changes
- · The customer's ability to properly administer the contract

The foregoing factors, as well as the stage of completion of contracts in process and the mix of contracts at different margins, may cause fluctuations in gross profit and gross profit margin from period to period, which may have a significant impact on the financial statements. At the time an anticipated loss on a contract becomes evident, the entire amount of the estimated loss is accrued.

The Company recognizes changes in contract estimates on a cumulative catch-up basis in the period in which the changes are identified. Such changes in contract estimates can result in the recognition of revenue in a current period for performance obligations that were satisfied or partially satisfied in prior periods. For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company over recognized approximately \$1,161,000 of revenue from performance obligations satisfied (or partially satisfied) in previous periods, primarily due to changes in estimates or changes in transaction price (approximately \$1,693,000 under recognized in 2021).

Changes in contract estimates also may result in the reversal of previously recognized revenue if the current estimate differs from the previous estimate. If at any time the estimate of contract profitability indicates an anticipated loss on the contract, the Company recognizes the total loss in the period it is identified.

Subsequent to the inception of a contract, the transaction price may change for various reasons, including the executed or estimated amount of change orders, contract modifications, claims to or from customers and back-charge recoveries. On certain projects, the Company may have submitted and have pending unresolved contract modifications and claims to recover additional costs and the associated profit, if applicable, to which the Company believes it is entitled under the terms of contracts with customers. The customers or their authorized representatives may be in partial or full agreement with the modifications or affirmative claims, or may have rejected or disagree entirely or partially as to such entitlement.

Recognizing changes in the transaction price requires significant judgments of various factors including, but not limited to, dispute resolution developments and outcomes, anticipated negotiation results and the cost of resolving such matters. If the transaction price is changed and no additional distinct goods or services are added, the effect of a change in the transaction price and the measure of progress for the performance obligation to which it relates is recognized as an adjustment to revenue on a cumulative catch-up basis. When a contract is modified to deliver additional goods or services that are distinct and the increase in price of the contract is for the same amount as the stand-alone selling price of the additional goods or services included in the modification, the modification is accounted for as a separate contract.

Contract assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable are governed by the contract terms and are recorded based on contracted prices when the Company obtains an unconditional right to payment under the terms of its contracts.

Contract assets are classified on the balance sheet as costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on incomplete contracts and represent revenues recognized in excess of amounts billed or available to be billed where the right to payment is not unconditional. Retainage, included in contract assets, represents the amount withheld from billings by the Company's customers pursuant to provisions in the contracts and may not be paid to the Company until the completion of specific tasks or the completion of the project and, in some instances, for even longer periods.

Contract liabilities are classified on the balance sheet as billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on incomplete contracts and represent billings in excess of revenues recognized.

Warranties: The Company generally provides limited assurance-type warranties for work performed under its construction contracts. The warranty periods typically extend for a limited duration following substantial completion of the Company's work on a project. Historically, warranty claims have not resulted in material costs incurred. The Company does not consider these warranties to be separate performance obligations.

Contract costs: All contract costs, including those associated with change orders, unresolved contract modifications, claims to or from customers and back-charge recoveries, are recorded as incurred, and revisions to estimated total costs are reflected as soon as the obligation to perform is determined. Contract costs include all direct labor, material, subcontractors, equipment and indirect costs related to contract performance. General and administrative expenses are charged to operations as incurred. The Company recognizes revenue, but not profit, on certain significant uninstalled materials that are not specifically produced, fabricated or constructed for a project. Revenue related to these uninstalled materials is recognized when the cost is incurred (when control is transferred).

Costs to obtain contracts (pre-bid costs) that are not expected to be recovered from the customer are expensed as incurred and included in general and administrative expenses in the consolidated statement of income. Pre-bid costs that are explicitly chargeable to the customer, even if the contract is not obtained, are included in trade accounts receivable in the consolidated balance sheet.

Tax status: S corporation tax status has been elected by all of the stockholders of the corporation. An S corporation is not a taxpaying entity. Any income or operating loss arising from the activities of the company is reported, after appropriate adjustments, on the personal income tax returns of the stockholders. Because the company is not a taxpaying entity, its financial statements are different from those of taxpaying entities. Specifically, on the income statement there is no provision for income tax expense. In addition, the balance sheet does not present a liability for income taxes incurred but not yet paid as of the balance sheet date. Also, the balance sheet does not present any deferred tax assets or deferred tax liabilities that might arise from the differences between net income on the income statement and taxable income on the individual stockholders' tax returns, as well as differences between carrying values of assets and liabilities and their tax bases.

In accordance with the ASC Topic 740, management has evaluated the Company's tax position and concluded the Company has taken no uncertain tax positions that require adjustment to the financial statements.

The Company is subject to the Texas gross margin tax.

Contingencies: Certain conditions may exist as of the date the financial statements are issued, which may result in a loss to the Company, but which will only be resolved when one or more future events occur or fail to occur. The Company's management and its legal counsel assess such contingent liabilities, and such assessment inherently involves an exercise of judgment. In assessing loss contingencies related to legal proceedings that are pending against the Company or unasserted claims that may result in such proceedings, the Company's legal counsel evaluates the perceived merits of any legal proceedings or unasserted claims, as well as the perceived merits of the amount of relief sought or expected to be sought therein.

If the assessment of a contingency indicates it is probable that a material loss has been incurred and the amount of the liability can be estimated, then the estimated liability would be accrued in the Company's financial statements. If the assessment indicates a potentially material loss contingency is not probable, but is reasonably possible, or is probable, but cannot be estimated, then the nature of the contingent liability, together with an estimate of the range of possible loss, if determinable and material, would be disclosed.

Loss contingencies considered remote are generally not disclosed unless they involve guarantees, in which case the guarantees would be disclosed.

Compensated absences: Employees of the Company are entitled to paid time off depending on job classification, length of service and other factors. At December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company has employees that are both hourly and salaried. Accruals for compensated absences are evaluated periodically by management and adjusted as necessary.

Advertising and business promotion costs: Advertising and business promotion costs totaled approximately \$43,000 and \$37,000 the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and are expensed as incurred.

Reclassification: Certain reclassifications have been made within these consolidated financial statements to conform prior periods to current-year presentation.

Subsequent events: The Company has evaluated subsequent events through February 17, 2023, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2. Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures

The requirements of Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures of the ASC apply to all financial instruments and all nonfinancial assets and nonfinancial liabilities that are being measured and reported on a fair value basis. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used in valuation methodologies into the following three levels.

Level 1: Inputs are unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Inputs are observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, or other inputs that can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Level 3: Inputs are unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities. Level 3 assets and liabilities include financial instruments whose value is determined using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies or other valuation techniques, as well as instruments for which the determination of fair value requires significant management judgment or estimation.

The Company determines the fair value of mutual funds, common stocks and municipal bonds based upon quoted market prices in active markets. The Company determines the value of money market funds as cash equivalents, which approximate fair value.

The following table represents assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis, as reported on the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and by level within the fair value measurement hierarchy:

	Fair Value as of December 31, 2022							
	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total	
Mutual funds Common stocks Municipal bonds	\$ 1,605,796 740,197	\$	- - 4,326,266	\$	-	\$	1,605,796 740,197 4,326,266	
Money market Other	527,179		-		 39,035		527,179 39,035	
	\$ 2,873,172	\$	4,326,266	\$	39,035	\$	7,238,473	
		Fair	Value as of D	ece	mber 31, 2021			
	 Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total	
Mutual funds Common stocks Municipal bonds Money market Other	\$ 5,876,246 917,580 - 151,461	\$	- - 407,555 - -	\$	- - - - 86,800	\$	5,876,246 917,580 407,555 151,461 86,800	
	\$ 6,945,287	\$	407,555	\$	86,800	\$	7,439,642	

Note 3. Contracts and Retainage Receivable

Contracts receivable consists of the following:

	 2022	2021
Contracts receivable: Completed contracts	 \$ 442.841	\$ 132,505
Contracts in progress	 7,813,439	 4,552,579
	8,256,280	4,685,084
Retainage receivable	260,094	927,448
Total contracts receivable	\$ 8,516,374	\$ 5,612,532

Note 4. Revenue Recognized and Costs Incurred on Uncompleted Contracts

The following is a summary of contracts in progress at December 31:

	 2022	2021
Costs incurred on uncompleted contracts	\$ 63,058,022 \$	44,890,663
Estimated gross profit	6,528,385	11,436,288
Contract revenue earned on uncompleted contracts	 69,586,407	56,326,951
Less: billings to date	(74,379,703)	(57, 190, 866)
Plus: conditional retainage	2,596,111	1,687,663
Total net contract asset (liability)	\$ (2,197,185) \$	823,748

The total net contract asset (liability) is included in the accompanying balance sheet under the following captions as of December 31:

 2022		2021
\$ 894,043	\$	1,574,244
3,242,721		1,893,449
(5,687,339)		(2,438,159)
(646,610)		(205,786)
\$ (2,197,185)	\$	823,748
\$ 134,422	\$_	-
\$ \$	\$ 894,043 3,242,721 (5,687,339) (646,610) \$ (2,197,185)	\$ 894,043 \$ 3,242,721 (5,687,339) (646,610) \$ (2,197,185) \$

Backlog represents a measure of the Company's remaining unsatisfied performance obligations and reflects the amount of revenue the Company expects to realize from work to be performed on incomplete contracts in progress at December 31, 2022, and from contractual agreements on which work has not yet commenced.

Estimated gross revenues on contracts in progress at	
December 31, 2022	\$ 143,640,978
Less: contract revenues recognized to date on contracts	
in progress at December 31, 2022	(69,586,407)
	 74,054,571
Additional contracts entered into at December 31, 2022 for	
which work had yet to begin (unaudited)	7,166,786
Backlog at December 31, 2022	\$ 81,221,357

Note 5. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consists of the following:

	December 31				
	2022			2021	
Land	\$	44,229	\$	44,229	
Buildings		1,126,740		1,109,105	
Autos and trucks		3,179,237		4,652,184	
Machinery and equipment		7,769,945		8,680,532	
Office furniture and equipment		1,884,723		512,681	
Construction in progress		315,500		53,850	
		14,320,374		15,052,581	
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		9,601,860		9,440,148	
Net property and equipment	\$	4,718,514	\$	5,612,433	

Depreciation expense by major asset classification is summarized below:

	December 31			
	 2022	2021		
Buildings	\$ 1,788,464	\$	143,299	
Autos and trucks	29,040		760,118	
Machinery and equipment	167,005		845,590	
Office furniture and equipment	6,980		24,421	
• •	\$ 1,991,489	\$	1,773,428	

Depreciation expense is reflected in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

	December 31				
	2022	2021			
Cost of construction	\$ 1,788,464	\$	1,732,986		
General and administrative	203,025		40,442		
	\$ 1,991,489	\$	1,773,428		

Note 6. Lines of Credit

At December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company has available a \$3,000,000 line of credit at a bank. The line is secured by all accounts and equipment, bears interest at prime rate and matures May 19, 2023. At December 31, 2022 and 2021, the effective interest rate was 7.5% and 3.5%, respectively. There were no amounts outstanding on this line of credit at December 31, 2022 and 2021. The line of credit contains certain financial covenants.

At December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company has available a \$1,000,000 line of credit at a bank. The line is secured by equipment and matures October 5, 2023. At December 31, 2022 and 2021, the effective interest rate was 7% and 4.25%. There were no amounts outstanding on this line of credit at December 31, 2022 and 2021.

Note 7. Long-term Debt

Long-term debt consists of the following:

	Monthly	Interest	Payable	Decemb	ber 31
Description—Collateral	Installment	Rate	Through	2022	2021
Commercial finance companies— machinery, equipment and vehicles	\$ 20,062	0.00% to 8.99%	2023-2027	\$ 669,184	\$ 501,514
Bank installment loans—machinery and equipment	20,053	2.73% to 4.69%	2023-2026	346,260	583,051
Acquisition debt—Bank installment loans —machinery and equipment	19,120	5.46%	2027	941,624	*
Loan to seller—Hill Country Bridge, Inc. —company stock	478,599	3.00%	2027	2,150,225 4,107,293	1,084,565
Less current maturities of long-term debt Total long-term debt				1,016,067 \$ 3,091,226	385,846 \$ 698,719

Assets purchased with the notes above are pledged as collateral.

Aggregate maturities on long-term debt at December 31, 2022, are as follows:

Years ending	December 31:
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2023	\$1,016,067
2024	863,399
2025	820,193
2026	774,467
2027	633,167
	 \$4,107,293

Related party debt consists of the following:

	Annual	Interest	Payable	December 31			31
Collateral	Payment	Rate	Through		2022		2021
Debt to former stockholder Less current maturities of	\$710,690	3.00%	2031	\$	5,533,507	\$	6,000,000
long-term debt					544,684		523,383
Total related party note p	ayable			\$	4,988,823	\$	5,476,617

E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements See Independent Auditor's Report

Future principal payments at December 31, 2022, are due as follows:

Years ending December 31:	
2023	\$ 544,684
2024	561,025
2025	577,856
2026	595,191
2027	613,047
Thereafter	2,641,704
	\$5.533.507

Note 8. Employee Stock Ownership Plan

Effective January 1, 2020, the Company adopted an Employee Stock Ownership Plan (ESOP) that covers substantially all employees. A participant's stock account and investment account shall vest at the rate of 0% upon completion of one year of service, 20% upon completion of the second year of service, 40% upon completion of the third year of service, 60% upon completion of the fourth year of service, 80% upon completion of the fifth year of service, and 100% upon completion of the sixth year of service.

The Company makes annual contributions to the ESOP based on determinations by the Company's Board of Directors. The ESOP shares are pledged as collateral for its debt. Shares are released and allocated to active participants based on payments of the debt of the ESOP for the purchase of shares, including interest. Debt of the ESOP is recorded as unearned ESOP shares on the consolidated balance sheets. As shares are released from collateral, the Company reports compensation expense equal to the current market price of the shares. Distributions on allocated ESOP shares are recorded as a reduction of retained earnings; distributions on unallocated ESOP shares used to pay debt service are treated as contributions to the plan. Distributions on unallocated ESOP shares paid to participants or added to participant accounts are treated as compensation cost. There were approximately 13,352 shares released in 2022 with a fair value of \$380,098. Approximately 13,351 shares released in 2021 with a fair value of \$353,198.

The ESOP initially acquired 200,000 shares from a stockholder for \$6,000,000 in exchange for a nonrecourse promissory note with an interest rate at 1.73% per annum. During 2022, this initial note was amended based on a working capital adjustment to \$6,062,327. The note is payable in annual installments of \$457,161 beginning December 31, 2021 and ending December 31, 2035. The noteholder swapped this note for a subordinated note issued by the company.

There was no ESOP repurchase liability for 2022 and 2021.

The shares acquired are pledged as security for the promissory notes and will be released from such pledge as the principal of the promissory notes are reduced with cash contributions made by the Company. Participants receive an allocation of shares held in the plan as the promissory notes are reduced and additional shares are released. Allocated shares are divided among participants based on relative compensation.

The ESOP shares as of December 31, were as follows:

	Decemb	er 31
	2022	2021
Allocated shares	13,351	-
Shares released for allocation	13,332	13,351
Unreleased shares	173,317	186,649
Total ESOP shares	200,000	200,000
Fair value of unreleased shares at December 31	\$ 4,421,317	\$ 4,761,416

Note 9. Warrants

In 2021, the Company issued warrants associated with a note to a former stockholder to purchase up to 50,000 shares of the company in conjunction with the loan agreements described in Note 7. The exercise price of the warrants is \$25 per share and they are exercisable through August 31, 2031. The Company has accounted for the warrants as a component of debt.

Note 10. Leases

The Company has financing leases of vehicles and for certain equipment. Leases have remaining lease terms of 1 year to 5 years.

The following summarizes the line items in the balance sheets which include amounts for operating and finance leases as of December 31:

Finance Leases Autos and trucks Machinery and equipment Accumulated amortization Finance lease right-of-use assets, net	\$ 1,935,713 2,537,085 (1,657,156) 2,815,642
Current portion of right-of-use finance lease liabilities Long-term portion of right-of-use finance lease liabilities Total finance lease liabilities	\$ 798,185 1,748,799 2,546,984

The following summarizes the weighted average remaining lease term and discount rate as of December 31, 2022:

Weighted Average Remaining Lease Term	
Finance leases	5 years
Weighted Average Discount Rate	
Finance leases	4.90%

The maturities of lease liabilities as of December 31, 2022 were as follows:

		Finance
	Leases	
Years ending December 31:		
2023	\$	907,248
2024		774,159
2025		564,372
2026		331,898
2027		220,144
Total lease payments		2,797,821
Less amount of lease payments attributable to interest		250,837
Present value of lease payments		2,546,984
Less current portion of lease obligations		798,185
Long-term portion of lease obligations	\$	1,748,799

The following summarizes the line items in the income statements which include the components of lease expense for the year ended December 31, 2022:

Finance	lease	costs:
---------	-------	--------

Amortization of lease assets included in depreciation	
and amortization expense	\$ 624,505
Interest on lease liabilities included in interest expense	136,668
Total finance lease costs	\$ 761,173

Note 11. Related-Party Transactions

The Company has agreements with several of its stockholders regarding life insurance policies. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company pays the life insurance premiums, which will be repaid by the stockholders upon receipt of the death benefit or cash surrender value of the policy. The amount due from stockholders totaled approximately \$172,000 at December 31, 2022 (approximately \$165,000 in 2021).

The company leases office space from related parties. A deposit of approximately \$90,000 is maintained on certain leased properties. All related party leases are less than one year. During year ended December 31, 2022, lease expense totaled approximately \$442,000 (\$448,000 in 2021).

Note 12. Acquisition of Hill Country Bridge, Inc.

On August 1, 2022, the Company completed the purchase of Hill Country Bridge, Inc.(HCB) The Company acquired substantially all of the assets and 100% of the equity. The Company also assumed certain trade payables, accrued expenses and receivables associated with the assets being acquired. The aggregate purchase price paid was \$3,150,225 comprised of a \$1,000,000 payment to the owner through a bank note and buyer's note of \$2,150,225 (see note 7).

GAAP defines the acquirer in a business combination as the entity that obtains control of one or more businesses in a business combination and establishes the acquisition date as the date that the acquirer achieves control. GAAP requires an acquirer to recognize the assets acquired, the liabilities assumed, and any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree at the acquisition date, measured at their fair values as of that date. GAAP also requires the acquirer to recognize contingent consideration at the acquisition date, measured at its fair value at that date.

The following table summarizes the fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 13,830
Accounts receivable	1,138,402
Contract assets	60,801
Other current assets	29,491
Vehicles & equipment	1,785,450
Goodwill	635,416
Current liabilities	(416,501)
Contract liabilities	(96,664)
	\$ 3,150,225

Accounts Receivable

Acquired receivables are amounts due from customers. The gross amount due for these receivables is \$1,138,402 which management considers to be fully collectible; as such no allowance for uncollectible receivables has been recorded in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. Accounts receivables are expected to be fully collected by the end of the first quarter of 2023.

Vehicles & Equipment

An independent appraisal of vehicles & equipment was performed over acquired assets to determine the fair market value at the date of acquisition. The valuation method used is market approach, which is a valuation technique that provides an estimate of the fair value of an asset based on recent sales and offering prices of similar assets.

Goodwill Allocation

Among the primary reasons the Company entered into the HCB acquisition and factors that contributed to a purchase price allocation resulting in the recognition of goodwill were a history of operating margins and profitability. These additions will enable the Company to expand its service offerings.

Acquisition-Related Expenses

Included in general and administrative expenses in the consolidated statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2022 were pretax charges totaling \$42,000 for advisory, legal, and regulatory costs in connection with the HCB.

Note 13. Goodwill

In 2022, the Company adopted the accounting alternatives for amortizing goodwill and for goodwill impairment triggering event evaluation available to private companies under FASB ASC 350-20. Accordingly, the Company began amortizing goodwill as of August 1, 2022, on a straight-line basis over 10 years. The Company performs a goodwill impairment triggering event evaluation at the entity level as of the end of each reporting period. When a triggering event occurs, the Company first assesses qualitative factors to determine whether the quantitative impairment test is necessary. If that qualitative assessment indicates that it is more likely than not that goodwill is impaired, the Company performs the quantitative test to compare the entity's fair value with its carrying amount, including goodwill. If the qualitative assessment indicates that it is not more likely than not that goodwill is impaired, further testing is unnecessary. The goodwill impairment loss, if any, represents the excess of the carrying amount of the entity over its fair value.

E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements See Independent Auditor's Report

No triggering events occurred as of December 31, 2022, that required goodwill impairment testing and, accordingly, no impairment loss was recorded in 2022.

Goodwill	\$	635,416
Accumulated amortization		26,476
	\$	608,940

Amortization expense for the year ended December 31, 2022 totaled \$26,476.

Note 14. Insurance Matter

At December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company holds an investment in a multi-shareholder captive insurance company. The investment is recorded at cost and is classified as investment in captive insurance company on the balance sheet. The Company purchases insurance policies from the captive insurance company to manage health, general liability, workers' compensation and auto liability risks. The policies provide for potential retrospective premium assessments in the event claim experience for insured events exceed specified levels. Management considers estimates for retrospective premiums at each balance sheet date. Such estimates, if any, are included in accrued expenses in the accompanying balance sheets.

Note 15. Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

The Company may be involved in claims and litigation in the normal course of business. Management believes the applicable insurance coverage is adequate to cover costs of settlement and defense of such claims and litigation, if any.

The Company has elected the short-term lease recognition exemption for all applicable classes of underlying assets. Leases with an initial term of 12 months or less, that do not include an option to purchase the underlying asset that we are reasonably certain to exercise, are not recorded on the balance sheet.

Note 16. Surety Bonds

The Company, as a condition for entering into some of its construction contracts, had outstanding surety bonds as of December 31, 2022 and 2021.

Note 17. Change in accounting estimate

As of December 31, 2020, the Company estimated it would make a \$1,600,000 contribution for 2020 in 2021 to fund the newly formed ESOP. This amount was accrued in 2020 and is included in current liabilities in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2020. After issuing the Company's 2020 financial statements, the Company obtained new information which ultimately changed the estimated contributions to be made in 2021 pertaining to 2020. This change has the effect of adjusting the carrying amount of the 2020 accrued liability. Had this change in estimate not occurred, Net Income for the year ended December 31, 2020 would have been \$1,250,000 higher and Net Income for the year ended December 31, 2021 would have been \$1,250,000 lower. This change in estimate does not affect any other years.

Note 18. Major Customers

The Company performs contract work, which is acquired on a competitive bid basis, for the City of San Antonio (the City). In 2022, approximately 65 percent of the Company's gross revenues and 46 percent of the Company's receivables are tied directly to contracts awarded by the City. In 2022, approximately 15 percent of the Company's gross revenues and 16 percent of the Company's receivables are tied directly to contracts awarded by the Texas Department of Transportation.

The Company performs contract work, which is acquired on a competitive bid basis, for the City of San Antonio (the City). In 2021, approximately 62 percent of the Company's gross revenues and 61 percent of the Company's receivables are tied directly to contracts awarded by the City. In 2021, approximately 10 percent of the Company's gross revenues and 11 percent of the Company's receivables are tied directly to contracts awarded by the Texas Department of Transportation.

Note 19. Economic Dependency and Concentration of Credit Risk

In 2022 and 2021, the Company's revenue was substantially all made on credit to various federal, state and municipal institutions in San Antonio, Texas, and the surrounding areas. The Company evaluates credit risks on an individual basis before extending credit to its customers. The Company estimates an allowance for doubtful accounts based upon the creditworthiness of its customers, as well as general economic conditions. Consequently, an adverse change in those factors could affect the Company's estimate of its bad debts. Management believes the Company has recognized all losses on uncollectible accounts.

The Company maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts that, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. Accounts are guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to a maximum of \$250,000. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts.

Note 20. Employee Benefit Plans

The Company has a 401(k) employees' profit sharing plan covering substantially all its employees. Company contributions to the plan are at the discretion of the Board of Directors, but may not exceed the maximum allowable deduction permitted under the Internal Revenue Code at the time of contribution. Company matching contributions totaled approximately \$5,000 and \$3,000 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and are included in accrued expenses.

On January 1, 2020, the Company established a deferred compensation agreement with certain key members of management. The Board of Directors will allocate an amount each year to the plan at their discretion. To vest in the allocated amounts, the participants must remain in continuous full-time employment through vesting dates. Vested amounts are payable in five annual installments beginning in the year following full vesting and are paid from the general assets of the Company. Total expense recognized for the year ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, was approximately \$161,000 and \$119,000, respectively, and covered 10 employees. The present value of the unpaid gross value at a discount rate of 7.50% has been recorded as a long-term liability in the consolidated financial statements.





Independent Auditor's Report on the Supplementary Information

To the Stockholders E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc and Subsidiaries

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc and Subsidiaries as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and have issued our report thereon, dated February 17, 2023, which contains an unmodified conclusion on those consolidated financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the consolidated financials statements as a whole.

The supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the consolidated financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements. The supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audits of the consolidated financial statements and we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the supplementary information. We have not audited the supplementary information and do not express an opinion on such information.

Slattery Perkins Ramirez P.C.

San Antonio, TX

February 17, 2023

E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Consolidating Balance Sheet
December 31, 2022
See Independent Auditor's Report on the Supplementary Information

Total assets	Other assets Investment in 811 El Monte, LLC Investment in Hill Country Bridge, Inc. Due from stockholders Deposits Cash value of life insurance Goodwill Investment in captive insurance company Total other assets	Property and equipment, net Finance lease right-of-use assets, net	Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts Retainage receivable - Conditional Related-party note receivable Prepaid expenses and other	Current assets Cash Investments Receivables Contracts receivable Retainage receivable Contract assets:	Assets
\$ 11,278,616	2,642,483 - - - - 24,900 2,667,383	6,611,233		\$ 1,935,859 6,675,374	E-Z Bel Holdings,
\$ 24,301,890	118,818 172,318 91,200 909,429 - 20,100 1,311,865	3,115,422 2,815,642 5,931,064	861,184 3,242,721 40,391 579,716	\$ 4,059,378 563,099 7,452,378 260,094	E-Z Bel Construction, LLC
\$ 111,198		72,597	555	\$ 38,046	811 El Monte, LLC
\$ 3,287,848	608,940	1,530,495 1,530,495 1,530,495	32,859 1,058 68,249	\$ 242,345 - 803,902	Hill Country Bridge, Inc.
\$ (2,803,305)	(118,818) (2,642,483) - - - (2,761,301)		(42,004)	↔	Eliminations
\$ 36,176,247	172,318 91,200 909,429 608,940 45,000 1,826,887	4,718,514 2,815,642 7,534,156	894,043 3,242,721 647,965	\$ 6,275,628 7,238,473 8,256,280 260,094	Consolidated Total

E-Z Bet Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Consolidating Balance Sheet
December 31, 2022
See Independent Auditor's Report on the Supplementary Information

Ing-term liabilities 2,497,118 594,108 - - Long-term debt, less current maturities 2,497,118 594,108 - - Long-term portion of right-of-use finance lease liabilities 1,748,799 - - - Related party note payable Deferred compensation plan payable - 358,590 - - - Total long-term liabilities 7,485,941 2,701,497 - - - Ockholders' equity 2,653,260 8,608,245 107,844 2,642,483 (2,76	Current liabilities Current maturities of long-term debt Current portion of right-of-use finance lease liabilities Current portion of related party note payable Accounts payable Trade Retainage payable Accrued expenses Accrued job loss State income taxes payable Contract liabilities: Billings in excess of costs and earnings on uncompleted contracts Retainage payable - Conditional Total current liabilities	# E-Z Be!	E-Z Be! Holdings, Inc. \$ 594,731 544,684	G Cons	\$ 421,336 798,185 5,037,416 133,706 348,928 134,422 35,812 5,435,733 646,610 12,992,148	ф ф	811 El Monte, LLC 3,354	φ □ ±	Hill Country Bridge, Inc. 348,667 45,092 251,606	₩ (m	(42,004)	[4]	\$ 1,016,06 798,18 544,68 133,70 394,02 134,42 134,42 35,81 5,687,33 646,61 14,738,27
5,435,733 - 251,606 646,610 12,992,148 3,354 645,365 594,108 1,748,799 2,701,497 8,608,245 107,844 2,642,483					5,037,416 133,706 348,928 134,422 35,812		ა ა		348,667 45,092 -		(42,0	04)	04)
2,497,118 594,108 - - 4,988,823 1,748,799 - - 7,485,941 2,701,497 - - 2,653,260 8,608,245 107,844 2,642,483			1,139,415		5,435,733 646,610 12,992,148	-	3,354		251,606 - 645,365		200	(42,004)	(42,004)
4,988,823 - 7,485,941 2,701,497 2,653,260 8,608,245 1,748,799 - -	e lease		2,497,118		594,108				ı			ı	1
7,485,941 2,701,497			1,988,823		1,748,799 358,590)) (1 1 (
			,485,941 2,653,260		2,701,497 8,608,245		107,844		2,642,483		(2,76	- (2,761,301)	1,301)

E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Schedule of Job Revenue and Cost Year Ended December 31, 2022 See Independent Auditor's Report on the Supplementary Information

86,407 \$	63,058,022	\$	6,528,385
50,219	45,626,002		13,524,217
'36,626 1	108,684,024		20,052,602
326,951	44,890,663		11,436,288
92,761	6,144,412		1,148,349
16,914 \$	57,648,949	\$	7,467,965
3	50,219 36,626 26,951 92,761	50,219 45,626,002 36,626 108,684,024 426,951 44,890,663 92,761 6,144,412	50,219 45,626,002 36,626 108,684,024 426,951 44,890,663 92,761 6,144,412

E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Schedule of Construction In Progress
Year Ended December 31, 2022
See Independent Accountant's Report on the Supplementary Information

	:	i				30					
\$ 646,610	\$ 5,687,339	\$3,242,721	894,043	\$ 74,379,703 \$	\$ 6,528,385	\$ 69,586,407		\$ 63,058,022	\$126,868,614	\$143,640,978	
9,058	157,709	91,204	231,213	2,863,182	338,700	2,936,686		2,597,986	4,625,369	5,471,042	Contracts under \$500,000
734	22,640	50,327		503,274	97,041	480,634	93.81	383,593	408,906	512,351	Indigo-Copper Canyon Subd
944	3,265	51,530	•	515,301	100,073	512,036	99.37	411,963	414,590	515,301	PD-De Zavala and Bristlew
657	61,104	56,910	1	569,101	87,612	507,997	89.26	420,385	470,951	569,101	Joeris TS FM1103 & Main
•	158,740	ı		531,448	84,997	372,708	55.96	287,711	514,121	666,006	TxDOT-Bexar-IH10-RWC-6382
1,948	1,085	•	•	748,676	(109,814)	747,591	99.86	857,405	858,649	748,676	CoSA MCP2 Hackberry St N
1	1	,	10,196	732,722	115,600	742,918	98.79	627,318	635,030	752,051	TXDOT Comal STP 2022 404
,			13,300	794,899	92,725	808,199	90.42	715,474	791,256	893,803	Creekside Ranch
1,853		,	4,109	875,801	150,497	879,910	67.07	729,413	1,087,594	1,311,993	TxDOTKerrSH16 0291-03-076
283	•	•	60,631	1,280,353	(260,873)	1,340,984	99.60	1,601,857	1,608,337	1,346,409	COSA-MCP2-Buena Vista
27,213	218,336	108,922		1,089,218	144,763	870,882	59.37	726,119	1,223,049	1,466,882	CPS-138 How ard Rd Substation
1	,	,	3,027	1,591,097	207,110	1,594,124	99.99	1,387,014	1,387,147	1,594,277	TxBx-San Pedro-0915-12-62
3,317		•	96,634	668,856	99,463	765,490	47.65	666,027	1,397,614	1,606,331	TxDOT-T Ctr D 0915-00-237
20,334	12,600	84,796		1,695,920	195,813	1,683,320	99.17	1,487,507	1,499,967	1,697,420	COSA-Paso Del Norte
,	267,776		1	704,193	63,443	436,417	25.58	372,974	1,457,827	1,705,803	TxDOT-Fost&CM-0915-12-693
947	118,982	21,448		214,481	16,665	95,499	5.24	78,834	1,505,560	1,823,822	PD-Borgfeld Dr - Kinder P
' '	1	,	11,457	94,830	14,608	106,287	5.49	91,679	1,668,890	1,934,817	T.C Barbarosa 0915-17-072
438	123,051	73,938		1,478,754	44,873	1,355,703	69.54	1,310,830	1,885,007	1,949,535	Sundt-Camaron St (Fox Tec
253	9,798	•	ı	427,845	95,408	418,047	21.09	322,639	1,529,972	1,982,400	TxDOT-Bexar-0016-08-043
751	210,121		1	412,520	27,708	202,399	9.73	174,691	1,794,690	2,079,347	TxDOT-Comal
,		51,357	203,793	1,027,150	196,630	1,230,943	57.42	1,034,313	1,801,339	2,143,786	TxCo-Hunter
21,038	35,047	166,743	ı	2,188,259	592,284	2,153,212	97.31	1,560,928	1,604,154	2,212,840	Embrey Partners-7600 Broadway
18,485	230,545	77,462	ı	1,549,244	180,794	1,318,699	56.34	1,137,905	2,019,534	2,340,404	CoSA Hemisfair Park StPh2
1	195,930	,	•	504,985	40,152	309,055	12.47	268,903	2,156,688	2,478,718	Gonzales Co. FM 2067
,	,		2,179	•	240	2,179	0.08	1,939	2,452,220	2,755,332	SAWS-2023 SMP Hermine Blvd
1,103	309,171	,	•	719,371	74,222	410,200	14.69	335,978	2,286,502	2,791,622	TxDOT BxRamps
	55,677	1	,	2,049,092	199,341	1,993,415	53.66	1,794,074	3,343,225	3,714,694	Lavaca Co. UA 77
	1	1	19,559	150,979	5,225	170,538	4.48	165,313	3,687,982	3,804,556	La Salle CR
16,730	230,758	115,434	,	2,308,685	337,245	2,077,927	46.46	1,740,682	3,746,354	4,472,185	COSA-Roosevelt I10-St Mary's
42,145	8,273	255,207	1	5,104,140	(479,422)	5,095,867	95.90	5,575,289	5,813,387	5,313,491	COSA-Fred Rd
109,474	37,825	295,793	•	5,915,859	269,052	5,878,034	99.36	5,608,982	5,645,076	5,915,859	COSA-Brooks City Base
134,323	9,948	343,799	ŧ	6,875,977	1,442,708	6,866,029	98.58	5,423,321	5,501,478	6,964,977	COSA-Upper Leon Creek
33,333	1,390	364,133	1	7,282,651	355,917	7,281,261	99.79	6,925,344	6,940,094	7,296,769	COSA-Barbara Dr Drainage
46,005	1	270,808	237,945	5,416,150	(281,266)	5,654,095	71.39	5,935,361	8,313,975	7,919,991	SA-N New Braunfels Ave
67,026	385,862	187,190	•	3,743,801	605,526	3,357,939	32.82	2,752,413	8,385,701	10,230,541	CoSA S Gevers St Drainage
48,444	1,224,111	381,859	ı	7,637,174	1,030,374	6,413,063	60.20	5,382,689	8,941,966	10,653,670	COSA N Main & Soledad
34,636	821,860	193,861	ı	1,938,607	177,047	1,116,747	7.10	939,700	13,242,981	15,738,061	CPS-345 How ard Rd Substation
\$ 5,138	\$ 775,735	4		\$ 2,175,108 \$	\$ 175,904	\$ 1,399,373	8.60	- 1	\$ 14,221,432	\$ 16,266,116	CoSA South Presa Street
Retainage	earnings	Retainage	billings	Billed to Date	to Date		completed	Cost to date	Costs	Amount	Project Name
Conditional		Conditional	excess of		Recognized	recognized	Percent		Estimated	Contract	
	excess of		earnings in		(Loss)	Revenue					
	Billings in		estimated		Profit						
			Costs and	1	Gross						
abilities	Contract Liabilities	Assets	Contract Assets								

E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Schedule of Completed Contracts
Year Ended December 31, 2022
See Independent Auditor's Report on the Supplementary Information

13,436,719	4	43,626,002	\$ 617,001,60	#	
3,001,243	•	8,309,304	1	·	Projects under \$500,000
138,904		378,768	517,672		Olmos Park-McCullough Ph1
123,509		400,014	523,523		Bexar Co-Capital-SH 211 P
122,228		409,457	531,685		Big Creek Ranch
72,633		462,383	535,016		CPS-Rosillo Creek LWC Rep
(55,799)		595,701	539,902		Leon Valley-Settlers Ridg
338,083		222,017	560,100		TxDOT-Bexar-IH35 PM
152,756		423,144	575,900		COSA-2021 Traffic Calming
146,064		492,003	638,067		Kerr Co.
231,494		436,606	668,100		CoSA Northwest Service Ce
256,341		575,681	832,022		CoSA Probandt Rails to Tr
71,636		773,088	844,724		Pearl-Campus Connections
243,238		613,960	857,198		CoSA MCP2 Heath & Grissom
107,779		818,580	926,359		T.Bexar-0915-12-633
187,059		762,649	949,708		T.Frio-0017-07-136
(301,158)		1,354,235	1,053,077		CoSA Bitters Rd Take Over
273,898		902,795	1,176,693		TxUv-3.0-US 90-0023-05-08
489,080		978,330	1,467,410		T.Bexar-0017-10-288
453,828		1,244,642	1,698,470		TxDOT-Bexar-VA-0915-00-23
325,286		1,516,976	1,842,262		Stotle Ranch
516,752		1,417,640	1,934,392		COSA-Applewhite @ Zarzamo
310,168		1,855,959	2,166,127		T.Uvalde-0024-02-075
1,161,420		1,080,590	2,242,010		COSA-Thomas Jefferson
1,056,756		2,102,560	3,159,316		T.Uvalde-0036-08-054
446,212		2,904,057	3,350,269		Colorado Co. US 90A
1,815,701		2,022,806	3,838,507		PD-Trinity Hildebrand Imp
335,495		4,183,220	4,518,715		Bexar-ARMA Candlemeadow
1,356,112	49	8,338,837	9,694,949 \$	\$	COSA-West Military & West
(Loss)		Revenues	Earned		Job Name
Gross Profit		Cost of	Revenues		

E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Schedules of General and Administrative Expenses Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 See Independent Auditor's Report on the Supplementary Information

	 2022	 2021
Advertising	\$ 42,518	\$ 36,539
Contributions	59,462	71,210
Deferred compensation plan	161,474	120,192
Depreciation	203,025	40,442
Dues and subscriptions	74,085	74,437
Employee benefits	132,948	57,580
Estimating expenses	2,362	823
Gas	65,340	14,164
Insurance	356,771	276,678
Lease	76,560	51,760
Maintenance and repairs-yard	284,483	75,390
Office supplies and other expense	583,299	391,190
Professional fees	409,698	484,771
Salaries:		
Bonus	533,014	511,356
401(k) contributions	5,000	2,941
Salaries	1,905,610	1,551,509
Taxes:		
Payroll	123,210	191,187
Other	60,903	50,991
Retirement expense	635,563	(1,178,838)
Telephone and utilities	84,495	67,399
Travel and entertainment	231,049	173,392
	\$ 6,030,869	\$ 3,065,113

E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Ratio analysis-Unaudited

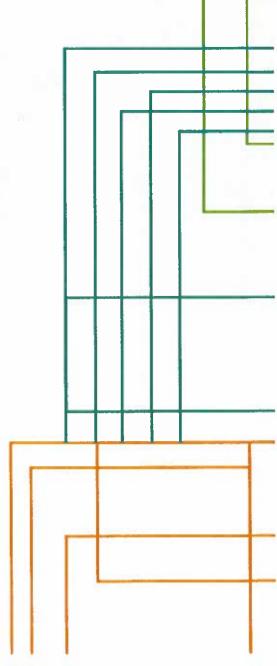
	Industry /	Average* Between \$50-					
	Southwest	\$100 Million	E-Z	Bel Holding	gs, Inc. an	d Subsidi	aries
	Region	Revenue	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Current ratio	2.10	1.70	1.82	2.27	1.81	1.43	1.26
Working capital turnover	5.50	6.60	5.39	4.44	5.91	9.89	15.13
Return on equity	24.50%	36.10%	6.13%	92.17%	69.57%	53.60%	-30.10%
Revenue on equity	3.90	4.90	3.95	3.29	4.20	4.92	5.24
Months in backlog	10.00	9.20	14.97	11.03	10.37	9.66	7.11
Debt to equity	0.90	1.20	2.22	1.48	1.35	1.36	1.69

^{*} Source: 2021 Construction Financial Management Survey, Highway Contractors

E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries

December 31, 2021 and 2020

Consolidated Financial Report and Supplementary Information (Audited)



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Stockholders E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. (formerly E-Z Bel Holdings, LLC) and Subsidiaries, which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2021; and the related consolidated statement of income, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements (collectively, the financial statements).

Other Matter

The financial statements of E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. (formerly E-Z Bel Holdings, LLC) and Subsidiaries for the year ended December 31, 2020, were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements on February 23, 2021.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries as of December 31, 2021, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

SPR R.C.

Slattery Perkins Ramirez P.C. San Antonio, TX February 15, 2022



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Stockholders E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. (formerly E-Z Bel Holdings, LLC) and Subsidiaries, which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2021; and the related consolidated statement of income, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements (collectively, the financial statements).

Other Matter

The financial statements of E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. (formerly E-Z Bel Holdings, LLC) and Subsidiaries for the year ended December 31, 2020, were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements on February 23, 2021.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries as of December 31, 2021, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

SPR R.C.

Slattery Perkins Ramirez P.C. San Antonio, TX February 15, 2022

E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Balance Sheets December 31, 2021 and 2020

	2021	2020
Assets	•	
Current assets		
Cash	\$ 6,653,699	\$ 9,764,507
Investments	7,439,642	4,608,918
Accounts receivable		
Trade	4,683,451	5,659,528
Retainage	2,820,897	2,496,743
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on		
uncompleted contracts	1,574,244	1,030,053
Related-party note receivable	202	24,364
Prepaid expenses and other	481,838	118,948
Total current assets	23,653,973	23,703,061
Property and equipment, net	5,612,433	5,948,857
Other assets		
Due from stockholders	164,754	150,634
Deposits	90,200	94,772
Cash value of life insurance	1,030,086	947,630
Investment in captive insurance company	25,000	25,000
Total other assets	1,310,040	1,218,036
Total assets	\$ 30,576,446	\$ 30,869,954

E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Balance Sheets December 31, 2021 and 2020

	2021		2020
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		•	
Current liabilities			
Current maturities of long-term debt	\$ 385,846	\$	701,609
Current portion of capitalized lease obligations	613,360		526,997
Current portion of related party note payable	523,383		_
Accounts payable			
Trade	4,639,142		5,032,140
Retainage	420,458		300,359
Accrued expenses	218,774		770,787
Employee benefit plan contribution payable	-		1,600,000
Franchise taxes payable	106,032		86,143
Billings in excess of costs and earnings on uncompleted			
contracts	2,438,159		3,032,552
Distributions	1,086,093		1,011,065
Total current liabilities	 10,431,247		13,061,652
Long-term liabilities			
Long-term debt, less current maturities	698,719		2,977,939
Long-term portion of capitalized lease obligations	1,447,490		1,607,340
Related party note payable	5,476,617		-
Deferred compensation plan payable	197,115		76,923
Total long-term liabilities	7,819,941		4,662,202
Stockholders' equity			
Common stock - \$.0.10 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized;			
1,000,000 shares issued and outstanding	10,000		-
Retained earnings	17,865,787		13,146,100
Less unearned employee stock ownership plan (ESOP) shares	(5,550,529)		-
Total stockholders' equity	12,325,258		13,146,100
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 30,576,446	\$	30,869,954

E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Income Years Ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

		2021	2020
Construction income	\$	58,769,310	\$ 55,219,616
Cost of construction		46,466,348	43,017,024
Gross profit		12,302,962	12,202,592
General and administrative expenses		(3,065,113)	(5,189,081)
Gain on disposal of equipment		97,912	133,512
Operating income		9,335,761	7,147,023
Other income (expense):			
Interest expense		(118,653)	(119,546)
Interest and dividend income		130,418	104,186
Net realized and unrealized gain on investments		232,239	252,137
Forgiveness of paycheck protection loan		2,109,000	-
Other income		164,680	362,857
Total other income, net	·	2,517,684	599,634
Income before income tax expense	_	11,853,445	 7,746,657
Franchise tax expense		114,989	 87,159
Net Income	_\$_	11,738,456	\$ 7,659,498

E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity Years Ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

	Common Stock	n Stock	Member/ Stockholders'	Unearn	Unearned ESOP	
	Shares	Amount	Equity	Shares	Amount	Total
Balance at December 31, 2019	ı	€9	\$ 8,874,208		⇔	\$ 8,874,208
Distributions	ı	•	(3,387,606)		ı	(3,387,606)
Net income	1	•	7,659,498	1	1	7,659,498
Balance at December 31, 2020		'	13,146,100	' !	•	13,146,100
Conversion from LLC to Corporation	1,000,000	10,000	(10,000)		ı	•
Shares sold to ESOP	1	•	•	200,000	(6,000,000)	(6,000,000)
Release of shares in suspense		•		(14,982)	449,471	449,471
Distributions	1	1	(6,924,868)	•	•	(6,924,868)
Change in fair value of shares released		•	(83,901)	•		(83,901)
Net income	•		11,738,456	1	•	11,738,456
Balance at December 31, 2021	1,000,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 17,865,787	185,018	\$ (5,550,529)	\$ 12,325,258

E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operations: ESOP compensation expense 365,570 - Depreciation and amortization 1,773,428 1,603,92* Gain on disposal of equipment (97,912) (133,512* Forgiveness of paycheck protection program loan (2,109,000) - Changes in operating assets and liabilities: Investments (335,212) 496,81* Accounts receivable 651,923 (3,202,52* Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on incomplete contracts (544,191) (540,90* Prepaid expenses (362,890) 93,30* Deposits (4,572 (4,57* Cash surrender value of life insurance (67,086) - Accounts payable and accrued expenses (2,304,720) 2,767,956* State franchise taxes payable 19,889 33,143* Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on incomplete contracts (594,393) 1,164,295*			2021	2020
by operations: ESOP compensation expense 365,570 - Depreciation and amortization 1,773,428 1,603,92: Gain on disposal of equipment (97,912) (133,512: Forgiveness of paycheck protection program loan (2,109,000) - Changes in operating assets and liabilities: Investments (335,212) 496,813 Accounts receivable 651,923 (3,202,523) Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on incomplete contracts (544,191) (540,903) Prepaid expenses (362,890) 93,303 Deposits 4,572 (4,573) Cash surrender value of life insurance (67,086) - Accounts payable and accrued expenses (2,304,720) 2,767,956 State franchise taxes payable Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on incomplete contracts (594,393) 1,164,298	·	\$	11,738,456	\$ 7,659,498
ESOP compensation expense 365,570 - Depreciation and amortization 1,773,428 1,603,92: Gain on disposal of equipment (97,912) (133,512 Forgiveness of paycheck protection program loan (2,109,000) - Changes in operating assets and liabilities: Investments (335,212) 496,811 Accounts receivable 651,923 (3,202,52) Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on incomplete contracts (544,191) (540,902) Prepaid expenses (362,890) 93,303 Deposits (4,572 (4,573) Cash surrender value of life insurance (67,086) - Accounts payable and accrued expenses (2,304,720) 2,767,956 State franchise taxes payable 19,889 33,143 Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on incomplete contracts (594,393) 1,164,298	Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided			
Depreciation and amortization 1,773,428 1,603,92: Gain on disposal of equipment (97,912) (133,512: Forgiveness of paycheck protection program loan (2,109,000) - Changes in operating assets and liabilities: Investments (335,212) 496,813 Accounts receivable 651,923 (3,202,523: Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on incomplete contracts (544,191) (540,902: Prepaid expenses (362,890) 93,303: Deposits (4,572: Cash surrender value of life insurance (67,086) - Accounts payable and accrued expenses (2,304,720) 2,767,956: State franchise taxes payable 19,889 33,143: Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on incomplete contracts (594,393) 1,164,293:	by operations:			
Depreciation and amortization 1,773,428 1,603,92: Gain on disposal of equipment (97,912) (133,512: Forgiveness of paycheck protection program loan (2,109,000) - Changes in operating assets and liabilities: Investments (335,212) 496,813 Accounts receivable 651,923 (3,202,523: Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on incomplete contracts (544,191) (540,902: Prepaid expenses (362,890) 93,303: Deposits (4,572: Cash surrender value of life insurance (67,086) - Accounts payable and accrued expenses (2,304,720) 2,767,956: State franchise taxes payable 19,889 33,143: Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on incomplete contracts (594,393) 1,164,293:	ESOP compensation expense		365,570	-
Forgiveness of paycheck protection program loan Changes in operating assets and liabilities: Investments Accounts receivable Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on incomplete contracts Prepaid expenses Deposits Cash surrender value of life insurance Accounts payable and accrued expenses State franchise taxes payable Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on incomplete contracts (2,109,000) 496,817 (3,202,527 (3,202,527 (3,202,527 (4,491) (540,903 4,572 (4,573 (4,573 (2,304,720) 2,767,956 State franchise taxes payable Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on incomplete contracts (594,393) 1,164,298			1,773,428	1,603,921
Changes in operating assets and liabilities: Investments (335,212) 496,817 Accounts receivable 651,923 (3,202,527) Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on incomplete contracts (544,191) (540,907) Prepaid expenses (362,890) 93,307 Deposits 4,572 (4,577) Cash surrender value of life insurance (67,086) - Accounts payable and accrued expenses (2,304,720) 2,767,956 State franchise taxes payable 19,889 33,143 Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on incomplete contracts (594,393) 1,164,298	Gain on disposal of equipment		(97,912)	(133,512)
Investments (335,212) 496,817 Accounts receivable 651,923 (3,202,527) Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on incomplete contracts (544,191) (540,902) Prepaid expenses (362,890) 93,309 Deposits 4,572 (4,572) Cash surrender value of life insurance (67,086) - Accounts payable and accrued expenses (2,304,720) 2,767,950 State franchise taxes payable 19,889 33,143 Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on incomplete contracts (594,393) 1,164,295	Forgiveness of paycheck protection program loan		(2,109,000)	-
Accounts receivable Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on incomplete contracts (544,191) (540,902) Prepaid expenses (362,890) Deposits (4,572) Cash surrender value of life insurance Accounts payable and accrued expenses (2,304,720) State franchise taxes payable Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on incomplete contracts (594,393) 1,164,298	Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on incomplete contracts (544,191) (540,902) Prepaid expenses (362,890) Deposits 4,572 Cash surrender value of life insurance (67,086) Accounts payable and accrued expenses (2,304,720) State franchise taxes payable Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on incomplete contracts (594,393) 1,164,299	Investments		(335,212)	496,817
contracts (544,191) (540,902) Prepaid expenses (362,890) 93,305 Deposits 4,572 (4,572) Cash surrender value of life insurance (67,086) - Accounts payable and accrued expenses (2,304,720) 2,767,956 State franchise taxes payable 19,889 33,143 Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on incomplete contracts (594,393) 1,164,295	Accounts receivable		651,923	(3,202,527)
Prepaid expenses (362,890) 93,309 Deposits 4,572 (4,572 Cash surrender value of life insurance (67,086) - Accounts payable and accrued expenses (2,304,720) 2,767,956 State franchise taxes payable 19,889 33,143 Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on incomplete contracts (594,393) 1,164,293	Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on incomplete	•		
Deposits 4,572 (4,572 Cash surrender value of life insurance (67,086) Accounts payable and accrued expenses (2,304,720) 2,767,956 State franchise taxes payable 19,889 33,143 Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on incomplete contracts (594,393) 1,164,298	contracts		(544,191)	(540,902)
Cash surrender value of life insurance (67,086) - Accounts payable and accrued expenses (2,304,720) 2,767,956 State franchise taxes payable 19,889 33,143 Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on incomplete contracts (594,393) 1,164,298	Prepaid expenses		(362,890)	93,309
Accounts payable and accrued expenses (2,304,720) 2,767,950 State franchise taxes payable 19,889 33,143 Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on incomplete contracts (594,393) 1,164,295	Deposits		4,572	(4,572)
State franchise taxes payable 19,889 33,143 Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on incomplete contracts (594,393) 1,164,295	Cash surrender value of life insurance		(67,086)	-
Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on incomplete contracts (594,393) 1,164,29	Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(2,304,720)	2,767,956
contracts (594,393) 1,164,295	State franchise taxes payable		19,889	33,143
	Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on incomplete	•		
Net cash provided by operating activities 8.138.434 9.937.426	contracts		(594,393)	 1,164,295
	Net cash provided by operating activities		8,138,434	9,937,426
Cash flows from investing activities	Cash flows from investing activities			
Due from stockholders, net 10,042 (120,21)	Due from stockholders, net		10,042	(120,217)
Premiums paid officers' life insurance (15,370) (250,800	Premiums paid officers' life insurance		(15,370)	(250,806)
Proceeds from disposal of equipment 210,500 343,263	Proceeds from disposal of equipment		210,500	343,263
Net purchases of investments (2,495,512) -			(2,495,512)	-
Purchase of property and equipment (1,020,753) (822,413	Purchase of property and equipment		(1,020,753)	(822,412)
Net cash used by investing activities (3,311,093) (850,173	Net cash used by investing activities		(3,311,093)	(850,172)
Cash flows from financing activities	Cash flows from financing activities			
	-		(751,382)	(860,870)
Proceeds from long-term debt 219,003 250,086	Proceeds from long-term debt		219,003	250,086
Proceeds from paycheck protection plan loan - 2,109,000	Proceeds from paycheck protection plan loan		-	2,109,000
	· ·		(555,930)	(231,066)
	Distributions			(4,376,541)
Net cash used by financing activities (7,938,149) (3,109,39	Net cash used by financing activities		(7,938,149)	(3,109,391)
Net increase (decrease) in cash (3,110,808) 5,977,86	Net increase (decrease) in cash		(3,110,808)	5,977,863
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 9,764,507 3,786,64	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		9,764,507	3,786,644
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year \$ 6,653,699 \$ 9,764,50	Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	6,653,699	\$ 9,764,507

(continued)

E-Z Bei Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

	2021	 2020
Supplemental cash flow information	 	
Cash paid for interest expense	\$ 118,653	\$ 119,546
Cash paid for state franchise taxes	95,100	13,025
Supplemental disclosures of noncash flow information		
Equipment purchased with long-term debt	46,396	196,478
Equipment acquired through capital lease obligations	482,443	1,182,711
Declared and accrued cash distributions	1,086,093	1,011,065
Forgiveness of paycheck protection program loan	2,109,000	-
Fair market value adjustment for ESOP shares released	83,901	-

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting entity and nature of operations: E-Z Bel Construction, LLC (Construction) is engaged in the heavy highway and utility construction industry and its jobs are generally awarded through a competitive bid process in which the low bidder is awarded the contract. Substantially all Construction's contracts are with federal, state and municipal institutions in San Antonio, Texas, and the surrounding areas. 811 El Monte, LLC (El Monte) is engaged in rental real estate for third parties. Both Construction and El Monte are wholly owned by E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. (collectively, the Company). In 2021, E-Z Bel Holdings, LLC converted to E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc.

Principles of consolidation: The consolidated financial statements (the financial statements) include the accounts of E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiaries Construction and El Monte. All significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

Use of estimates: The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates inherent in the accompanying consolidated financial statements include estimated costs on incomplete contracts.

Investments: Investments consist primarily of mutual funds, common stocks, municipal bonds and a money market account The fair value of substantially all investments is determined by quoted market prices. The estimated fair value of securities for which there are no quoted market prices is based on similar types of securities that are traded in the market (see Note 2). The consolidated statements of income include interest and dividend income of \$130,418 (\$104,186 in 2020) and realized and unrealized gains totaling \$232,239 (\$252,137 in 2020) for the year ended December 31, 2021, from these investments.

The investment in the captive insurance company is accounted for at the lower of cost or market due to the Company not owning a controlling interest in the investment.

Trade accounts receivable: The allowance for doubtful accounts is established as losses are estimated to have occurred through a provision for bad debts charged to earnings. Losses are charged against the allowance when management believes the uncollectibility of a receivable is confirmed. Subsequent recoveries, if any, are credited to the allowance. The allowance for doubtful accounts is evaluated on a regular basis by management and is based on historical experience and specifically identified questionable receivables. The evaluation is inherently subjective, as it requires estimates that are susceptible to significant revision as more information becomes available.

At December 31, 2021 and 2020, no allowance for future bad debts has been established, as it is management's opinion that losses, if incurred, would not materially affect the financial statements.

Depreciation: Property and equipment is stated at cost. Depreciation of property and equipment is calculated on the straight-line method based on the following estimated lives: buildings–18 to 40 years, autos and trucks-five to seven years, machinery, and equipment–five to ten years and office furniture and equipment–three to ten years. Construction in progress will begin depreciating upon completion.

Impairment of long-lived assets: The Company reviews the carrying value of property and equipment for impairment whenever events and circumstances indicate the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable from the estimated future cash flows expected to result from its use and eventual disposition. In cases where undiscounted expected future cash flows are less than the carrying value, an impairment loss is recognized equal to an amount by which the carrying value exceeds the fair value of assets. The factors considered by management in performing this assessment include current operating results; trends and prospects; and the effects of obsolescence, demand, competition and other economic factors. The Company did not recognize an impairment loss during the year ended December 31, 2021 and 2020.

Cash surrender value of life insurance: The Company is beneficiary of whole life insurance policies being carried on certain officers totaling approximately \$21,068,374 and \$16,508,374 as of December 31, 2021, and 2020, respectively. The related cash surrender value of approximately \$1,030,000 is recorded as other assets in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2021 (\$947,000 in 2020).

Revenue recognition: Revenue is primarily derived from multi-year construction contracts. The Company recognizes revenue in accordance with the FASB Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, which provides a five-step model for recognizing revenue from contracts with customers as follows: identify the contract, identify performance obligations, determine the transaction price, allocate the transaction price and recognize revenue.

The Company's customers consist of general contractors working for government agencies and private customers, primarily located within the continental United States. For government contracts, future cash flows depend on the Company's ability to continue to obtain federal, state and local government contracts, and indirectly on the amount of funding available to these agencies for new and current government projects. Therefore, a portion of the Company's operations is dependent upon the level and timing of government funding. For private customers, statutory mechanics liens provide the Company relatively high priority in the event of lien foreclosures; thus, minimizing credit risk.

The Company has elected, as a practical expedient, the accounting policy under which it excludes from the transaction price taxes it collects from its customers that were assessed by a government authority on (or contemporaneous with) the entity's revenue-generating transactions with its customers. The Company therefore reports sales revenue net of sales tax.

El monte generates revenue through monthly lease rentals. The entity recognizes income from leases in accordance with ASC Topic 840, Leases. Total rental income recognized under ASC Topic 840 was approximately \$37,000 and \$35,000 for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively and is included in other income on the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Contract combination: When multiple contracts are entered into under a single master agreement (whether for construction projects or construction-related materials), management reviews the contracts to determine whether (a) the contracts are negotiated as a package with a single commercial objective, (b) the amount of consideration paid in one contract depends on the price or performance in the other contract and (c) the goods or services promised in the contracts are a single performance obligation. If one of these three conditions is met, the contracts are combined and accounted for as a single contract.

Construction contracts: The Company's construction contracts include multiple promises, which management reviews at contract inception to determine whether they represent multiple performance obligations. This review consists of determining whether promises or groups of promises are capable of being distinct within the context of the contract. Most of the Company's construction contracts are considered to have a single performance obligation because the Company provides a significant service of integrating a complex set of tasks and components into a single asset. Some contracts include multiple projects that are separately identifiable (e.g., multiple buildings or sites) or include elements not related to the design and/or building aspects of the contract. These contracts typically are considered to have multiple performance obligations even when they are part of a single contract.

When a contract has multiple performance obligations, the transaction price is allocated to each performance obligation based on estimated relative stand-alone selling prices of the goods or services at the inception of the contract. In most cases, the Company does not sell the distinct good or service on a stand-alone basis and, instead, uses its best estimate of the stand-alone selling price of each distinct good or service in the contract. The primary method used to estimate stand-alone selling price is the expected-cost-plus-a-margin approach, under which the Company forecasts its expected costs of satisfying a performance obligation and then adds an appropriate margin.

Billing practices are governed by the contract terms and generally are based on the achievement of milestones or predetermined schedules. From time to time, these terms may require the customer to make advance payments as work progresses, or could result in the Company receiving payment prior to transferring the related good or service. The period between the receipt of payment and the completion of the work to which it relates is generally one year or less. The Company has elected not to adjust consideration for the effects of financing under the practical expedient that allows an entity to ignore the effects of a significant financing component when the period between the receipt of payment and the transfer of the good or service to the customer is one year or less.

Certain construction contracts include retention provisions to provide assurance to the Company's customers that it will perform in accordance with the contract terms. These provisions could result in a period of more than a year passing between the transfer of the good or service and the receipt of payment, but are not considered to be for purposes of financing. The balances billed, but not paid by customers pursuant to these provisions, generally become due upon completion and acceptance of the project work or products by the customer. The Company has determined there were no significant financing components in its contracts during the year ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, as the intent of the retention provisions is to protect the customer rather than provide financing.

Management has concluded performance obligations related to construction contracts are satisfied over time because the Company's performance typically creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced. The Company recognizes revenue as performance obligations are satisfied and control of the promised good and/or service is transferred to the customer. The Company measures the progress toward complete satisfaction of the performance obligation(s) using an input (i.e., cost-to-cost) method. Under the cost-to-cost method, costs incurred to date are generally the best depiction of transfer of control.

Variable consideration: The transaction price is the amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods and services to the customer. The consideration promised in a contract with a customer may include both fixed amounts and variable amounts (e.g., bonuses/incentives, penalties/liquidated damages, returns) to the extent that it is probable that a significant reversal of cumulative revenue recognized will not occur when the uncertainty associated with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved. The Company estimates the amount of variable consideration at the most likely amount to which the Company expects to be entitled. The Company's estimates of variable consideration are based on its assessment of legal enforceability, anticipated performance and any other information (historical, current or forecasted) that is reasonably available.

Contract estimates and modifications: The accuracy of the Company's revenue and profit recognition in a given period depends on the accuracy of management's estimates of the cost to complete each project. There are a number of factors that can contribute to changes in estimates of contract cost and profitability. Significant factors include:

- · The completeness and accuracy of the original bid
- Costs associated with scope changes and changes from the original design
- Changes in costs of labor and/or materials, owner changes, weather, site conditions and other delays
- Subcontractor performance issues
- Changes in productivity expectations
- · The Company's ability to fully and promptly recover on contract changes
- The customer's ability to properly administer the contract

The foregoing factors, as well as the stage of completion of contracts in process and the mix of contracts at different margins, may cause fluctuations in gross profit and gross profit margin from period to period, which may have a significant impact on the financial statements. At the time an anticipated loss on a contract becomes evident, the entire amount of the estimated loss is accrued.

The Company recognizes changes in contract estimates on a cumulative catch-up basis in the period in which the changes are identified. Such changes in contract estimates can result in the recognition of revenue in a current period for performance obligations that were satisfied or partially satisfied in prior periods. For the year ended December 31, 2021, the Company recognized approximately \$1,693,000 of revenue from performance obligations satisfied (or partially satisfied) in previous periods, primarily due to changes in estimates or changes in transaction price (approximately \$1,711,000 under recognized in 2020).

Changes in contract estimates also may result in the reversal of previously recognized revenue if the current estimate differs from the previous estimate. If at any time the estimate of contract profitability indicates an anticipated loss on the contract, the Company recognizes the total loss in the period it is identified.

Subsequent to the inception of a contract, the transaction price may change for various reasons, including the executed or estimated amount of change orders, contract modifications, claims to or from customers and back-charge recoveries. On certain projects, the Company may have submitted and have pending unresolved contract modifications and claims to recover additional costs and the associated profit, if applicable, to which the Company believes it is entitled under the terms of contracts with customers. The customers or their authorized representatives may be in partial or full agreement with the modifications or affirmative claims, or may have rejected or disagree entirely or partially as to such entitlement.

Recognizing changes in the transaction price requires significant judgments of various factors including, but not limited to, dispute resolution developments and outcomes, anticipated negotiation results and the cost of resolving such matters. If the transaction price is changed and no additional distinct goods or services are added, the effect of a change in the transaction price and the measure of progress for the performance obligation to which it relates is recognized as an adjustment to revenue on a cumulative catch-up basis. When a contract is modified to deliver additional goods or services that are distinct and the increase in price of the contract is for the same amount as the stand-alone selling price of the additional goods or services included in the modification, the modification is accounted for as a separate contract.

Contract assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable are governed by the contract terms and are recorded based on contracted prices when the Company obtains an unconditional right to payment under the terms of its contracts.

Contract assets are classified on the balance sheet as costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on incomplete contracts and represent revenues recognized in excess of amounts billed or available to be billed where the right to payment is not unconditional. Retainage, included in contract assets, represents the amount withheld from billings by the Company's customers pursuant to provisions in the contracts and may not be paid to the Company until the completion of specific tasks or the completion of the project and, in some instances, for even longer periods.

Contract liabilities are classified on the balance sheet as billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on incomplete contracts and represent billings in excess of revenues recognized.

Warranties: The Company generally provides limited assurance-type warranties for work performed under its construction contracts. The warranty periods typically extend for a limited duration following substantial completion of the Company's work on a project. Historically, warranty claims have not resulted in material costs incurred. The Company does not consider these warranties to be separate performance obligations.

Contract costs: All contract costs, including those associated with change orders, unresolved contract modifications, claims to or from customers and back-charge recoveries, are recorded as incurred, and revisions to estimated total costs are reflected as soon as the obligation to perform is determined. Contract costs include all direct labor, material, subcontractors, equipment and indirect costs related to contract performance. General and administrative expenses are charged to operations as incurred. The Company recognizes revenue, but not profit, on certain significant uninstalled materials that are not specifically produced, fabricated or constructed for a project. Revenue related to these uninstalled materials is recognized when the cost is incurred (when control is transferred).

Costs to obtain contracts (pre-bid costs) that are not expected to be recovered from the customer are expensed as incurred and included in general and administrative expenses in the consolidated statement of income. Pre-bid costs that are explicitly chargeable to the customer, even if the contract is not obtained, are included in trade accounts receivable in the consolidated balance sheet.

Tax status: S corporation tax status has been elected by all of the stockholders of the corporation. An S corporation is not a taxpaying entity. Any income or operating loss arising from the activities of the company is reported, after appropriate adjustments, on the personal income tax returns of the stockholders. Because the company is not a taxpaying entity, its financial statements are different from those of taxpaying entities. Specifically, on the income statement there is no provision for income tax expense. In addition, the balance sheet does not present a liability for income taxes incurred but not yet paid as of the balance sheet date. Also, the balance sheet does not present any deferred tax assets or deferred tax liabilities that might arise from the differences between net income on the income statement and taxable income on the individual stockholders' tax returns, as well as differences between carrying values of assets and liabilities and their tax bases.

In accordance with the ASC Topic 740, management has evaluated the Company's tax position and concluded the Company has taken no uncertain tax positions that require adjustment to the financial statements.

The Company is subject to the Texas gross margin tax.

Contingencies: Certain conditions may exist as of the date the financial statements are issued, which may result in a loss to the Company, but which will only be resolved when one or more future events occur or fail to occur. The Company's management and its legal counsel assess such contingent liabilities, and such assessment inherently involves an exercise of judgment. In assessing loss contingencies related to legal proceedings that are pending against the Company or unasserted claims that may result in such proceedings, the Company's legal counsel evaluates the perceived merits of any legal proceedings or unasserted claims, as well as the perceived merits of the amount of relief sought or expected to be sought therein.

If the assessment of a contingency indicates it is probable that a material loss has been incurred and the amount of the liability can be estimated, then the estimated liability would be accrued in the Company's financial statements. If the assessment indicates a potentially material loss contingency is not probable, but is reasonably possible, or is probable, but cannot be estimated, then the nature of the contingent liability, together with an estimate of the range of possible loss, if determinable and material, would be disclosed.

Loss contingencies considered remote are generally not disclosed unless they involve guarantees, in which case the guarantees would be disclosed.

Compensated absences: Employees of the Company are entitled to paid time off depending on job classification, length of service and other factors. At December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company has employees that are both hourly and salaried. Accruals for compensated absences are evaluated periodically by management and adjusted as necessary.

Advertising and business promotion costs: Advertising and business promotion costs totaled approximately \$36,539 and \$20,509 the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and are expensed as incurred.

Reclassification: Certain reclassifications have been made within these consolidated financial statements to conform prior periods to current-year presentation.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Recent accounting pronouncements: In February 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842). The guidance in this ASU supersedes the leasing guidance in Topic 840, Leases. Under the new guidance, lessees are required to recognize lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet for all leases with terms longer than 12 months. Leases will be classified as either finance or operating, with classification affecting the pattern of expense recognition in the income statement. Throughout 2017 and 2018, the FASB issued amendments and clarification, as well as narrow scope improvements to the standard for specific issues. A modified retrospective transition approach is required. An entity may adopt the guidance either (1) retrospectively to each prior reporting period presented in the financial statements with a cumulative effect adjustment recognized at the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented or (2) retrospectively at the beginning of the period of adoption through a cumulative-effect adjustment. The Company expects to adopt the guidance retrospectively at the beginning of the period of adoption, January 1, 2022, through a cumulative-effect adjustment, and will not apply the new standard to comparative periods presented. The new standard provides a number of practical expedients. Upon adoption, the Company expects to elect all the practical expedients available. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the pending adoption of the new standard on its financial statements.

Subsequent events: The Company has evaluated subsequent events through February 15, 2022, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2. Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures

The requirements of Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures of the ASC apply to all financial instruments and all nonfinancial assets and nonfinancial liabilities that are being measured and reported on a fair value basis. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used in valuation methodologies into the following three levels.

Level 1: Inputs are unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Inputs are observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, or other inputs that can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Level 3: Inputs are unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities. Level 3 assets and liabilities include financial instruments whose value is determined using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies or other valuation techniques, as well as instruments for which the determination of fair value requires significant management judgment or estimation.

The Company determines the fair value of mutual funds, common stocks and municipal bonds based upon quoted market prices in active markets. The Company determines the value of money market funds as cash equivalents, which approximate fair value.

The following table represents assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis, as reported on the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and by level within the fair value measurement hierarchy:

Note 2. Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (Continued)

			•		•		
		Fair	Value as of D	ece	mber 31, 2021		
	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total
Mutual funds Common stocks	\$ 5,876,246 917,580	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,876,246 917,580
Municipal bonds	-		407,555		_		407,555
Money market	151,461		-		-		151,461
Other	-		-		86,800		86,800
	\$ 6,945,287	\$	407,555	\$	86,800	\$	7,439,642
		Fair	· Value as of D	ece	mber 31, 2020)	
	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total
Mutual funds	\$ 828,595	\$	_	\$	-	\$	828,595
Common stocks	771,382		-		-		771,382
Municipal bonds	-		2,796,969		-		2,796,969
Money market	 211,972		-			_	211,972
	\$ 1,811,949	\$	2,796,969	\$	-	\$	4,608,918

Note 3. Costs and Estimated Earnings on Incomplete Contracts and Backlog

Costs and estimated earnings on incomplete contracts and backlog information are as follows:

	Decer	nber 3	1
	2021	_0 =0	2020
Amended contract amount	\$ 90,005,361	\$	90,979,521
Revenue recognized to date	56,326,951		53,997,818
Uneamed contract amount—backlog	\$ 33,678,410	\$	36,981,703
Cost to date	\$ 44,890,663	\$	45,594,434
Estimated cost to complete	29,111,225		31,433,162
Estimated total cost	\$ 74,001,888	\$	77,027,596
Billings to date	\$ 57,190,866	\$	56,000,317
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on incomplete contracts	\$ 1,574,244	\$	1,030,053
Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on incomplete contracts	\$ 2,438,159	\$	3,032,552

Note 3. Costs and Estimated Earnings on Incomplete Contracts and Backlog (Continued)

Backlog represents a measure of the Company's remaining unsatisfied performance obligations and reflects the amount of revenue the Company expects to realize from work to be performed on incomplete contracts in progress at December 31, 2021, and from contractual agreements on which work has not yet commenced. At December 31, 2021, the Company's backlog totaled approximately \$54,000,000 (approximately \$48,000,000 at December 31, 2020).

Note 4. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consists of the following:

	Decem	nber 3	1
	2021		2020
Land and buildings	\$ 1,153,334	\$	865,125
Autos and trucks	4,652,184		4,340,939
Machinery and equipment	8,680,532		8,565,162
Office furniture and equipment	512,681		331,754
Construction in progress	53,850		129,977
	15,052,581		14,232,957
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	9,440,148		8,284,100
Net property and equipment	\$ 5,612,433	\$	5,948,857

Depreciation expense by major asset classification is summarized below:

	Decem	iber 3	1
	2021		2020
Buildings	\$ 143,299	\$	70,591
Autos and trucks	760,118		689,814
Machinery and equipment	845,590		802,538
Office furniture and equipment	24,421		40,978
	\$ 1,773,428	\$	1,603,921

Depreciation expense is reflected in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

	Decen	nber 3	1
	 2021		2020
Cost of construction	\$ 1,732,986	\$	1,541,486
General and administrative	40,442		62,435
	\$ 1,773,428	\$	1,603,921

Note 5. Lines of Credit

At December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company has available a \$3,000,000 line of credit at a bank. The line is secured by all accounts and equipment, bears interest at prime rate and matures May 19, 2023. At December 31, 2021 and 2020, the effective interest rate was 3.5% and 4.85%, respectively. There were no amounts outstanding on this line of credit at December 31, 2021 and 2020. The line of credit contains certain financial covenants.

At December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company has available a \$1,000,000 line of credit at a bank. The line is secured by equipment and matures September 24, 2022. At December 31, 2021 and 2020 the effective interest rate was 4.25% and 4.07%, respectively. There were no amounts outstanding on this line of credit at December 31, 2021 and 2020.

Note 6. Long-term Debt

Long-term debt consists of the following:

congressin dept consists of the following.	Monthly	Interest	Payable	Decem	ber 31
Collateral	Installment	Rate	Through	2021	2020
Commercial finance companies—		0.00% to			
machinery, equipment and vehicles	\$ 13,597	8.99%	2022-2026	\$ 501,514	\$ 548,533
Bank installment loans—machinery		0.00% to			
and equipment *	23,313	4.69%	2022-2026	583,051	3,131,015
				1,084,565	3,679,548
Less current maturities of long-term debt				385,846	701,609
Total long-term debt				\$ 698,719	\$ 2,977,939

Assets purchased with the notes above are pledged as collateral.

Aggregate maturities on long-term debt at December 31, 2021, are as follows:

Years ending December 31:

2022	\$	385,846
2023		370,455
2024		167,797
2025		122,599
2026		37,868
	\$1	1,084,565

^{*} In April 2020, the Company received \$2,109,000 from the Paycheck Protection Program (PPP), a loan designated to provide a direct incentive from small businesses to keep employees on payroll. The PPP loan was an integral component of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) that was signed into law in the United States on March 27, 2020, administered by the Small Business Administration. The loan was used for qualified business expenses and forgiven by the Small Business Administration on June 21, 2021.

Note 6. Long-term debt (Continued)

Related party debt consists of the following:

Collateral	Annual Payment	Interest Rate	Payable Through	Dec	2021
Debt to former stockholder Less current maturities of long-term debt	\$ 703,383	3.00%	2031	\$	6,000,000 523,383
Total related party note payable				\$	5,476,617
Future principal payments at December 3 Years ending December 31:	1, 2021, are	due as fol	lows:		
2022				\$	523,383
2023					539,085
2024					555,257
2025					571,915
2026					589,072
Thereafter					3,221,288
				-\$	6,000,000

Note 7. Employee Stock Ownership Plan

Effective January 1, 2020, the Company adopted an Employee Stock Ownership Plan (ESOP) that covers substantially all employees. A participant's stock account and investment account shall vest at the rate of 0% upon completion of one year of service, 20% upon completion of the second year of service, 40% upon completion of the third year of service, 60% upon completion of the fourth year of service, 80% upon completion of the fifth year of service, and 100% upon completion of the sixth year of service.

The Company makes annual contributions to the ESOP based on determinations by the Company's Board of Directors. The ESOP shares are pledged as collateral for its debt. Shares are released and allocated to active participants based on payments of the debt of the ESOP for the purchase of shares, including interest. Debt of the ESOP is recorded as unearned ESOP shares on the consolidated balance sheets. As shares are released from collateral, the Company reports compensation expense equal to the current market price of the shares. Distributions on allocated ESOP shares are recorded as a reduction of retained earnings; distributions on unallocated ESOP shares used to pay debt service are treated as contributions to the plan. Distributions on unallocated ESOP shares paid to participants or added to participant accounts are treated as compensation cost. There were approximately 14,982 shares released in 2021 with a fair value of \$365,570.

The ESOP initially acquired 200,000 shares from a stockholder for \$6,000,000 in exchange for a nonrecourse promissory note with an interest rate at 1.73% per annum. The note is payable in annual installments of \$451,753 beginning December 31, 2021 and ending December 31, 2035. The noteholder swapped this note for a subordinated note issued by the company.

There was no ESOP repurchase liability for 2020 and 2021.

Note 7. Employee Stock Ownership Plan (Continued)

The shares acquired are pledged as security for the promissory notes and will be released from such pledge as the principal of the promissory notes are reduced with cash contributions made by the Company. Participants receive an allocation of shares held in the plan as the promissory notes are reduced and additional shares are released. Allocated shares are divided among participants based on relative compensation.

The ESOP shares as of December 31, were as follows:

	De	2021
Allocated shares		-
Shares released for allocation		14,982
Unreleased shares		185,018
Total ESOP shares		200,000
Fair value of unreleased shares at December 31	\$	4,514,439

Note 8. Warrants

In 2021, the Company issued warrants associated with a note to a former stockholder to purchase up to 50,000 shares of the company in conjunction with the loan agreements described in Note 6. The exercise price of the warrants is \$25 per share and they are exercisable through August 31, 2031. The Company has accounted for the warrants as a component of debt.

Note 9. Leases

The following is a summary of leased property under capital leases, by major classes, included in property and equipment in the accompanying financial statements:

	Decer	nber	31
	2021		2020
Vehicles	\$ 3,301,981	\$	2,593,852
Less accumulated amortization	1,029,045		550,066
	\$ 2,272,936	\$	2,043,786

The Company leases machinery, equipment and office space under noncancelable operating lease agreements expiring through 2026, some of which are with a related party. Lease expense, including amounts paid to a related party, of \$447,800 and \$423,600 in 2021 and 2020, respectively, totaled \$470,180 and \$445,980 for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Note 9. Leases (Continued)

	Capital Leases	erating eases	ı	Related Party
Years ending December 31:				
2022	\$ 679,893	\$ 7,560	\$	345,600
2023	641,914	-		32,400
2024	508,825	-		32,400
2025	300,096	-		26,400
2026	70,038	-		2,200
Future minimum lease payments	2,200,766	7,560		439,000
Less amount of net minimum lease payments attributable to interest	139,916			
Present value of net minimum lease payments	2,060,850			
Less current portion of capitalized lease obligations	613,360			
Long-term portion of capitalized lease obligations	\$ 1,447,490			

Note 10. Related-Party Transactions

A deposit of approximately \$90,000 is maintained on certain leased properties. Future commitments on this related-party transaction are included in Note 8.

The Company has agreements with several of its stockholders regarding life insurance policies. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company pays the life insurance premiums, which will be repaid by the stockholders upon receipt of the death benefit or cash surrender value of the policy. The amount due from stockholders totaled approximately \$165,000 at December 31, 2021 (approximately \$151,000 in 2020).

Note 11. Insurance Matter

At December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company holds an investment in a multi-shareholder captive insurance company. The investment is recorded at cost and is classified as investment in captive insurance company on the balance sheet. The Company purchases insurance policies from the captive insurance company to manage general liability, workers' compensation and auto liability risks. The policies provide for potential retrospective premium assessments in the event claim experience for insured events exceed specified levels. Management considers estimates for retrospective premiums at each balance sheet date. Such estimates, if any, are included in accrued expenses in the accompanying balance sheets.

Note 12. Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

The Company may be involved in claims and litigation in the normal course of business. Management believes the applicable insurance coverage is adequate to cover costs of settlement and defense of such claims and litigation, if any.

Note 13. Surety Bonds

The Company, as a condition for entering into some of its construction contracts, had outstanding surety bonds as of December 31, 2021 and 2020.

Note 14. Change in accounting estimate

As of December 31, 2020, the Company estimated it would make a \$1,600,000 contribution for 2020 in 2021 to fund the newly formed ESOP. This amount was accrued in 2020 and is included in current liabilities in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2020. After issuing the Company's 2020 financial statements, the Company obtained new information which ultimately changed the estimated contributions to be made in 2021 pertaining to 2020. This change has the effect of adjusting the carrying amount of the 2020 accrued liability. Had this change in estimate not occurred, Net Income for the year ended December 31, 2020 would have been \$1,250,000 higher and Net Income for the year ended December 31, 2021 would have been \$1,250,000 lower. This change in estimate does not affect any other years.

Note 15. Major Customers

The Company performs contract work, which is acquired on a competitive bid basis, for the City of San Antonio (the City). In 2021, approximately 62 percent of the Company's gross revenues and 61 percent of the Company's receivables are tied directly to contracts awarded by the City. In 2021, approximately 10 percent of the Company's gross revenues and 11 percent of the Company's receivables are tied directly to contracts awarded by the Texas Department of Transportation.

The Company performs contract work, which is acquired on a competitive bid basis, for the City of San Antonio (the City). In 2020, approximately 61 percent of the Company's gross revenues and 33 percent of the Company's receivables are tied directly to contracts awarded by the City. In 2020, approximately 15 percent of the Company's gross revenues and 2 percent of the Company's receivables are tied directly to contracts awarded by the Texas Department of Transportation.

Note 16. Economic Dependency and Concentration of Credit Risk

In 2021 and 2020, the Company's revenue was substantially all made on credit to various federal, state and municipal institutions in San Antonio, Texas, and the surrounding areas. The Company evaluates credit risks on an individual basis before extending credit to its customers. The Company estimates an allowance for doubtful accounts based upon the creditworthiness of its customers, as well as general economic conditions. Consequently, an adverse change in those factors could affect the Company's estimate of its bad debts. Management believes the Company has recognized all losses on uncollectible accounts.

The Company maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts that, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. Accounts are guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to a maximum of \$250,000. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts.

Note 17. Employee Benefit Plans

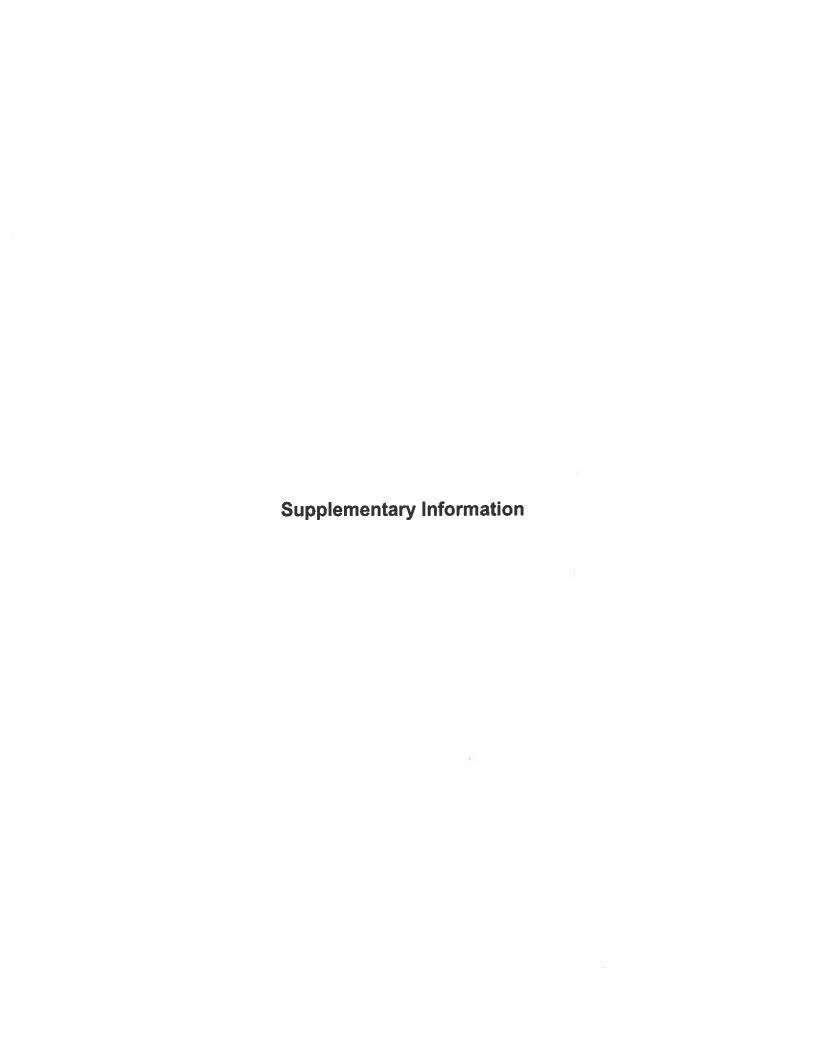
The Company has a 401(k) employees' profit sharing plan covering substantially all its employees. Company contributions to the plan are at the discretion of the Board of Directors, but may not exceed the maximum allowable deduction permitted under the Internal Revenue Code at the time of contribution. Company matching contributions totaled approximately \$3,000 and \$26,000 for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and are included in accrued expenses.

On January 1, 2020, the Company established a deferred compensation agreement with certain key members of management. The Board of Directors will allocate an amount each year to the plan at their discretion. To vest in the allocated amounts, the participants must remain in continuous full-time employment through vesting dates. Vested amounts are payable in five annual installments beginning in the year following full vesting and are paid from the general assets of the Company. Total expense recognized for the year ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, was approximately \$119,000 and \$76,000, respectively, and covered 8 employees. The present value of the unpaid gross value at a discount rate of 4.00% has been recorded as a long-term liability in the consolidated financial statements.

Note 18. Risks and Uncertainties Related to the COVID-19 Pandemic

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the coronavirus outbreak (COVID-19) a "Public Health Emergency of International Concern" and on March 11, 2020, declared COVID-19 a pandemic. Actions taken around the world to help mitigate the spread of COVID-19 include restrictions on travel, and quarantines in certain areas, and forced closures for certain types of public places and businesses. COVID-19 and actions taken to mitigate the spread of it have had and are expected to continue to have an adverse impact on the economies and financial markets of many countries, including the geographical area in which the Company operates. On March 27, 2020, the CARES Act was enacted to amongst other provisions provide emergency assistance for individuals, families and businesses affected by COVID-19.

It is unknown how long the adverse conditions associated with the coronavirus will last and what the complete financial effect will be to the Company. Additionally, it is reasonably possible that estimates made in the financial statements have been, or will be, materially and adversely impacted in the near term as a result of these conditions.





Independent Auditor's Report on the Supplementary Information

To the Stockholders E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc and Subsidiaries

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc and Subsidiaries as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and have issued our report thereon, dated February 15, 2022, which contains an unmodified conclusion on those consolidated financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the consolidated financials statements as a whole.

The supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the consolidated financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements. The supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audits of the consolidated financial statements and we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the supplementary information. We have not audited the supplementary information and do not express an opinion on such information.

SPR R.C.

Slattery Perkins Ramirez P.C. San Antonio, TX February 15, 2022

E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Consolidating Balance Sheet
December 31, 2021
See Independent Auditor's Report on the Supplementary Information

	E-Z	E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc.	Cons	E-Z Bel Construction, LLC	82	811 El Monte, LLC	•	Eliminations	δ	Consolidated Total
Assets										
Current assets										
Cash	€9	2,758,019	ь	3,831,963	€9	63,717	ક્ક	1	€9	6,653,699
Investments		7,246,890		192,752		•				7,439,642
Accounts receivable										
Trade		1		4,683,451				•		4,683,451
Retainage		1		2,820,897				1		2,820,897
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of										
billings on uncompleted contracts				1,574,244						1,574,244
Related-party note receivable		•		202				1		202
Prepaid expenses and other				481,838		1		•		481,838
Total current assets		10,004,909		13,585,347		63,717		•		23,653,973
Property and equipment, net				5,532,856		79,577		•		5,612,433
Other assets										
Investment in 811 El Monte, LLC		1		95,283		•		(95,283)		1
Due from stockholders				164,754						164,754
Deposits		•		90,200		ŧ		•		90,200
Cash value of life insurance		•		1,030,086		,		•		1,030,086
Investment in captive insurance company		24,900		100		•		,		25,000
Total other assets		24,900		1,380,423				(95,283)		1,310,040
Total assets	₩	10,029,809	69	20,498,626	49	143,294	မှာ	(95,283)	69	30,576,446

E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Consolidating Balance Sheet
December 31, 2021
See Independent Auditor's Report on the Supplementary Information

	E-Z1	E-Z Bel Holdings, Inc.	Cong	E-Z Bel Construction, LLC	œ	811 El Monte, LLC	ш	Eliminations	ဂ	Consolidated Total
Liabilities and stockholders' equity		:			i					
Current liabilities										
Current maturities of long-term debt	↔	1	↔	385,846	₩	ı	49	•	(A	385,846
Current portion of capitalized lease obligations		•		613,360		•		1		613,360
Current portion of related party note payable		523,383		•		•		1		523,383
Accounts payable										
Trade		1		4,639,142				1		4,639,142
Retainage payable		s		420,458				,		420,458
Accrued expenses		•		215,774		3,000		ı		218,774
State income taxes payable		ı		106,032				1		106,032
Billings in excess of costs and estimated										
earnings on uncompleted contracts				2,438,159		,		1		2,438,159
Distributions		1,086,093						1		1,086,093
Total current liabilities		1,609,476		8,818,771		3,000		•		10,431,247
Long -term liabilities										
Long-term debt, less current maturities		,		698,719				1		698,719
Long-term portion of capitalized lease obligations				1,447,490		•				1,447,490
Related party note payable		5,476,617		1						5,476,617
Deferred compensation plan payable		ı		197,115				,		197,115
Total long-term liabilities		5,476,617		2,343,324		•		•		7,819,941
Stockholders' equity		2,943,716		9,336,531		140,294		(95,283)		12,325,258
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	€9	10,029,809	49	20,498,626	€9	143,294	69	(95,283)	€	30,576,446